

ORGAN 40.

Compositions for the Organ

BY

E. SILAS.

	S.	D.								S.	D.
ALLEGRO MODERATO IN F										1	0
ANDANTE IN D										1	0
PRELUDE IN F MINOR										1	0
ANDANTE IN A FLAT										1	0
FANTASIA IN E MINOR										1	6
PASTORALE IN G										1	0
CANZONETTA IN E										1	0
ANDANTE IN C	}									1	0
MELODY IN C										1	0
INTRODUCTION AND FUGUE IN D										1	0
PRELUDE IN D	}									1	0
FUGUE IN C MINOR										1	0
MARCH IN B FLAT										1	0
SONATA IN F										2	6
MINUETTO IN F										1	0
FANTASIA ON "ST. ANN'S" TUNE										1	6
MELODY IN E MINOR										1	0
FANTASIA IN D MINOR. OP. 117										2	0
FANTASIA IN F MINOR. OP. 118										2	6
ANTIPHON AND INTERLUDE. OP. 119										1	6
PRELUDE AND FUGUE IN D MINOR. OP. 120										1	6
CAPRICCIO. OP. 121										1	6
ELEGY ON THEMES BY HENRY PURCELL										1	0
GRAND FUNERAL MARCH (SCHUBERT). Arranged										1	0

LONDON: NOVELLO AND COMPANY, LIMITED
AND
NOVELLO, EWER AND CO., NEW YORK.

Arranged by
Arthur W. Marchant
Mus. Bac. Oxon. F.R.C.O.

ANDANTE IN A. *Peters No. 21-*

From the Quartet in D Major.

W. A. Mozart.

MANUAL. *mp* Sw. 8 ft. Ch. Gamba

PEDAL. *soft 16 ft. comp. to Sw.*

add 4 ft. to Sw. *mf* *add 4 ft. to Ch.*

cresc. Ch.

The image displays three systems of musical notation, each consisting of three staves. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#).

- System 1:**
 - Staff 1 (Treble): Features a melodic line with a *G!* soft *sf* dynamic marking at the beginning and a *Ch. Clar.* (Chamber Clarinet) entry in the second measure.
 - Staff 2 (Piano): Accompanied by a *p* (piano) dynamic marking.
 - Staff 3 (Bass): Provides a harmonic foundation with eighth and sixteenth notes.
- System 2:**
 - Staff 1 (Treble): Continues the melodic development with a *Ch.* (Chamber) entry in the second measure and a *G!* dynamic marking in the fourth measure.
 - Staff 2 (Piano): Includes a *Ch. sf 4 ft* (Chamber soft forte 4 feet) marking in the fourth measure.
 - Staff 3 (Bass): Continues the harmonic support.
- System 3:**
 - Staff 1 (Treble): Features a *Sw. sf 4 ft* (Swamp soft forte 4 feet) marking in the second measure and a *G!* soft *sf* *coup. to Sw* (coupé to Swamp) marking at the end.
 - Staff 2 (Piano): Includes a *Ch. Clar.* entry in the second measure.
 - Staff 3 (Bass): Continues the harmonic support.

First system of a musical score. It features a grand staff with a treble and bass clef. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The music includes various melodic lines and chords. A *cresc.* (crescendo) marking is present in the middle of the system.

Second system of the musical score. It includes a grand staff. Above the staff, the text "Sw. Oboe & 4 fl. Fl." is written. The music features a *dim.* (diminuendo) marking in the first measure, followed by a *Ch. stl* (chordal staccato) marking, and then a *mp* (mezzo-piano) marking. The system concludes with a series of rapid sixteenth-note passages.

Third system of the musical score. It includes a grand staff. Above the staff, the text "Gl stl coup. to Sw." is written. The music features a *mf* (mezzo-forte) marking, followed by a *mp* (mezzo-piano) marking, and then a *f* (forte) marking. The system concludes with a *add Sw. Reeds* (add Swiss Reeds) marking.

Sw. Reeds off

Gt soft s fl coup. to Sw

Gt to Ped

Gt open Diap.

Ch. Clar. or Sft Flute

p *dolce*

Sw. s & 4 fl

Gt to Ped, off

Sw. Oboe

p Ch. Dul.

Ch. to Ped.

dim.

pp

Ch.

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FUGUE IN C MAJOR.

J. G. Albrechtsberger.

Allegro maestoso.

MANUAL.

Handwritten musical notation for the Manual part, featuring treble and bass staves. The treble staff contains the main melody with various ornaments and slurs. The bass staff provides harmonic support. A performance instruction is written below the treble staff: *G¹ Org to 16th coup. to Sw. Full*.

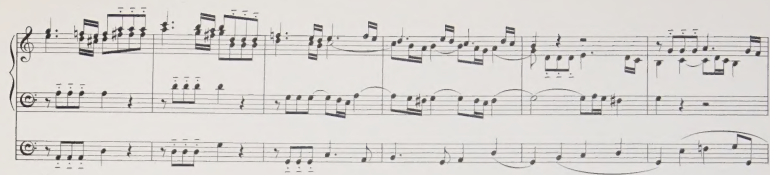
PEDAL.

Handwritten musical notation for the Pedal part, featuring a single bass staff. A performance instruction is written above the staff: *16 & 8 f¹ coup. to G¹*.

Handwritten musical notation for the first system of the fugue, featuring treble and bass staves. The treble staff contains the main melody with various ornaments and slurs. The bass staff provides harmonic support.

Handwritten musical notation for the second system of the fugue, featuring treble and bass staves. The treble staff contains the main melody with various ornaments and slurs. The bass staff provides harmonic support.

This page contains three systems of musical notation, each consisting of three staves. The first two staves of each system are joined by a brace on the left, indicating a grand staff. The third staff is positioned below the grand staff. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, accidentals, and dynamic markings. The first system shows a complex melodic line in the right hand of the grand staff, with the left hand providing a steady accompaniment. The second system continues this theme with more intricate rhythmic patterns. The third system features a more active left hand with frequent sixteenth-note passages, while the right hand maintains a melodic focus. The overall style is characteristic of late 19th or early 20th-century piano music.



The image displays three systems of musical notation for a piano and organ accompaniment. Each system consists of a grand staff (treble and bass clef) and a single bass staff for the organ.

- System 1:** The piano part features a complex, flowing melody with many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The organ part provides a steady accompaniment with eighth-note patterns.
- System 2:** This system includes performance instructions. Above the piano staff, it says *poco rall.* (piano) and *a tempo* (organ). Below the organ staff, it says *ff Full Org.* (piano) and *Full Ped* (organ). The piano part continues with its intricate melody, while the organ part has more rests.
- System 3:** The piano part concludes with a *rall.* (rallentando) instruction. The organ part continues with a steady eighth-note accompaniment.

Organ Arrangements

EDITED BY

GEORGE C. MARTIN

Organist of St. Paul's Cathedral.

ARRANGED BY

1. SLOW MOVEMENT (PIANOFOURTE QUINTET).....SCHUMANN	 G. C. MARTIN 1/6
MINUET (TWELVE MINUETS FOR ORCHESTRA).....BEETHOVEN	
2. ANDANTE (PIANOFOURTE SONATA, OP. 147).....SCHUBERT	
LARGO.....HANDEL	 G. C. MARTIN 1/6
AS PANTS THE HART ("CALVARY").....SPOHR	
AGNUS DEI (MASS IN G).....SCHUBERT	
3. OVERTURE ("ACIS AND GALATEA").....HANDEL	 G. C. MARTIN 1/-
ALBUMBLÄTTER (NO. 1).....SCHUMANN	
ADAGIO (SONATA, OP. 2, NO. 1).....BEETHOVEN	
4. THE CATS FUGUE.....SCARLATTI	 G. C. MARTIN 1/6
ALBUMBLÄTTER (NO. 5).....SCHUMANN	
ROMANZE AND SCHERZO (FOURTH SYMPHONY).....SCHUMANN	
5. AIR (OVERTURE FOR SUITE) IN D.....BACH	 G. C. MARTIN 1/6
ALLEGRO (QUARTET, OP. 18, NO. 2).....BEETHOVEN	
6. MENUETTO (PIANOFOURTE SONATA, OP. 122).....SCHUBERT	 G. C. MARTIN 1/6
7. EIA MATER ("STABAT MATER").....DVOŘÁK	 G. C. MARTIN 1/6
ROMANCE.....MOZART	
8. MINUET AND ALLEGRO.....HANDEL	 B. LUARD SELBY 1/6
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14. JUDEX ("MORS ET VITA").....GOUNOD	 JOHN E. WEST 1/-

ARRANGED BY

15. GRAND MARCH (INTRODUCTION, ACT III., "LOHENGRIN").....WAGNER	 W. CRESER 1/-
16. BRIDAL CHORUS ("LOHENGRIN").....WAGNER	 W. CRESER 1/-
17. CONCERTO GROSSO (NO. X).....CORELLI	 A. B. PLANT 1/6
18. PASSECAILLE.....COUPERIN	 JAMES SHAW 1/-
19. REPRESENTATION OF CHAOS ("THE CREATION").....HAYDN	 WILLIAM H. STOCKS 1/-
20. MODERATO (1ST MOVEMENT, SONATA, OP. 42).....SCHUBERT	 ARTHUR B. PLANT 2/-
21. ANDANTE CON MOTO (UNFINISHED SYMPHONY).....SCHUBERT	 W. A. C. CRUICKSHANK 2/-
22. SLOW MOVEMENT IN A FLAT (3RD SYMPHONY).....SCHUMANN	 W. A. C. CRUICKSHANK 1/-
23. SOLEMN MARCH ("THE BLACK KNIGHT").....E. ELGAR	 E. ELGAR 1/-
24. ANDANTE CON MOTO (SYMPHONY IN C).....SCHUBERT	 ARTHUR B. PLANT 2/-
25. OVERTURE TO THE ODE ON ST. CECILIA'S DAY.....HANDEL	 CHAS. MACPHERSON 1/6
26. LARGHETTO (SYMPHONY IN B FLAT).....SCHUMANN	 A. W. MARCHANT 1/-
27. "WARUM?".....SCHUMANN	
LIEBESLIED.....HENSELT	 A. W. MARCHANT 1/-
28. ADAGIO SOSTENUTO (QUARTET, OP. 76, NO. 1).....HAYDN	 A. W. MARCHANT 1/-
29. INTRODUCTION AND FUGUE IN E FLAT.....HESSE	 A. W. MARCHANT 1/-
30. ANDANTE IN C MINOR (QUARTET).....SPOHR	 A. W. MARCHANT 1/-
31. ANDANTE IN A (QUARTET IN D).....MOZART	 A. W. MARCHANT 1/-
32. FUGUE IN C MAJOR.....ALBRECHTSBERGER	 A. W. MARCHANT 1/-
33. MINUET (FIRST VIOLONCELLO SUITE).....BACH	
GAVOTTE IN E MINOR.....VERACINI	 A. W. MARCHANT 1/-
34. ADAGIO IN D.....MOZART	 A. W. MARCHANT 1/-
35. LA CARITA.....ROSSINI	 A. W. MARCHANT 1/-

No 33.

Price 1s. net.

LONDON & NEW YORK
NOVELLO, EWER AND CO.

MINUET

Arranged by
Arthur W. Marchant
Mus. Bac. Oxon. F. R. C. O.

From First Violoncello Suite.

J. S. Bach.

Andante moderato con espress.

G! sf! coup. to Sw. 8 & 4 ft.

MANUEL.

PEDAL.

mf

sf! coup. to G!

f

G! to 15th

mp

G! to sf!

add Prine.

cresc.

f

cresc.

G! to 15th & full Sw.

TRIO.

Ch. 8 8 4 f! coup. to Sw. Ob.

mp *tr* *Full Sw.* *mf* *f*

soft 16 f! coup. to Ch.

p

G! 8 f! *sf* *Ch poco rall.*

Tempo I.

G! 8th coup. to Sw. s 4 f!

mf

tr

16 f! coup to G!

G! to 15th

f

mp

G! to 8th

add Princ.

mf

cresc.

f

G! to 15th s full Sw.

cresc.

poco rit.

Arranged by
Arthur W. Marchant
Mus. Bac. Oxon. F.R.C.O.

GAVOTTA IN E MINOR.

F. M. Veracini.

Moderato.
G! soft 8 & 4 fl coup. to Sw. without reeds.

MANUAL. *mp* *cresc.* *ff* Full Organ.

PEDAL. *soft 16 fl coup. to G!*

soft G! *mf* *3* *Sw. to Princ.* *mp* *G! st!*

G! to Princ. *add Sw. reeds.* *f molto cresc.* *ff* Full Organ.

16 & 8 fl coup. to G!

Ch. 8 4 f! Sw. Oboe 8 4 f! Flute G! soft 8 f!

mp *p* *mp* *cresc.*

G! Diap. add Sw. reeds Full Organ Ch.

mf *cresc.* *f* *molto cresc.* *ff* *p*

add to Ch. G! soft 8 4 f!

cresc.

add to G!

crisc.

Full Organ

ff

soft G!

mf

3

3

3

Ch. 8 & 4 fl coup. to Sw.

G! to 15th

f

Full Organ

ff

molto rall.

THE ORGAN WORKS

OF
JOHN SEBASTIAN BACH,

EDITED BY

J. F. BRIDGE, MUS. DOC., OXON., AND JAMES HIGGS, MUS. BAC., OXON.

BOOK I. EIGHT SHORT PRELUDES AND FUGUES s. d. 2 6

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ADAGIO IN D MAJOR.

Arranged by
Arthur W. Marchant.
Mus. Bac. Oxon. F.R.C.O.

W. A. Mozart.

MANUAL.

Pedal.

Gl Soft 8 fl coup. to Sw.

Sw. 8 & 4 fl

cresc.

Soft 16 fl coup. to Sw.

add 16 fl Gl

add Sw. Oboe.

mp

cresc.

16 fl off

Oboe off.

2

add 161f

add Sax Oboe.

16 f off

Oboe off

6f

p

R.H.

R.H.

mf

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is presented in four systems. Each system consists of a vocal line (treble clef) and a piano accompaniment (grand staff). The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 2/4. The score includes various musical notations such as eighth notes, sixteenth notes, and rests. The piano part features complex chordal textures and arpeggiated figures. The vocal line is a simple melody. The score concludes with a 'dim.' (diminuendo) marking and a final chord.

a tempo
Ch. Clar.

Su. 8 & 4 f!

cresc.

sf! only

add soft 16 f!

G! soft 8 & 16 f!

add Sw. Oboe

First system of musical notation. The score is in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. It features three staves: Treble, Alto, and Bass. The Treble staff has a melodic line with slurs and a dynamic marking of *ff* (fortissimo) at the end. The Alto staff has a rhythmic accompaniment with chords and a dynamic marking of *p* (piano). The Bass staff has a simple bass line. A rehearsal mark "16! off" is placed above the Treble staff.

Second system of musical notation. The Treble staff continues the melodic line with a dynamic marking of *mf* (mezzo-forte). The Alto staff has a rhythmic accompaniment. The Bass staff has a simple bass line. A rehearsal mark "add 16! to G!" is placed above the Treble staff.

Third system of musical notation. The Treble staff features a melodic line with a dynamic marking of *p* (piano). The Alto staff has a rhythmic accompaniment. The Bass staff has a simple bass line. A rehearsal mark "Sw. 8 ft" is placed above the Treble staff. A dynamic marking of *pp* (pianissimo) is placed below the Treble staff. A rehearsal mark "Ch. Dul." is placed above the Treble staff. A dynamic marking of *pp* (pianissimo) is placed below the Treble staff. A rehearsal mark "Sw. stopped Diap." is placed above the Treble staff. A dynamic marking of *pp* (pianissimo) is placed below the Treble staff. A rehearsal mark "morendo" is placed above the Treble staff. A rehearsal mark "soft 16! coup. to Sw." is placed below the Treble staff.

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LA CARITA (CHARITY.)

Vocal Trio.

G. Rossini.

Arranged by
Arthur W. Marchant.
Mus. Bac. Oxon, F.R.C.O.

Andante molto.

MANUAL. *mp* *mp* *p* *pp*

PEDAL. *Soft 10 ff coup. to Sw.*

Sw. s s 4 ff s Oboe Ch. s s 4 ff 4 ff off Sw. s ff Ch. Dul.

dolce Sw. Oboe s 4 ff Flute Ch. s ff *mf* *dim.*

sempre staccato

mf *Gt soft s ff coup. to Sw.* *Gt to Ped.*

First system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef, the middle in bass clef, and the bottom in bass clef. The key signature has two flats. The music features a complex texture with many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes. A *cresc.* marking is present above the top staff in the fourth measure.

Second system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef, the middle in bass clef, and the bottom in bass clef. The key signature has two flats. The music continues with complex textures. A *dim.* marking is above the middle staff in the second measure. A *Sw. Oboe with Trem.* instruction is above the top staff in the third measure. A *Ch. Du1.* instruction is above the middle staff in the fourth measure, followed by a *p* dynamic marking. A *Ch. to Ped.* instruction is above the bottom staff in the fifth measure.

Third system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef, the middle in bass clef, and the bottom in bass clef. The key signature has two flats. The music continues with complex textures, featuring many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes.

Fourth system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef, the middle in bass clef, and the bottom in bass clef. The key signature has two flats. The music continues with complex textures, featuring many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes.

Trem. off add 4 fl Flute.

add another
sf Stop.

mf

sempre staccato

Gf soft sf coup. to Sw.

Gf to Ped.

cresc.

dim.

Gf or Ch. sf

Sw. Oboe & 4 fl Flute.

First system of musical notation, measures 1-4. The score is in 3/4 time with a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat). The right hand features a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, while the left hand provides a rhythmic accompaniment with chords and single notes.

Second system of musical notation, measures 5-8. Measure 7 includes the instruction *rit.* (ritardando). Above the staff, the text "Sw. Oboe s 4 fl Flute" is written. Below the staff, "Ch. s fl" is written. The instruction *sempre staccato* appears below the right hand in measure 8. The bottom staff has the instruction "Ch. to Ped." below it.

Third system of musical notation, measures 9-12. The right hand has a melodic line with slurs. The left hand has a rhythmic accompaniment. The instruction *mf* (mezzo-forte) is written below the left hand in measure 9, and *dim.* (diminuendo) is written above the right hand in measure 10.

Fourth system of musical notation, measures 13-16. Measure 13 includes the instruction *G1 soft s fl coup. Sw.* above the staff. The instruction *G1 to Ped.* is written below the left hand in measure 14. The right hand continues with a melodic line, and the left hand with a rhythmic accompaniment.

crusc.

Sw.
p *Ch. sff*
Gl sff coup. to Sw.
Ch. to Ped.
Gl to Ped.

Sw.
Ch.
Gl coup. to Sw.

add Sw. reeds.
add to Gl
crusc.
ff *Full Gl*

THE ORGAN WORKS OF JOHN SEBASTIAN BACH,

EDITED BY

J. F. BRIDGE, MUS. DOC., OXON., AND JAMES HIGGS, MUS. BAC., OXON.

BOOK I.

EIGHT SHORT PRELUDES AND FUGUES 2 6

In this edition much help is offered towards a correct and effective rendering of Bach's Organ Music. The distribution of the parts between the two hands is clearly shown. The notes most conveniently played by the right hand are printed on the *upper*, and those best taken by the left hand on the *lower*, of the two manual staves. The pedalling is indicated where necessary. Marks of expression and phrasing are added occasionally, and suggestions for the effective use of the organ are given throughout. The Preface contains many useful hints.

BOOK II.

PRELUDES, FUGUES, AND TRIO 3 0

The second book of the new edition of Bach's Organ Works is more advanced in point of difficulty than the first, and will be found of conspicuous interest. It includes the well-known "Giant" in D minor, the shorter Prelude and Fugue in E minor (a great favourite with Mendelssohn), and an exceedingly effective Prelude and Fugue in C minor, in addition to other less-known but important works. It is a specialty of this edition that a convenient and effective mode of performance is everywhere indicated. Appended to the preface is a suggested metronomic rate for each movement.

BOOK III.

PRELUDES, FUGUES, AND FANTASIA 3 0

The third book contains compositions of greater difficulty, it is therefore more fully fingered and marked for the pedals. It is believed Organ Students will derive the greatest possible assistance by having their attention directed from the outset to a convenient method of dealing with each difficulty as it arises. The present book includes the Fugue in B minor, on a subject from Corelli, a beautiful Prelude and Fugue in A major (most useful for obtaining command of the higher part of the Pedal-board), a Prelude and Fugue in C major, a Fantasia and Fugue in C minor, and the well-known short G minor Fugue. There is, as usual, in this Edition a Preface containing interesting particulars of the several works.

BOOK IV.

SONATAS FOR TWO MANUALS AND PEDAL 3 0

The fourth book contains the first three of the six celebrated Sonatas or Trios for two manuals and pedal. Spitta says: "These Sonatas were intended by J. S. Bach to complete the education of his eldest son, Wilhelm Friedemann, as an organist." They are invaluable as studies and very beautiful as music. In the present edition they are for the first time fingered and marked for the Pedals.

BOOK V.

SONATAS FOR TWO MANUALS AND PEDAL 3 0

The fifth book contains the last three of the six Sonatas. Those in E minor, C major, and G major. They are of exceeding value to the Student of Organ Playing. The mastery of them assuring him of that thorough independence of hands and feet so indispensable to the fully accomplished organist. As in the former book, proper fingering and pedalling is everywhere indicated. The Preface contains a detailed analysis of each movement.

BOOK VI.

PRELUDES AND FUGUES 3 0

The sixth book includes several of Bach's greatest and most popular Organ Works. (1) The Toccata in D minor, with its contrasting effects of recitativo-like passages and massive harmonies. (2) The well-known Prelude and Fugue in D major, which Spitta describes as "one of the most dazzlingly beautiful of all the master's Organ Works. . . . Skilful pedal-players will find it exactly suited to them, for the theme is quite exceptionally fitted for pedal technique." (3) The Prelude and Fugue in F minor, less known perhaps than the other contents of the book, but scarcely less beautiful, or less worthy of the student's attention. (4) The great Prelude in E flat major, together with the Fugue in three sections, known as the St. Ann's. The whole are laid out with especial regard to the convenience of the player. Necessary fingering and other marks to help to effective performance are inserted, and the Preface contains various notes and suggestions relative to the history, structure, and treatment of the several works.

BOOK VII.

PRELUDES AND FUGUES 3 0

The seventh book contains several of Bach's most masterly works. The great A minor Prelude and Fugue, the lovely B minor Prelude and Fugue, and the majestic C minor Prelude and Fugue are included together with two that are less well known—a Prelude and Fugue in C major, a brilliant work, and the Prelude and Fugue in G major (Prelude in 3-4 time). This work has perhaps suffered in popularity from the fact of its having hitherto been set out in a somewhat crowded manner, a defect that has been remedied in the present edition. Valuable suggestions are as usual given for the treatment of the several works.

BOOK VIII.

PRELUDES AND FUGUES 3 0

Bach's Organ Works, Book VIII., contains five of Bach's masterpieces—viz., Prelude and Fugue, C major (four movements); Prelude and Fugue, E minor, sometimes known as the Wedge Fugue, from the form of the subject. The G major Prelude and Fugue, a brilliant work; Prelude and Fugue, G minor, perhaps the least known of the five works, but a worthy companion of the others, and the great Fantasia and Fugue in G minor, a work of world-wide reputation. Interesting particulars of the several compositions are given in the Preface, and suggestions for performance are added.

BOOK IX.

TOCCATAS, PRELUDES, AND FUGUES 3 0

The ninth book includes the great Toccata in C major, with the unique intermediate Adagio. The Prelude and Fugue in D minor (the Fugue adapted and arranged for the Organ by Bach from the solo Violin Sonata in G minor). Prelude and Fugue in C major (Prelude in 9-8 time), one of the original "Six Grand Preludes and Fugues," and truly a grand work. The three-section Fantasia in G major; and the gigantic Toccata and Fugue in F major. These compositions unite to make the ninth book one of the most attractive of the series. The Preface draws attention to many points of interest to the student.

LONDON & NEW YORK: NOVELLO, EWER AND CO.

Arranged by
H. Davan Wetton.

TOCCATA.*

Henry Purcell.

Allegro moderato. ♩ = 92.

G¹ to Princ. coup^d to Sw. s s 4 f!

MANUAL.

PEDAL.

The musical score is written for organ, featuring a Manual and Pedal part. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is common time (C). The tempo is marked *Allegro moderato* with a quarter note equal to 92 beats per minute. The score includes various dynamic markings: *f* (forte), *p* (piano), and *ff* (fortissimo). There are also articulation marks, including accents and slurs. Performance instructions are provided throughout, such as "G¹ to Princ. coup^d to Sw. s s 4 f!", "Full Organ.", "a tempo", "molto rall.", "Reduce to Princ.", and "Full Sw. closed.". The score is divided into three systems, each with staves for the Manual and Pedal.

* From a curious and valuable M. S. Organ Book in the British Museum, containing: 8 Toccate by D^r Blow, 2 Toccate by H. Purcell, 17 Toccate (believed to be by George Holmes, pupil of D^r Blow) all for Single or Double Organ; also a very curious Organ part to Tallis' Morning Service.

12

10069

Fix Sw. Open.

add Fifteenth.

add Mixtures

Full Organ.

rall.

ff

a tempo $\text{♩} = 90.$

mf *Diap' coupé to Sw. 8 8 4 ft' (con spirito)*

First system of musical notation. The treble clef staff contains a whole note chord, followed by a half note chord, and then a half note chord with a trill (tr) over the second eighth note. The bass clef staff contains a continuous eighth-note pattern. The grand staff includes a third staff with a whole note chord. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#).

Second system of musical notation. The treble clef staff contains a continuous eighth-note pattern. The bass clef staff contains a half note chord, followed by a half note chord, and then a half note chord. The grand staff includes a third staff with a whole note chord. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#).

Third system of musical notation. The treble clef staff contains a whole note chord, followed by a half note chord, and then a half note chord. The bass clef staff contains a continuous eighth-note pattern. The grand staff includes a third staff with a whole note chord. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#).

Fourth system of musical notation. The treble clef staff contains a whole note chord, followed by a half note chord, and then a half note chord. The bass clef staff contains a continuous eighth-note pattern. The grand staff includes a third staff with a whole note chord. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#).

First system of musical notation, measures 1-3. The music is in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. The right hand features a complex, flowing melody with many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The left hand provides a steady accompaniment with eighth and sixteenth notes.

Second system of musical notation, measures 4-6. The musical texture continues with intricate right-hand passages and a more active left hand, including some triplet figures.

Third system of musical notation, measures 7-9. The right hand begins to simplify, moving towards a more melodic line. The left hand continues with a steady eighth-note accompaniment. The system concludes with a double bar line.

Fourth system of musical notation, measures 10-12. The tempo changes to *L'istesso tempo* (♩. = ♩), indicated by a new time signature of 16/8. The right hand has a more rhythmic, eighth-note pattern. The left hand features a bass line with some chromatic movement. The system ends with a double bar line.

G! to Ped.out

gradually open Sec.

First system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). It contains a melodic line with a trill (tr) and a crescendo (cresc.) marking. The middle staff is in bass clef and contains a rhythmic accompaniment. The bottom staff is in bass clef and is mostly empty, with a few notes at the end. A marking "Gl to Ped." is written below the bottom staff.

Second system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff continues the melodic line with a trill (tr). The middle staff continues the rhythmic accompaniment. The bottom staff continues the rhythmic accompaniment. A marking "Gl" is written above the middle staff.

Third system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff continues the melodic line. The middle staff continues the rhythmic accompaniment. The bottom staff continues the rhythmic accompaniment. A marking "Gl to 15th" is written above the middle staff, and a "cresc." marking is written above the bottom staff.

Fourth system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff continues the melodic line with a "dim." (diminuendo) marking. The middle staff continues the rhythmic accompaniment. The bottom staff continues the rhythmic accompaniment.

Andante con moto. ♩ = 54 7

rall.

Diaps. with Full Sw. closed *ff*

f

a tempo

Full Org. *rall.*

mf to Princ.

Tuba to Ped.

Tuba in

cresc.

Tempo primo e accel.

ff

add 15th

This musical score is for a piano piece, page 8, in the key of D major (two sharps). It consists of three systems of staves. Each system has a grand staff with a treble clef and a bass clef. The first system shows a complex melodic line in the treble and a more rhythmic accompaniment in the bass. The second system features a more active treble part with many sixteenth notes and a simpler bass line. The third system continues the melodic development in the treble and provides a steady accompaniment in the bass. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, slurs, and dynamic markings.

Moderato. (quasi Recit.)

rall.

Full Org.

rall.

Tuba to Ped.

rall.

THE ORGAN WORKS OF J. S. BACH,

EDITED BY J. F. BRIDGE, MUS. DOC., OXON., AND JAMES HIGGS, MUS. BAC., OXON.

In this, the first complete English Edition of John Sebastian Bach's Organ Works (the Chorale Preludes excepted), the distribution of the parts between the hands is, in all doubtful cases, clearly indicated by the notes that are to be performed by the right hand being printed on the upper of the two manual staves, while the notes that are to be played by the left hand will be found on the lower of the two manual staves. As far as possible care has been taken not needlessly to divide a middle part between the two hands when it can be conveniently performed by one hand continuously. The text has been carefully collated with former Editions, but generally where it differs from Griepenkerl's reading (Peters) it will be found to agree with the more recent Edition of the German Bach Society. Much thought has been given to secure convenient points for turning over, a matter of considerable importance to the performer. (See the "Great" G minor and the "St. Ann's" Fugues.) Suggestions as to the rate of performance and general treatment are given without encumbering the page with too detailed directions, and it is hoped the work in its complete form will be found a boon to the earnest Organ student.

	s.	d.		s.	d.
Book I.—EIGHT SHORT PRELUDES AND FUGUES	2	6	Book VII.—PRELUDES AND FUGUES	3	0
The eight short Preludes and Fugues in the first book are of inestimable value as an introduction to Bach's greater Organ works. Occasional marks of phrasing are added. The changes of key and time are clearly indicated, and are only made in places where the structure of the composition allows and justifies the treatment. The work is laid out for a three-manual Organ, but the several compositions may generally be performed on an instrument of two manuals.			The seventh book contains several of Bach's most masterly works. The great A minor Prelude and Fugue, the lovely B minor Prelude and Fugue, and the majestic C major Prelude and Fugue are included together with two that are less well-known—a Prelude and Fugue in C major, a brilliant work, and the Prelude and Fugue in G major (Prelude in 3-2 time). This work has perhaps suffered in popularity from the fact of its having hitherto been set out in a somewhat crowded manner, a defect that has been remedied in the present edition.		
Book II.—PRELUDES, FUGUES, AND TRIO	3	0	Book VIII.—PRELUDES AND FUGUES	3	0
The second book is more advanced in point of difficulty than the first, and will be found of conspicuous interest. It includes the well-known "Giant" in D minor, the shorter Prelude and Fugue in E minor (a great favourite with Mendelssohn), and an exceedingly effective Prelude and Fugue in C minor, in addition to other less-known but important works. It is a specialty of this edition that a convenient and effective mode of performance is everywhere indicated.			The eighth book contains five of Bach's masterpieces—viz., Prelude and Fugue, C major (four movements); Prelude and Fugue, E minor, sometimes known as the "Wedge" Fugue, from the form of the subject. The G major Prelude and Fugue, a brilliant work; Prelude and Fugue, G minor, perhaps the least known of the five works, but a worthy companion of the others, and the great Fantasia and Fugue in G minor, a work of world-wide reputation.		
Book III.—PRELUDES, FUGUES, AND FANTASIA	3	0	Book IX.—TOCCATAS, PRELUDES, AND FUGUES	3	0
The third book contains compositions of greater difficulty, it is therefore more fully fingered and marked for the pedals. It is believed Organ Students will derive the greatest possible assistance by having their attention directed from the outset to a convenient method of dealing with each difficulty as it arises. The present book includes the Fugue in B minor, on a subject from Corelli, a beautiful Prelude and Fugue in A major (most useful for obtaining command of the higher part of the Pedal-board), a Prelude and Fugue in C major, a Fantasia and Fugue in C minor, and the well-known short G minor Fugue.			The ninth book includes the great Toccata in C major, with the unique intermediate Adagio. The Prelude and Fugue in D minor (the Fugue adapted and arranged for the Organ by Bach from the solo Violin Sonata in G minor). Prelude and Fugue in C major (Prelude in 9-8 time), one of the original "Six Grand Preludes and Fugues," and truly a grand work. The three-section Fantasia in G major, and the gigantic Toccata and Fugue in F major.		
Book IV.—SONATAS FOR TWO MANUALS AND PEDAL	3	0	Book X.—TOCCATA, PRELUDES, AND FUGUES	3	0
The fourth book contains the first three of the six celebrated Sonatas or Trios for two manuals and pedal. Spitta says: "These Sonatas were intended by J. S. Bach to complete the education of his eldest son, Wilhelm Friedemann, as an organist." They are invaluable as studies and very beautiful as music. In the present edition they are for the first time fingered and marked for the Pedals.			The tenth book contains (1) The great Toccata and Fugue in D minor (<i>Dorian</i>); (2) A little known Prelude and Fugue in A minor, which, although not taking rank among Bach's greatest works, is yet of much interest (note Preface); (3) The Passacaglia and Fugue in C minor, universally regarded as one of the Master's best works, and eminently fitted to display the resources and grandeur of the Organ; (4) The Fugue in C minor on a theme by Legrenzi, with its brilliant and Fantasia-like Code; (5) A detached Prelude in A minor, which only requires to be better known to command wider appreciation than it has hitherto obtained.		
Book V.—SONATAS FOR TWO MANUALS AND PEDAL	3	0	Book XI.—FOUR CONCERTOS	3	0
The fifth book contains the last three of the six Sonatas. Those in E minor, C major, and G major. They are of exceeding value to the Student of Organ Playing. The mastery of them assuring him of that thorough independence of hands and feet so indispensable to the fully accomplished organist. As in the former book, proper fingering and pedalling is everywhere indicated. The Preface contains a detailed analysis of each movement.			The eleventh book contains Four Concertos, which are arrangements of works originally written as Violin Concertos by Vivaldi. No. 1 is in G major. No. 2 in A minor; No. 3 in C major. No. 4 in C major. The Preface contains a biographical note of Vivaldi, and a short analysis of the Concertos contained in the Number.		
Book VI.—PRELUDES AND FUGUES	3	0	Book XII.—PRELUDES, FANTASIAS, FUGUES, TRIO, &c.	3	0
The sixth book includes several of Bach's greatest and most popular Organ Works. (1) The Toccata in D minor, with its contrasting effects of recitative-like passages and massive harmonies. (2) The well-known Prelude and Fugue in D major, which Spitta describes as "one of the most dazzlingly beautiful of all the master's Organ Works." Skillful pedal-players will find it exactly suited to them, for the theme is quite exceptionally fitted for pedal technique. (3) The Prelude and Fugue in F minor, less known perhaps than the other contents of the book, but scarcely less beautiful, or less worthy of the student's attention. (4) The great Prelude in E flat major, together with the Fugue in three sections, known as the St. Ann's. The whole are laid out with especial regard to the convenience of the player.			This concluding book contains some of the less known of Bach's Organ Works, but in general attractiveness may compare not unfavourably with either of the previous books, its interest being of a very diversified character. It includes more than a dozen pieces—a brilliant Fugue in G major, 12-8, of great interest and effect; Fantasia and Fugue in A minor, a very attractive work; Fantasia with imitation, B minor, sometimes included among the clavier works, but essentially organ music; Fantasia in G major, an interesting and important work. There are also several smaller compositions (some for manual alone), as Fugues in D, G, C, and C minor, two Preludes and a Fantasia in C, a Trio, Aria, and the Pastorale in F, with other pieces associated with it after the manner of a Suite.		

LONDON & NEW YORK: NOVELLO, EWER AND CO.

Inscribed to Professor Bridge.

Prepare { Sw. to Oboe? } coupled
G! Diaps. }
Ch. Lieblich.
Ped. Full.

VOLUNTARY FOR DOUBLE ORGAN.

Arranged for the Modern Organ [†]
by W. Alcock.

Henry Purcell.

MANUALS.

69.

mf Sw.

PEDALS.

cresc.

ff

ff marcato

[†] From a M.S. in the British Museum.

The Editor has omitted the ornaments used by Purcell, e.g.  etc. etc. as being unsuited to the Modern Organ, and hopes, that in doing so, he may not be accused of want of reverence to the Composer's memory.

First system of a musical score. It features a grand staff with three staves. The top staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The middle and bottom staves have bass clefs. The music consists of a complex, fast-moving melodic line in the top staff, which is tied across the system. The middle and bottom staves provide harmonic support with chords and a few moving lines. There are some markings like (p) and (f) in the bottom staff.

Second system of the musical score. It continues the grand staff from the first system. The top staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The middle and bottom staves have bass clefs. The music includes various markings: *rall.* (rallentando) in the top staff, *Sw.* (Swell) and *dim.* (diminuendo) in the middle staff, and *a tempo* in the bottom staff. The bottom staff also has a *p* (piano) marking. The music features a mix of fast and slow passages, with some chords and single notes.

Third system of the musical score. It continues the grand staff from the second system. The top staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The middle and bottom staves have bass clefs. The music includes a marking *Ch. Lieblich.* (Character: Pleasant) in the top staff. The music features a mix of fast and slow passages, with some chords and single notes. The bottom staff has a *p* (piano) marking.

The first system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef and contains a complex, fast-moving melodic line with many beamed sixteenth notes. The middle staff is in bass clef and contains a few scattered notes, including a half note and a quarter note. The bottom staff is also in bass clef and contains a few scattered notes, including a half note and a quarter note.

The second system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef and contains a melodic line with some rests. Above the first measure of the top staff is the instruction "Cb. 8 & 4 ff". The middle staff is in bass clef and contains a melodic line with some rests. Above the first measure of the middle staff is the instruction "Cb.". Above the third measure of the middle staff is the instruction "Sw. Cornopean & 16 ff Reed". The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains a few scattered notes, including a half note and a quarter note.

The third system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef and contains a melodic line with some rests. Above the first measure of the top staff is the instruction "cresc.". The middle staff is in bass clef and contains a melodic line with some rests. Above the first measure of the middle staff is the instruction "Ch. to Ped.". The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains a few scattered notes, including a half note and a quarter note.

legato

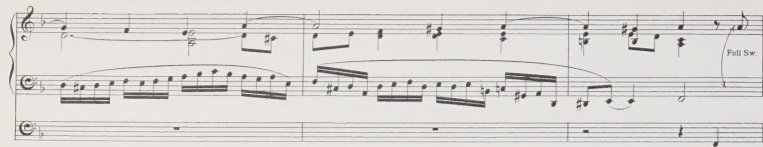
Sw, Cornopean

Ch.

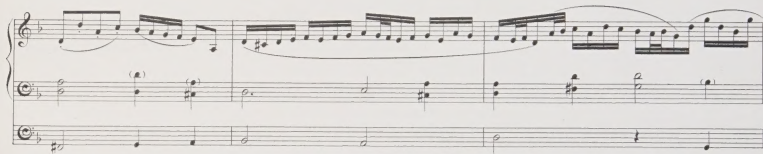
add to Sw.

Sw. to Oboe

G! to Princ.



First system of musical notation. The top staff (treble clef) contains a melody with eighth and sixteenth notes, including a triplet. The middle staff (bass clef) features a continuous sixteenth-note arpeggiated pattern. The bottom staff (bass clef) is mostly empty, with a few notes at the end. A bracket on the right side of the middle staff is labeled "Full Sw."



Second system of musical notation. The top staff (treble clef) continues the melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes. The middle staff (bass clef) has a few notes, some marked with a fermata. The bottom staff (bass clef) contains a few notes, including a half note and a quarter note.



Third system of musical notation. The top staff (treble clef) features a complex melodic line with many sixteenth notes. The middle staff (bass clef) has a few notes, some marked with a fermata. The bottom staff (bass clef) contains a few notes, including a half note and a quarter note. A bracket on the right side of the middle staff is labeled "G! 8 & 4!"

First system of musical notation. The treble clef staff contains a melody with a long note and a trill marked 'tr'. The bass clef staff features a continuous eighth-note accompaniment. The system concludes with a measure marked 'a tempo' and a 'G!' dynamic marking.

Second system of musical notation. The treble clef staff continues the melody with a trill. The bass clef staff provides a steady eighth-note accompaniment.

Third system of musical notation. The treble clef staff begins with a trill and a measure marked 'Piu mosso.' followed by 'add 15th'. The bass clef staff continues the eighth-note accompaniment.

The first system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). It contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together, and a few rests. The middle staff is in bass clef and contains a bass line with eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together, and a few rests. The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains a bass line with eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together, and a few rests.

The second system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). It contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together, and a few rests. The middle staff is in bass clef and contains a bass line with eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together, and a few rests. The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains a bass line with eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together, and a few rests. The word *cresc.* is written below the top staff. The word *Full.* is written below the middle staff.

The third system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). It contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together, and a few rests. The middle staff is in bass clef and contains a bass line with eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together, and a few rests. The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains a bass line with eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together, and a few rests. The word *rall.* is written below the top staff. The word *al* is written below the middle staff. The word *Fine.* is written below the bottom staff. The word *pomposo* is written below the bottom staff.

Prepare Organ (two Manuals only required).

Swell, soft *sff* & Oboe.

Great, soft *sff*

Pedal, soft *sf* coupled to G! & Sw.

Swell coupled to G! throughout.

FINALE FROM "SYMPHONIE PATHÉTIQUE."

(No. 6.)

Arranged by Charles Macpherson.

Adagio lamentoso. ♩ = 54.

P. Tschaikowsky, Op. 74.

MANUAL.

PEDAL.

Sw.

f largamente

mf L.H. & G!

mf L.H. & G!

G! both hands

p

affrettando

mp

cre-

- scen - do

mf

ff rall.

dim. poco a poco

Adagio poco meno che prima. ♩ = 60.

Sw.

Sw.

p

p

pp

p

f

G! soft *sff*

10113

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f *mf* *Gl both hands* *Sw.* *p* *pp*

Gl coupler off

cresc. *f* *dim.* *p* *pp*

Andante. ♩ = 76. *Sw.* *con lenezza e devozione* *pp*

add 1st *poco animando* *ritenuto*

cresc. *mf* 1st in *p*

Gl soft
8 fl Diap.

Tempo primo.

poco animando *ritenuto*

cre *scen* *da* *mf*

Tempo I.

First system of musical notation. The piano part (left) features a steady eighth-note accompaniment in the left hand and a more active melody in the right hand. The vocal part (right) enters with a melody. A bracket labeled *(ad lib.)* spans a section of the piano accompaniment.

Second system of musical notation. The piano part continues with the eighth-note accompaniment. The vocal part includes the lyrics: *cre*, *scen*, *do*, and *f*. Performance markings include *poco animando* above the piano part, *gl' sta ad lib.* above the vocal part, and *ritenuto* above the piano part. A dynamic marking of *f* (forte) is present at the end of the system.

Tempo I.

Third system of musical notation. The piano part continues with the eighth-note accompaniment. The vocal part continues with a melody. The system concludes with a final chord in the piano part.

animando

cre - - - - - scen - - - - - do *ff*

cre - - - - - scen - - - - - do *ff*

add 15th

fff

fff

fff

Più mosso. ♩ = 96.

sempre fff

stringendo

Vivace.

Without 16 fl

ff *sopra* *f* *mf* *p* *p* Sw.

Andante non tanto.

ff *Gt & fl* *Sw.* *f* *Gt* *p* *pp* *Sw.*

Gt both hands

coupler off

add to Sw.
cre - - - scen - - - do

mf *f* *ff* *mf* *mf*

ff *8 ft G!* *ff* *G!* *G! both hands, without 16 ft* *stringenda molto* *L.H.* *L.H.* *add 16 ft cre*

Sw. *mf*

scen *da* *marcato*

Moderato assai. ♩ = 88. *ff* *incalzando* *add Tromb.* *e pesante*

Andante. $\text{♩} = 80.$

riten. *fff*

dim. sempre

Trombone off

poco rallentando

f *mf* *p* *p* *pp*

Andante giusto. $\text{♩} = 76.$
(Strings muted, *f*)

Quasi Adagio.

dim. sempre *ppp* *Sw.* *f* *gl*

mp

*) This note, though not in the full score, appears in the composer's piano arrangement for four hands, and as it occurs in the same phrase 8 bars later. It has been inserted here also. C. M.

First system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Dynamics: *fz*, *gl*, *R.H. (Sw.)*.

Second system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Dynamics: *mf*, *fz*, *gl*, *Sw.*.
 10 ff only (uncoupled)

Third system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Dynamics: *R.H.*, *Change to Sw.*, *sf*.

Fourth system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Dynamics: *ritenuto*, *p*, *dim*, *in*, *u*, *en*, *do*, *ppp*.

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Book II.—PRELUDES, FUGUES, AND TRIO	3	0	Book VIII.—PRELUDES AND FUGUES	3	0
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LONDON & NEW YORK: NOVELLO, EWER AND CO.

GRAND FUNERAL MARCH.

FRANZ SCHUBERT.

ANDANTE SOSTENUTO.

MANUAL. *p* *p* *p* *f*

PEDAL. *p* *f*

Sw: *p* *f*

G¹ Org: Diapason. *p* *f*

Cres: *Sw:* *G¹ O.* *ff* *ff*

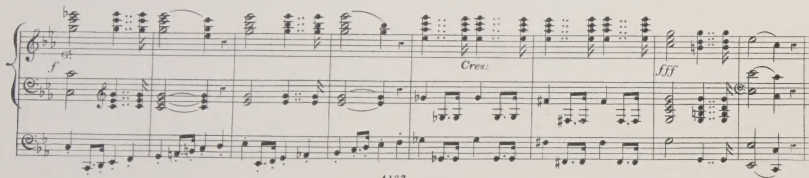
Sw: *G¹* *Sw:* *Sw:* *f* *p* *f* *p*



First system of musical notation. The score is in 3/4 time with a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat). It features a grand staff with three staves. The top staff contains complex chordal textures with many beamed sixteenth notes. The middle staff has a melodic line with some rests. The bottom staff provides a steady bass line. Dynamics include *ff* (fortissimo) at the beginning and *p* (piano) later in the system. A marking *Sw.* (Swell) is present above the middle staff.



Second system of musical notation. It continues the piece with similar textures. The top staff has a *G!* marking above it. Dynamics include *f* (forte) and *p* (piano). A *Sw.* (Swell) marking is also present.



Third system of musical notation. The texture becomes more active. Dynamics include *f* (forte), *Cres.* (Crescendo), and *fff* (fortississimo). The system concludes with a double bar line.

Sw. G^t Diap^t

p *p* *f*

Sw. *p* *ff* *Cres:* *Sw.* *p* *ff*

G^t Sw. *ff* *p* *fz* *f* *p* *p* *pp* *pp*

ff *ff* *pp* *pp*

tr. *tr.*

TRIO.

Sw:

pp

pp

Cres:

1st

2nd

p

pp

Cres:

This musical score is for a piano and orchestra. It consists of three systems of staves. The piano part is written on a grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The orchestra part is written on a single staff with a bass clef. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The time signature is 4/4. The score includes various musical notations such as chords, arpeggios, and dynamic markings. The first system starts with a piano (pp) marking and includes a crescendo (Cres:) marking. The second system includes a fortissimo (ff) marking and a crescendo (Cres:) marking. The third system includes a piano (p) marking and a decrescendo (Dim:) marking. The score ends with the text "Marcia D. C.".

pp

Cres:

pp

Cres:

ff

f

p

Dim:

Marcia D. C.

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LORD, TO THEE MY HEART I PROFFER.

(JESUS, SAVIOUR, I AM THINE.)

Arranged by
D. John D. Codner, Mus. Bac.
Organist of St David's Cathedral.

From the Passion Music (St Matthew.)
J. Sebastian Bach.

Andante con moto.

Ch. or Sw. 8 & 4 fl with Gamba or Oboe.

16 & 8 fl throughout.

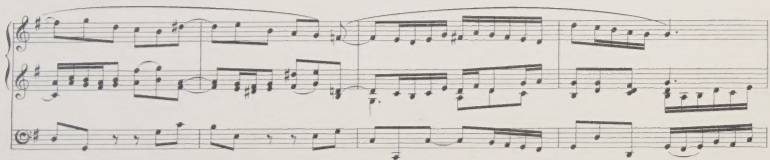
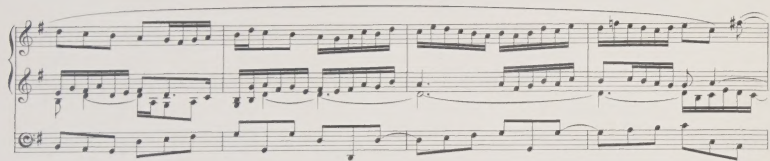
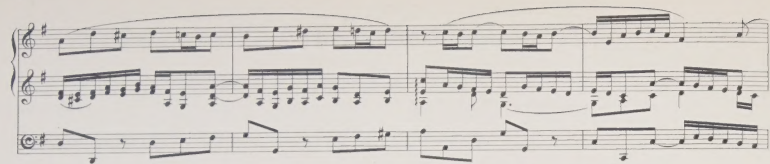
This system contains the first two staves of the musical score. The top staff is for the right hand, featuring a melodic line with a trill (tr) in the second measure. The bottom staff is for the left hand, providing a harmonic accompaniment. The key signature has one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 4/8.

Solo G^d Harmonic Flute 8 fl

R.H. L.H. R.H. L.H.

This section contains the second and third systems of the musical score. The second system continues the right and left hand parts. The third system introduces a new part for the right hand, marked 'R.H.', and a new part for the left hand, marked 'L.H.'. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

The arrangement of stops is only barely indicated, as the player will best know the resources of his own instrument.



Ch. or Sw. both hands.



The first system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and contains a series of chords and a trill marked 'tr'. The middle staff is in treble clef and contains a single note followed by a rest. The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains a series of eighth notes.

Solo G[♯] as before.

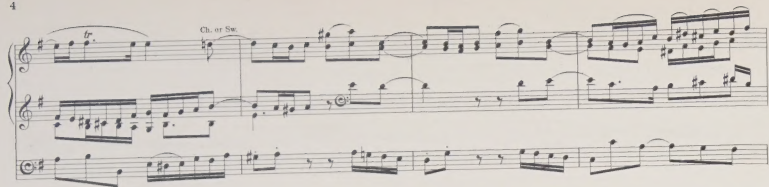
Fine.



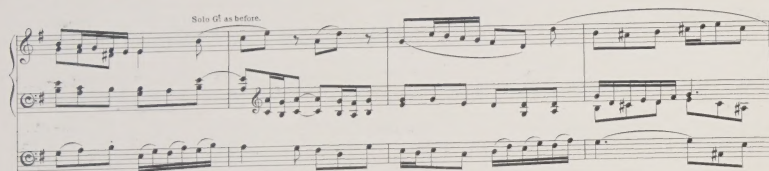
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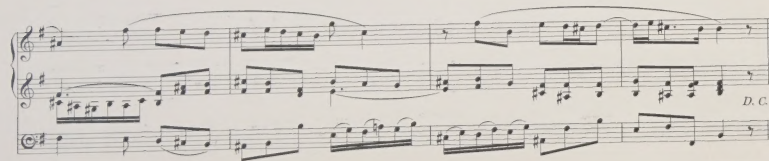
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First system of musical notation, featuring a treble and bass staff. The treble staff begins with a trill (tr) and includes the instruction "Ch. or Sw." above the staff. The music is in 2/4 time and ends with a double bar line.



Second system of musical notation, featuring a treble and bass staff. The treble staff includes the instruction "Solo G! as before." above the staff. The music is in 2/4 time and ends with a double bar line.



Third system of musical notation, featuring a treble and bass staff. The music is in 2/4 time and ends with a double bar line. The initials "D. C." are written at the end of the system.

G! 8 8 4 f!
 Sw. with Oboe.
 Ch. 8 f!
 Ped. Soft 16 f! to Ch.

ANDANTE CON MOTO.

From the Symphony in B $\flat$

9. 20. 5?

W. A. C. Cruickshank.

Franz Schubert.

MANUAL. Ch. G! 12.

PEDAL. G! to Ped.

Sw. Reeds. G! Sw. G! to Ped. in

Sw. both hands

First system of musical notation. The top staff is a grand staff (treble and bass clef) with a key signature of two flats. It contains a melodic line with a *G!* *mf* marking and a *fp* marking. The bottom staff is a grand staff with a key signature of two flats, featuring a dense, rhythmic accompaniment. A *Sw. Oboe.* marking is present above the top staff. A *Ch.* marking is present above the bottom staff. A *G! to Ped.off* marking is present below the bottom staff.

Second system of musical notation. The top staff is a grand staff with a key signature of two flats, featuring a melodic line. The bottom staff is a grand staff with a key signature of two flats, featuring a dense, rhythmic accompaniment. A *Sw. Reeds.* marking is present above the bottom staff. A *Sw. to Ped.* marking is present below the bottom staff.

Third system of musical notation. The top staff is a grand staff with a key signature of two flats, featuring a melodic line. The bottom staff is a grand staff with a key signature of two flats, featuring a dense, rhythmic accompaniment. A *Sw. reduce to Oboe & Flute 4 f!* marking is present above the top staff. A *Ch.* marking is present above the bottom staff.

First system of musical notation. The top staff (treble clef) contains a melodic line with various intervals and rests. The middle staff (bass clef) features a dense, rhythmic accompaniment consisting of many beamed sixteenth notes. The bottom staff (bass clef) has a simpler melodic line. A bracket labeled "Sw. Reeds." spans the middle and bottom staves in the third measure.

Second system of musical notation. The top staff (treble clef) continues the melodic line. The middle staff (bass clef) has a dense accompaniment. The bottom staff (bass clef) has a simpler melodic line. A bracket labeled "Gt f" is on the middle staff in the first measure. A bracket labeled "Sw. to Oboe." is on the top staff in the fourth measure. A bracket labeled "Gt to 8 & 4 fl" is on the middle staff in the fifth measure. A bracket labeled "Gt to Ped." is on the bottom staff in the first measure.

Third system of musical notation. The top staff (treble clef) continues the melodic line. The middle staff (bass clef) has a dense accompaniment. The bottom staff (bass clef) has a simpler melodic line. A bracket labeled "Ch." is on the top staff in the first measure. A bracket labeled "Sw. 16 fl" is on the middle staff in the second measure. A bracket labeled "Gt mf" is on the middle staff in the third measure. A bracket labeled "dim." is on the middle staff in the fifth measure.

Sw. in 16 ft

Ch.

Gt to Ped. off

Gt to Ped.

Sw. to Oboe.

Ch.

Sw. Reeds.

poco rall.

Gt *a tempo*

Gt to Ped. off

Gt to Ped.

coupled to Sw.

Sw. Oboe both hands
(In Sw. to Gt)

Gt w. 8 ft.

Sw. Reeds.

Gt to Ped. in

Gt to Ped.

This musical score consists of three systems, each featuring a piano accompaniment and woodwind parts. The piano part is written in a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) with a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat). The woodwind parts are written in single staves.

System 1:

- Piano:** The right hand plays a melodic line with slurs and ties. The left hand plays a steady eighth-note accompaniment. Dynamics include *mf* (mezzo-forte) and *fp* (fortissimo).
- Sw. Oboe:** Enters in the second measure with a melodic line, marked *fp*.
- Ch.** (Chorus): Enters in the third measure with a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes.

System 2:

- Piano:** Continues the melodic and accompanimental patterns.
- Sw. Reeds.:** (Swedish Reeds) enters in the fourth measure with a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes.

System 3:

- Piano:** Continues the melodic and accompanimental patterns.
- Sw. to Oboe:** (Swedish to Oboe) enters in the second measure with a melodic line.
- Ch.** (Chorus): Continues the rhythmic pattern of eighth notes.

First system of musical notation. The top staff (treble clef) contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together. The middle staff (bass clef) features a dense, rhythmic accompaniment of sixteenth notes. The bottom staff (bass clef) has a simpler melodic line with eighth notes. A bracket labeled "Sw. Reeds." spans the middle and bottom staves in the third measure.

Second system of musical notation. The top staff (treble clef) continues the melodic line, marked with a forte *f* dynamic and a glissando (*gl.*) in the first measure. The middle staff (bass clef) has a series of chords, with a glissando (*gl.*) and a 4-measure rest (*4 ft.*) in the fifth measure. The bottom staff (bass clef) continues the melodic line. A bracket labeled "Sw. p" is present in the fifth measure of the middle staff.

Third system of musical notation. The top staff (treble clef) features a melodic line with a glissando (*gl.*) in the first measure. The middle staff (bass clef) has a series of chords, with a glissando (*gl.*) and a 4-measure rest (*4 ft.*) in the second measure. The bottom staff (bass clef) continues the melodic line. A bracket labeled "Sw. Reeds." is present in the second measure of the top staff. A bracket labeled "Sw. to Oboe." is present in the third measure of the top staff. The tempo marking *poco rall.* appears in the fourth measure, and *mf a tempo* appears in the fifth measure.

Sw. Reeds.

add 4 ft.

Gl

f

dim.

cresc.

dim.

Sw. mf

p

pp

Gl to Ped. off

Gt Organ Full } coupled
 Sw. " Full }
 Ch. " with Clarinet
 Solo " Tuba
 Pedal " Full

FIRST MOVEMENT FROM THE HYMN OF PRAISE.

Arranged by W.A.C. Cruickshank.

F. Mendelssohn-Bartholdy, Op. 52.

Maestoso con moto. ♩ = 96.

MANUAL.

PEDAL.

Tuba

Gt

Tuba

Tuba

Gt

Sw. Reeds

Sw. Reeds

Gt

Tuba

sf

Gt

Full Ped.

Allegro. ♩ = 160.

G! 8 & 4 ft

Full Sw.

Sw. to Oboe

cresc.

Sw.

f add Reeds

p reduce to Oboe

f add Reeds

p reduce to Oboe

cresc. add Reeds

Gl *f* *cresc.*

Gl 8 & 4 fl

Sw. with Oboe

This system contains three staves. The top staff is a grand staff (treble and bass clef) with a piano part. The middle staff is a single staff with a woodwind part. The bottom staff is a single staff with a woodwind part. The piano part features a crescendo and a forte dynamic. The woodwind parts include a section marked 'Sw. with Oboe'.

Gl both hands

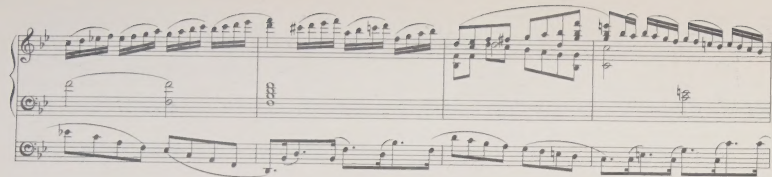
cresc.

This system contains three staves. The top staff is a grand staff with a piano part. The middle staff is a single staff with a woodwind part. The bottom staff is a single staff with a woodwind part. The piano part features a crescendo and a forte dynamic. The woodwind parts include a section marked 'Gl both hands'.

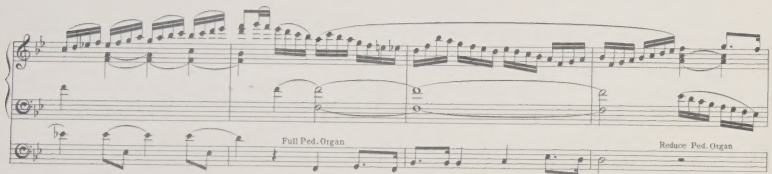
L.H.

f coupled to Full Sw.

This system contains three staves. The top staff is a grand staff with a piano part. The middle staff is a single staff with a woodwind part. The bottom staff is a single staff with a woodwind part. The piano part features a forte dynamic and a section marked 'L.H.'. The woodwind parts include a section marked '*f* coupled to Full Sw.'.



The first system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). It contains a complex melodic line with many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and several slurs. The middle staff is in bass clef and contains a few notes, mostly tied across measures. The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains a continuous melodic line with slurs.



The second system of musical notation also consists of three staves. The top staff continues the complex melodic line from the first system. The middle staff contains notes with long horizontal lines above them, indicating sustained sounds. The bottom staff contains a melodic line. The text "Full Ped. Organ" is written above the bottom staff in the middle of the system, and "Reduce Ped. Organ" is written above the bottom staff towards the end of the system.



The third system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff continues the complex melodic line. The middle staff contains a melodic line with some slurs. The bottom staff contains a few notes, mostly tied across measures.

First system of musical notation. The top staff (treble clef) features a complex melodic line with many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The middle staff (bass clef) has a rhythmic accompaniment with beamed eighth notes. The bottom staff (bass clef) contains a simple bass line. A *cresc.* marking is placed above the middle staff.

Second system of musical notation. The top staff continues the melodic line. The middle staff has a *in Sw. to G!* marking above it. The bottom staff continues the bass line.

Third system of musical notation. The top staff features a series of chords and some melodic fragments. The middle staff has a series of chords. The bottom staff has a series of chords. Markings include *Full Sw.*, *G!*, *Sw.*, *G!*, *Sw. sf*, *G! dim.*, *Sw. dim.*, *G! p*, *Sw. sft Reeds*, *Ch. Clar. p*, and *sft only to Sw.*

ritard. *a tempo*

mf cresc. *G^{tr} Diap.*

Prepare 16th to G^{tr} *mf*

This system contains three staves. The top staff is a piano part with complex chords and arpeggios. The middle staff is a string part with sustained chords. The bottom staff is a single-line part, likely for a woodwind or string, with a 'Prepare' instruction. Dynamics include *mf cresc.* and *mf*. Performance markings include *ritard.* and *a tempo*.

Sw. with Reeds

In G^{tr} to Ped.

This system continues the piano and string parts. The piano part features more arpeggiated figures. The string part has sustained chords. The bottom staff continues the single-line part with a 'Ped.' (pedal) instruction. A dynamic of *mf* is present.

Ch. Clar.

Animato. *sf*

Sw. to Oboe

This system introduces a new part for 'Ch. Clar.' (Chamber Clarinet). The piano part continues with arpeggios. The string part has sustained chords. The bottom staff has a 'Sw. to Oboe' instruction. Dynamics include *sf* and *Animato.*

Musical score system 1, measures 1-4. The system consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). It contains a melody with eighth and sixteenth notes, starting with a forte (*f*) dynamic. The middle staff is in bass clef and contains a sustained low note with a swell (*Sw.*) marking. The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. A performance instruction "G! *f* coupled to Sw." is written above the top staff at measure 3.

Musical score system 2, measures 5-8. The system consists of three staves. The top staff continues the melody from the first system, with a crescendo (*cresc.*) marking at measure 5. The middle staff continues the rhythmic pattern, also marked with a crescendo (*cresc.*) at measure 5. The bottom staff continues its rhythmic pattern. A performance instruction "G! to Ped." is written below the bottom staff at measure 7.

Musical score system 3, measures 9-12. The system consists of three staves. The top staff features a rapid sixteenth-note passage. The middle staff contains a series of chords and single notes. The bottom staff continues with a rhythmic pattern.

This page of musical notation is for a piano piece, consisting of three systems of staves. Each system includes a treble staff, a bass staff, and a lower bass staff. The notation is in a key with one flat (B-flat) and a 2/4 time signature. The first system begins with a 'Full Sw.' (Full Swell) marking and a 'R.H.' (Right Hand) label. The second system features a 'sf' (sforzando) marking and a 'L.H.' (Left Hand) label. The third system also includes a 'L.H.' label. The notation is dense with various musical symbols, including notes, rests, and dynamic markings, indicating a complex and expressive piece.

Sw. 8 fl. Reeds

(in Gt to Sw.)

This system contains three staves of music. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). It features a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together. The middle staff is in bass clef and provides harmonic support with chords and moving lines. The bottom staff is also in bass clef and contains a lower melodic line. A bracket labeled "Sw. 8 fl. Reeds" spans the middle and bottom staves. A note in the middle staff is marked with a bracket and the text "(in Gt to Sw.)".

gt *mf*

This system continues the musical piece with three staves. The top staff begins with a dynamic marking of *mf* (mezzo-forte) and a bracket labeled "gt". The middle staff continues the harmonic texture with various chords and intervals. The bottom staff features a more active melodic line with eighth notes and some grace notes.

cre -

This system concludes the page with three staves. The top staff has a melodic line that ends with a fermata. The middle staff has a sustained chordal texture. The bottom staff has a melodic line that moves downwards. A bracket labeled "cre -" is placed above the middle staff.

System 1: Treble and Bass staves. Treble staff has a melodic line with a *sf* dynamic. Bass staff has a rhythmic accompaniment. A *SCRN* (Screen) effect is indicated. A *da* vocal-like syllable is present. A *ff* (fortissimo) dynamic is marked. A *Solo Tuba* part is indicated. A *Sw.* (Swell) effect is marked. A *Sw. to Oboe* transition is indicated. A *G! sf!* (G-sharp fortissimo) dynamic is marked.

System 2: Treble and Bass staves. Treble staff has a melodic line with a *sf* dynamic. Bass staff has a rhythmic accompaniment. A *sf* dynamic is marked. A *cresc.* (crescendo) effect is indicated. A *G!* dynamic is marked. A *Sw. p* (Swell piano) effect is marked. A *cresc. -* (crescendo) effect is indicated.

System 3: Treble and Bass staves. Treble staff has a melodic line with a *G! p* (G-sharp piano) dynamic. Bass staff has a rhythmic accompaniment. A *Full Sw.* (Full Swell) effect is indicated. A *Sw. p* (Swell piano) effect is marked.

First system of musical notation. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). It contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, a *cresc.* marking, and a *sf* (sforzando) marking. The middle staff is in bass clef with a key signature of one flat, featuring a melodic line with eighth notes and a *sf* marking. The bottom staff is in bass clef with a key signature of one flat, containing a simple harmonic line with quarter notes.

Second system of musical notation. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat. It includes a *Sw. sf! Reeds* marking and a *sf* marking. A bracket indicates a change: "Reduce to Small { or Ch. sf!". The middle staff is in bass clef with a key signature of one flat, featuring a melodic line with eighth notes and a *sf* marking. The bottom staff is in bass clef with a key signature of one flat, containing a simple harmonic line with quarter notes.

Third system of musical notation. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat. It includes a *R.H.* (Right Hand) marking and a *sf* marking. A bracket indicates a change: "G! Diaps.". The middle staff is in bass clef with a key signature of one flat, featuring a melodic line with eighth notes and a *sf* marking. The bottom staff is in bass clef with a key signature of one flat, containing a simple harmonic line with quarter notes.

First system of a musical score. The top staff (treble clef) contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes. The middle staff (bass clef) contains a bass line with a long note and some eighth notes. The bottom staff (bass clef) is empty. A *cresc.* marking is present above the middle staff in the fifth measure.

Second system of a musical score. The top staff (treble clef) contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes. The middle staff (bass clef) contains a bass line with eighth notes. The bottom staff (bass clef) contains a bass line with eighth notes. A *f* marking is present below the middle staff in the second measure, and a *cresc.* marking is present above the middle staff in the fourth measure.

Third system of a musical score. The top staff (treble clef) contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes. The middle staff (bass clef) contains a bass line with eighth notes. The bottom staff (bass clef) contains a bass line with eighth notes. A *ff* marking is present below the top staff in the first measure. A *dim.* marking is present below the middle staff in the third measure. The system includes various performance instructions: *Sw. Reeds*, *G!*, *Sw.*, *G!*, *Sw. both*, *G! both*, *Sw.*, *G!*, *Sw.*, *G!*, and *Sw.*.

Oboe

dim. G! Sw. Diaps. sf

Diaps.

sf Reeds

Ch. Clar.

G! to Ped. in

Sw. Diaps. pp

Sw. Oboe

Clar. in

G! Diaps.

add 4 fl Flute

Sw. Diaps.

in 16 fl couple to Sw.

G! Diaps. coupled to Sw.

Sw. add Oboe
add 16 ft

cresc.

Full Sw.

Tuba.

(tr)

G! both hands

Full Sw. closed

Reduce G! to Diaps.
in Sw. to G!

First system of musical notation. The top staff (treble clef) contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, including a trill. The middle staff (bass clef) contains a bass line with eighth notes and a trill. The bottom staff (bass clef) contains a bass line with eighth notes. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The time signature is 4/4. The word *cresc.* appears in the top staff. The instruction *G! to Ped.* is written above the middle staff.

Second system of musical notation. The top staff (treble clef) contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes. The middle staff (bass clef) contains a bass line with eighth notes and a trill. The bottom staff (bass clef) contains a bass line with eighth notes. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The time signature is 4/4. The instruction *add 4 fl* is written above the middle staff.

Third system of musical notation. The top staff (treble clef) contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes. The middle staff (bass clef) contains a bass line with eighth notes and a trill. The bottom staff (bass clef) contains a bass line with eighth notes. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The time signature is 4/4. The instruction *in 4 fl* is written above the middle staff. The instruction *sf couple Sw. Reeds* is written above the bottom staff.

First system of musical notation. The top staff is a grand staff (treble and bass clef) with a key signature of two flats. The bottom staff is a single bass clef. The music features complex chordal textures in the upper staves and a more rhythmic, eighth-note pattern in the lower staff. A dynamic marking *sf* is present in the upper right.

Second system of musical notation. The top staff continues the grand staff. The bottom staff has a treble clef. A new instrument entry is marked: "Sw. (in Sw. to Gl)". A dynamic marking *sf* is present. The bottom staff has a treble clef.

Third system of musical notation. The top staff continues the grand staff. The bottom staff has a treble clef. A new instrument entry is marked: "Ch. Clar.". A dynamic marking *sf* is present. The bottom staff has a treble clef.

coupled to Sw.

g!

f

Sw. Reeds

couple to G!

Full Sw.

cresc.

(in G! to Ped.)

g! f

(Reduce Sw. to Oboe)

G!

G! to Ped.

First system of musical notation. The top staff (treble clef) contains a complex melodic line with many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The middle staff (bass clef) contains a simpler accompaniment with eighth and quarter notes. A dynamic marking of **8** is present in the middle staff. The bottom staff (bass clef) contains a single melodic line with eighth and quarter notes.

Second system of musical notation. The top staff (treble clef) continues the complex melodic line. The middle staff (bass clef) contains a series of chords and a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking. The bottom staff (bass clef) contains a single melodic line with eighth and quarter notes.

Third system of musical notation. The top staff (treble clef) features a series of chords with *L. H.* (Left Hand) markings. The middle staff (bass clef) contains a series of chords. The bottom staff (bass clef) contains a single melodic line with eighth and quarter notes.

First system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The middle staff is in bass clef with a key signature of one flat. The bottom staff is in bass clef with a key signature of one flat. The music features a melody in the top staff and accompaniment in the middle and bottom staves.

Second system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat. The middle staff is in bass clef with a key signature of one flat and includes the instruction "Tuba". The bottom staff is in bass clef with a key signature of one flat. The music features a melody in the top staff and accompaniment in the middle and bottom staves. Dynamics include *mf* and *cresc.*

Third system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat. The middle staff is in bass clef with a key signature of one flat and includes the instruction "f L.H.". The bottom staff is in bass clef with a key signature of one flat. The music features a melody in the top staff and accompaniment in the middle and bottom staves. Dynamics include *f*, *mf*, and *cresc.*

The image displays three systems of musical notation, likely for a piano and tuba ensemble. Each system consists of a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) and a single staff for the tuba.

System 1: The piano part features a complex, rhythmic melody in the right hand, while the left hand plays a steady, low-register accompaniment. The tuba part consists of a single, sustained note.

System 2: The piano part is marked with dynamic instructions: "Full", "Full Sw.", "G!", "Sw.", "G! ff", "ff Sw.", and "G! (Sw.)". The melody is more active, with frequent sixteenth-note passages. The tuba part is mostly silent, with a few notes appearing towards the end of the system.

System 3: The piano part continues with a similar rhythmic pattern. The tuba part is more active, with notes marked "Tuba" and "G!".

First system of musical notation. The piano part (treble and bass clef) features a complex, rhythmic accompaniment. The tuba part (bass clef) has a melodic line with a 'G!' marking. The tempo/mood is indicated as *Maestoso con moto come Imo.*

Second system of musical notation. The piano part continues with a melodic line marked *dim. molto*. The solo orchestral part (treble clef) is marked *Solo Orchestral Clar. (or Sw. Oboe) ad lib.* and *dim. pp*. The piano part has a *Ch. Clar.* marking. The tempo/mood is indicated as *Maestoso con moto come Imo.*

Third system of musical notation. The piano part features a melodic line marked *rall. al fine* and *sf*. The tuba part (bass clef) has a melodic line with a 'G! full to Sw. full' marking. The tempo/mood is indicated as *Tempo Imo.*

* N. B. This ending (in place of the previous seven bars) is suggested by the Arranger to be used, when the movement is played alone.

THE ORGAN WORKS OF J. S. BACH,

EDITED BY J. F. BRIDGE, MUS. DOCT., OXON., AND JAMES HIGGS, MUS. BAC., OXON.

In this, the first complete English Edition of John Sebastian Bach's Organ Works (the Chorale Preludes excepted), the distribution of the parts between the hands is, in all doubtful cases, clearly indicated by the notes that are to be performed by the right hand being printed on the upper of the two manual staves, while the notes that are to be played by the left hand will be found on the lower of the two manual staves. As far as possible care has been taken not needlessly to divide a middle part between the two hands when it can be conveniently performed by one hand continuously. The text has been carefully collated with former Editions, but generally where it differs from Griesenker's reading (Peters) it will be found to agree with the more recent Edition of the German Bach Society. The text thought it has been given to secure convenient points for turning over, a matter of considerable importance to the performer. (See the "Great" G minor and the "St. Ann's" Fugues.) Suggestions as to the rate of performance and general treatment are given without encumbering the page with too detailed directions, and it is hoped the work in its complete form will be found a boon to the earnest Organ student.

Book I.—EIGHT SHORT PRELUDES AND FUGUES

s. d.
2 6

The eight short Preludes and Fugues in the first book are of inestimable value as an introduction to Bach's greater Organ works. Occasional marks of phrasing are added. The changes of keyboard or registers are very simple, and are only made in places where the structure of the composition allows, and justifies the treatment. The work is laid out for a three-manual Organ, but the several compositions may generally be performed on an instrument of two manuals.

Book II.—PRELUDES, FUGUES, AND TRIO

3 0

The second book is more advanced in point of difficulty than the first, and will be found of conspicuous interest. It includes the well-known "Gloria" in D minor, the shorter Prelude and Fugue in E minor (a great favourite with Mendelssohn), and an exceedingly effective Prelude and Fugue in C minor, in addition to other less-known but important works. It is a specialty of this edition that a convenient and effective mode of performance is everywhere indicated.

Book III.—PRELUDES, FUGUES, AND FANTASIA

3 0

The third book contains compositions of greater difficulty, it is therefore more fully fingered and marked for the pedals. It is believed Organ Students will derive the greatest possible assistance by having their attention directed from the outset to a convenient method of dealing with each difficulty as it arises. The present book includes the Fugue in D minor, on a subject from Corelli, a beautiful Prelude and Fugue in A major (most useful for obtaining command of the higher part of the Pedal-board), a Prelude and Fugue in C major, a Fantasia and Fugue in C minor, and the well-known short G minor Fugue.

Book IV.—SONATAS FOR TWO MANUALS AND PEDAL

3 0

The fourth book contains the first three of the six celebrated Sonatas or Trios for two manuals and pedal. Spitta says: "These Sonatas were intended by J. S. Bach to complete the education of his eldest son, Wilhelm Friedemann, as an organist." They are invaluable as studies and very beautiful as music. In the present edition they are for the first time fingered and marked for the Pedals.

Book V.—SONATAS FOR TWO MANUALS AND PEDAL

3 0

The fifth book contains the last three of the six Sonatas. These in E minor, C major, and G major. They are of exceeding value to the Student of Organ Playing. The mastery of them assuring him of that thorough independence of hands and feet so indispensable to the fully accomplished organist. As in the former book, proper fingering and pedalling is everywhere indicated. The Preface contains a detailed analysis of each movement.

Book VI.—PRELUDES AND FUGUES

3 0

The sixth book includes several of Bach's greatest and most popular Organ Works. (1) The Toccata in D minor, with its contrasting effects of recitative-like passages and massive harmonies. (2) The well-known Prelude and Fugue in D major, which Spitta describes as "one of the most dazzlingly beautiful of all the Master's Organ Works. Skillful pedal-players will find it exactly suited to them, for the theme is quite exceptionally fitted for pedal 'kickings'." (3) The Prelude and Fugue in F minor, less known perhaps than the other contents of the book, but scarcely less beautiful, or less worthy of the student's attention. (4) The great Prelude in E flat major, together with the Fugue in three sections, known as the St. Ann's. The whole are laid out with especial regard to the convenience of the player.

Book VII.—PRELUDES AND FUGUES

s. d.
3 0

The seventh book contains several of Bach's most masterly works. The great A minor Prelude and Fugue, the lovely B minor Prelude and Fugue, and the majestic C minor Prelude and Fugue are included together with two that are less well-known—A major Prelude and Fugue in C major, a brilliant work, and the Prelude and Fugue in G major (Prelude in 3/4 time). This work has perhaps suffered in popularity from the fact of its having hitherto been set out in a somewhat crowded manner, a defect that has been remedied in the present edition.

Book VIII.—PRELUDES AND FUGUES

3 0

The eighth book contains five of Bach's masterpieces—viz., Prelude and Fugue, C major (four movements), Prelude and Fugue, E minor, sometimes known as the "Weigel" Fugue, from the form of the subject. The G major Prelude and Fugue, a brilliant work. Prelude and Fugue, G minor, perhaps the least known of the five works, but a worthy companion of the others, and the great Fantasia and Fugue in G minor, a work of world-wide reputation.

Book IX.—TOCCATAS, PRELUDES, AND FUGUES

3 0

The ninth book includes the great Toccata in C major, with the unique intermediate Adagio. The Prelude and Fugue in D minor (the Fugue adapted and arranged for the Organ by Bach from the solo Violin Sonata in G minor). Prelude and Fugue in C major (Prelude in 3/8 time), one of the original "Six Grand Preludes and Fugues," and truly a grand work. The three-section Fantasia in G major; and the gigantic Toccata and Fugue in F major.

Book X.—TOCCATA, PRELUDES, AND FUGUES

3 0

The tenth book contains (1) The great Toccata and Fugue in D minor (*Dorian*); (2) A little known Prelude and Fugue in A minor, which, although not taking rank among Bach's greatest works, is yet of much interest (*vide* Preface). (3) The Passacaglia and Fugue in C minor, universally regarded as one of the Master's best works, and eminently fitted to display the resources and grandeur of the Organ. (4) The Fugue in C minor on a theme by Legreny, with its brilliant and Fantasia-like Coda. (5) A detached Prelude in A minor, which only requires to be better known to command wider appreciation than it has hitherto obtained.

Book XI.—FOUR CONCERTOS

3 0

The eleventh book contains Four Concertos, which are arrangements of works originally written as Violon Concertos by Vivaldi. No. 1 is in G major. No. 2 in A minor. No. 3 in C major. No. 4 in C major. The Preface contains a biographical note of Vivaldi, and a short analysis of the Concertos contained in the Number.

Book XII.—PRELUDES, FANTASIAS, FUGUES, TRIO, &c.

3 0

This concluding book contains some of the less known of Bach's Organ Works, but in general attractiveness may compare not unfavourably with either of the previous books, its interest being of a very diversified character. It includes more than a dozen pieces—a brilliant Fugue in G major, 12-8, of great interest and effect; Fantasia and Fugue in A major, a very attractive work. Fantasia with Imitation, B minor, sometimes included among the clavier works, but essentially organ music; Fantasia in G major, an interesting and important work. There are also several smaller compositions (some for manual alone), as Fugues in D, G, C, and C minor, two Preludes and a Fantasia in C, a Trio, Aria, and the Pastorale in F, with other pieces associated with it after the manner of a Suite.

LONDON & NEW YORK: NOVELLO, EWER AND CO.

Organ Arrangements

EDITED BY

GEORGE C. MARTIN

Organist of St. Paul's Cathedral.

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Gt. Diaps. 8 & 16 ft!
 Sw. Reeds 8 & 16 ft!
 Ch. 8 ft!
 Ped. 16 ft (uncoupled.)

ALLEGRETTO

FROM THE "HYMN OF PRAISE" SYMPHONY

(SECOND MOVEMENT.)

F. Mendelssohn-Bartholdy, Op. 52.

Arranged by W. A. C. Cruickshank.

Allegretto un poco agitato. ♩ = 60.

MANUAL.

PEDAL.

† If the Organ has a 16 ft Reed, the large notes *only* should be played. If there is no 16 ft Reed, use 8 & 4 ft Reeds and play the *small* notes only, or the large notes an octave lower.

First system of musical notation. The system consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). It contains a melodic line with a slur over the first four measures, a 'Sw.' (Sustained) marking above the fifth measure, and a 'G1' marking above the sixth measure. The middle staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat, containing a rhythmic accompaniment. The bottom staff is in bass clef with a key signature of one flat, containing a simple bass line. A 'LH' (Left Hand) marking is placed below the middle staff in the fifth measure.

Second system of musical notation. The system consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat, featuring a melodic line with a slur over the first four measures and a 'G1' marking above the fifth measure. The middle staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat, containing a rhythmic accompaniment. The bottom staff is in bass clef with a key signature of one flat, containing a simple bass line. A 'G1 in off' marking is placed above the eighth measure of the top staff.

Third system of musical notation. The system consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat, containing a complex melodic line with many slurs and ties. The middle staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat, containing a rhythmic accompaniment. The bottom staff is in bass clef with a key signature of one flat, containing a simple bass line. A 'Sw.' (Sustained) marking is placed below the first measure of the middle staff.

Gl add 16 fl

Ch.

Sw. add 4 fl

Gl

Sw.

Gl

Sw. (in 4 fl.)

Gl

Sw. full except in fl and Mixtures

Ch.

Sw.

Gl

First system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). It contains a melodic line with various notes and rests, including a half note G1. The middle staff is in bass clef and contains a bass line with notes and rests, including a half note Cb. The bottom staff is a single bass line with notes and rests. There are labels 'Sw.' above the first and last measures of the top staff.

Second system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). It contains a melodic line with various notes and rests, including a half note G1. The middle staff is in bass clef and contains a bass line with notes and rests, including a half note Cb. The bottom staff is a single bass line with notes and rests. There are labels 'Sw.' above the first and last measures of the top staff.

Third system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). It contains a melodic line with various notes and rests, including a half note G1. The middle staff is in bass clef and contains a bass line with notes and rests, including a half note Cb. The bottom staff is a single bass line with notes and rests. There are labels 'Sw.' above the first and last measures of the top staff.

First system of musical notation. The system consists of three staves. The top staff is a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) with a key signature of one sharp (F#). It contains a melody with a grace note (G^l) and a sustained note. The middle staff is a grand staff with a key signature of one sharp, containing a melody with a grace note (G^l) and a sustained note. The bottom staff is a grand staff with a key signature of one sharp, containing a melody with a grace note (G^l) and a sustained note. The system ends with a double bar line.

Second system of musical notation. The system consists of three staves. The top staff is a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) with a key signature of one sharp (F#). It contains a melody with a grace note (G^l) and a sustained note. The middle staff is a grand staff with a key signature of one sharp, containing a melody with a grace note (G^l) and a sustained note. The bottom staff is a grand staff with a key signature of one sharp, containing a melody with a grace note (G^l) and a sustained note. The system ends with a double bar line.

Third system of musical notation. The system consists of three staves. The top staff is a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) with a key signature of one sharp (F#). It contains a melody with a grace note (G^l) and a sustained note. The middle staff is a grand staff with a key signature of one sharp, containing a melody with a grace note (G^l) and a sustained note. The bottom staff is a grand staff with a key signature of one sharp, containing a melody with a grace note (G^l) and a sustained note. The system ends with a double bar line.

The musical score consists of three systems, each with three staves. The top staff is for the piano (treble and bass clef), the middle staff is for the piano (treble and bass clef), and the bottom staff is for the bassoon (bass clef). The key signature is one flat (B-flat).

System 1: The piano part features a melodic line with a slur over the first four measures. The bassoon part has a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. The bottom staff has a simple bass line.

System 2: The piano part continues with a melodic line. The bassoon part has a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. The bottom staff has a simple bass line.

System 3: The piano part continues with a melodic line. The bassoon part has a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. The bottom staff has a simple bass line.

Annotations:

- ad 16 fl Reed⁺ (above the piano staff in the first system)
- Gf (above the piano staff in the first system)
- Sw. (above the piano staff in the second system)
- Ch. (above the piano staff in the third system)
- Sw. (above the piano staff in the third system)

⁺ See suggestion on page 1.

First system of musical notation. The top staff (treble clef) contains a melody with notes and rests, marked with *gl* (glissando) and *Sw.* (Swell). The middle staff (bass clef) contains a complex accompaniment with many beamed sixteenth notes. The bottom staff (bass clef) contains a simple bass line. The system concludes with a measure marked *Sw. sf Reeds.*

Second system of musical notation. The top staff (treble clef) continues the melody with some chords. The middle staff (bass clef) continues the complex accompaniment. The bottom staff (bass clef) continues the simple bass line. The system concludes with a measure marked *to Oboe.*

Third system of musical notation. The top staff (treble clef) continues the melody, marked with *gl* and *Ch.* (Chord). The middle staff (bass clef) continues the complex accompaniment, marked with *Sw.* and *pp* (pianissimo). The bottom staff (bass clef) continues the simple bass line. The system concludes with a measure marked *Sw. pp*.

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94. OFFERTOIRE IN F	C. E. STEPHENS 1/4
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(For continuation, see other list.)

Nos. 41 to 45, 60 to 100, and 245 from "The Organist's Quarterly Journal."

LONDON & NEW YORK: NOVELLO, EWER AND CO.

G! Small open or stopped Diap.
 Sw. with Oboe.
 Ch. soft s fl
 Ped. 16 fl to Ch.

ADAGIO RELIGIOSO

FROM THE "HYMN OF PRAISE" SYMPHONY

(THIRD MOVEMENT)

F. Mendelssohn-Bartholdy, Op. 52

Arranged by W. A. C. Cruickshank.

♩ = 76. cantabile

MANUAL.

PEDAL.

Sw. s fl Reeds.

Sw. to Ped.

Sw. to Ped. in

First system of musical notation. The score consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). It contains a series of chords and some melodic lines. The middle staff is in bass clef and contains chords. The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains a melodic line. The instruction "add 4 fl Flute" is written above the top staff towards the right side. The letter "Ch." is written above the middle staff in the middle of the system.

Second system of musical notation. The score consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of two sharps. It contains a melodic line with a fermata. The middle staff is in bass clef and contains a melodic line. The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains a melodic line. The instruction "Prepare { Sw. 8 fl Reeds & Flute. { Ch. Clar." is written above the top staff. The instruction "G!" is written above the middle staff. The instruction "Ped. 8 fl to G! only." is written below the bottom staff. The instruction "Sw." is written above the top staff towards the right side.

Third system of musical notation. The score consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of two sharps. It contains a melodic line with a fermata. The middle staff is in bass clef and contains a melodic line. The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains a melodic line. The instruction "Ch." is written above the top staff. The instruction "Sw." is written above the top staff towards the right side. The instruction "Ped. add 16 fl" is written below the bottom staff.

Ch.

Sw.

Ch.

Sw, add 4 fl

cresc.

cresc.

dim.

Ch.

This page of musical notation is for a piano piece, featuring three systems of staves. The notation includes various musical elements such as chords, swells, and dynamic markings. The first system shows a chord in the right hand, a swell in the left hand, and a chord in the right hand, with a swell in the left hand. The second system shows a swell in the right hand, a swell in the left hand, and a swell in the right hand. The third system shows a swell in the right hand, a swell in the left hand, and a swell in the right hand. The notation is written in a standard musical notation style, with notes, rests, and other musical symbols.

The image displays three systems of musical notation for piano and bassoon. Each system consists of three staves: a grand staff (treble and bass clef) for the piano and a single bass clef staff for the bassoon. The key signature is one sharp (F#).

- System 1:** The piano part features a melody in the right hand and a rhythmic accompaniment in the left hand. The bassoon part provides a simple harmonic support.
- System 2:** This system includes dynamic markings such as *sf* (sforzando) and *gl mf* (glissando mezzo-forte). It also contains performance instructions like "Sw." (switch) and "gl" (glissando) for the bassoon.
- System 3:** The piano part continues with complex rhythmic patterns. A specific instruction "Gl add 4 fl & couple to Sw. Full" is written above the piano's right hand.

Sw. Horn.

f *sf*

In Sw. to G1 reduce G1 to stop Diap.

p cantabile

Coupler in.

This system contains three staves. The top staff is for the Sw. Horn, starting with a melodic line. The middle staff is for the piano, featuring dense chordal textures with dynamic markings *f* and *sf*. The bottom staff is for the Coupler, with a rhythmic accompaniment. Performance instructions include 'In Sw. to G1 reduce G1 to stop Diap.' and '*p cantabile*'.

Ch. add Flute.

p

G1

This system contains three staves. The top staff has a melodic line with the instruction 'Ch. add Flute.' above it. The middle staff continues the piano accompaniment with a dynamic marking of *p*. The bottom staff shows the Coupler part. A 'G1' marking is present in the middle staff.

in Flute.

G1 to Ped.

This system contains three staves. The top staff features a melodic line with the instruction 'in Flute.' above it. The middle staff continues the piano accompaniment. The bottom staff shows the Coupler part with the instruction 'G1 to Ped.' below it.

The musical score consists of three systems, each with a piano part (treble and bass staves) and a string part (bass staff). The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is common time (C).

System 1: The piano part begins with a melodic line in the right hand and a rhythmic accompaniment in the left hand. The string part is marked "gl R.H." and "Ch." (Chorus). A rehearsal mark is present. The system concludes with a dynamic marking of *pp* and the instruction "Sw. closed".

System 2: The piano part continues with a melodic line in the right hand and a rhythmic accompaniment in the left hand. The string part is marked "gl R.H." and "Ch." (Chorus). A rehearsal mark is present. The system concludes with a dynamic marking of *sf* and the instruction "dim.".

System 3: The piano part continues with a melodic line in the right hand and a rhythmic accompaniment in the left hand. The string part is marked "gl R.H." and "Ch." (Chorus). A rehearsal mark is present. The system concludes with a dynamic marking of *sf* and the instruction "Sw. to Oboe.".

Additional markings include "(Prepare Sw. Full)" in the first system and "Sw." in the third system.

First system of musical notation. The score is written for three staves: Treble, Bass, and a lower Bass staff. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The first staff contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, including a trill. The second staff features a dense texture of chords and sixteenth-note patterns. The third staff has a bass line with eighth notes. A dynamic marking of *f* is present in the second staff. A performance instruction "reduce G1 to Small Open coupler in." is written between the first and second staves.

Second system of musical notation. The first staff continues the melodic line with a trill and a dynamic marking of *f*. The second staff has a dense texture of chords and sixteenth notes, with a dynamic marking of *sf*. The third staff continues the bass line. A performance instruction "reduce G1 to Small Open coupler in." is written between the first and second staves.

Third system of musical notation. The first staff begins with a dynamic marking of *p* and continues with a melodic line. The second staff has a dense texture of chords and sixteenth notes, with a dynamic marking of *f*. The third staff continues the bass line.

The musical score is arranged in three systems, each with three staves. The top staff is for a woodwind instrument (likely Oboe), the middle staff is for a piano, and the bottom staff is for strings. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is 4/4.

System 1: The piano part features a continuous eighth-note accompaniment. The woodwind part has a melodic line with a *p* (piano) dynamic marking. The string part has a simple harmonic accompaniment. Annotations include "Diaps." and "Oboe" above the woodwind staff.

System 2: The piano part continues with the eighth-note accompaniment. The woodwind part has a melodic line. The string part has a simple harmonic accompaniment. An annotation "add Horn." is placed above the woodwind staff.

System 3: The piano part continues with the eighth-note accompaniment. The woodwind part has a melodic line. The string part has a simple harmonic accompaniment. An annotation "Coupler in" is placed above the woodwind staff. The piano part has a *sf* (sforzando) dynamic marking. The string part has a simple harmonic accompaniment. An annotation "Sw." is placed below the string staff.

Ch. Sax. to Oboe. Prepare Ch. Clar.

Ch. Sax.

Gt. Sax. *pp*

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Sw. Vox Angelica.
Ch. Gedact.
Ped. 16 fl!

PRELUDE.

№ 13.

Arranged by
Burnham W. Horner.

F. Chopin.

Lento, Op. 54.

MANUAL.

Ch.

acc.

cresc.

dim.

PEDAL.

Coupé to Ch.

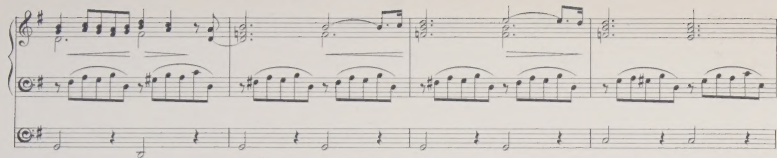
a tempo

rit.

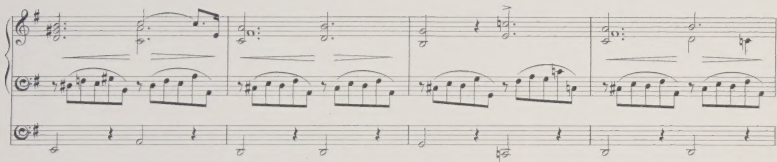
cresc.

dim.

sforz.

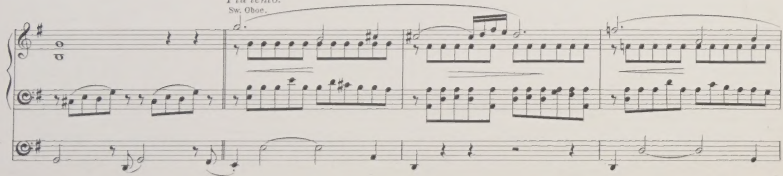


The first system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and contains a melody with eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together. The middle staff is in bass clef and contains a continuous eighth-note accompaniment. The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains a simple harmonic line with quarter and half notes.



The second system of musical notation also consists of three staves. The top staff continues the melody from the first system. The middle staff continues the eighth-note accompaniment. The bottom staff continues the harmonic line, with some notes marked with accents.

Più lento.
Sw. Oboe.



The third system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff begins with a rest and then enters with a melody marked *Più lento.* and *Sw. Oboe.* The middle staff continues the eighth-note accompaniment. The bottom staff continues the harmonic line.

First system of musical notation, featuring a piano accompaniment (treble and bass staves) and a vocal line (single staff below). The piano part has a complex, flowing melody with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The vocal line is mostly rests with some notes in the final measures.

Tempo Imo.
Sw. Vox Angelica.

Second system of musical notation, continuing the piano accompaniment and vocal line. The piano part includes dynamic markings *dim.* and *cresc.* and a *Ch.* (Chorus) marking. The vocal line continues with notes and rests.

Third system of musical notation, concluding the piece. The piano part includes dynamic markings *dim.* and *rit.* and a *Sw.* (Swell) marking. The vocal line concludes with a final note.



BASSO OSTINATO.

Arranged by
Burnham W. Horner.

A. Arensky, Op. 5. N° 5.

Andante sostenuto. *gl sf*

MANUAL. *p* *Sw.*

PEDAL. *ff* *Ped. stacc.* *p*

gl p *f* *p*

The musical score is written for a four-hand piano, with a Manual and Pedal part. The tempo is Andante sostenuto. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The score consists of three systems of music. The first system shows the Manual and Pedal parts. The second system shows the Manual and Pedal parts. The third system shows the Manual and Pedal parts. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

First system of musical notation. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). It begins with a melodic line marked *gl* (glissando). The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains a piano accompaniment. Dynamics include *p* (piano), *cresc.* (crescendo), *mf dim.* (mezzo-forte, decrescendo), and *p* (piano). A *Sw.* (Swell) marking is present in the piano part.

Second system of musical notation. The top staff continues the melodic line with various ornaments and slurs. The bottom staff continues the piano accompaniment. Dynamics include *cresc.* (crescendo), *mf dim.* (mezzo-forte, decrescendo), and *p* (piano).

Third system of musical notation. The top staff features a melodic line with a *rit.* (ritardando) marking. The bottom staff continues the piano accompaniment. The system concludes with a double bar line and a key signature change to one sharp (F#).

a tempo

ff

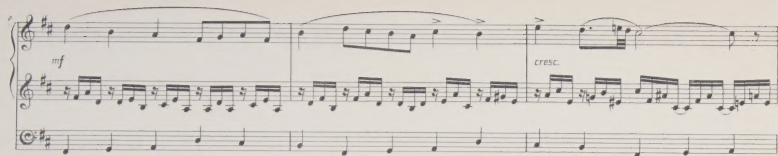
Gl to Ped.

ff *dim. e ritard.* *L.H.*

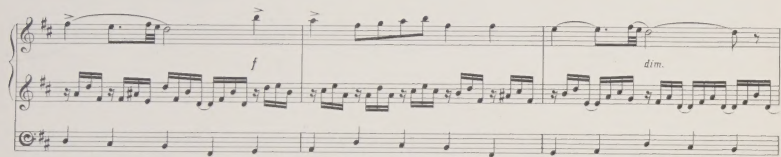
a tempo

p *Sw.*

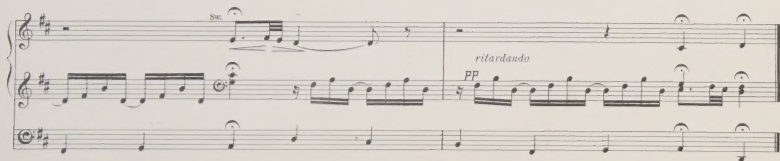
Gl to Ped. in



First system of musical notation. The score is in treble and bass clefs with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The tempo is marked *mf* (mezzo-forte). The right hand features a melodic line with a slur over the first two measures and a crescendo marking (*cresc.*) in the third measure. The left hand plays a steady eighth-note accompaniment.



Second system of musical notation. The right hand continues the melodic line with a slur over the first two measures and a forte marking (*f*) in the third measure. The left hand continues the eighth-note accompaniment. A decrescendo marking (*dim.*) appears in the third measure of the right hand.



Third system of musical notation. The right hand begins with a whole rest, followed by a melodic phrase marked *Sw.* (Swell). The left hand continues the eighth-note accompaniment. The system concludes with a decrescendo marking (*ritardando*) and a pianissimo marking (*pp*) in the right hand.

Sw. *p sf sf sf* Ob.
Gl. *Soft. sf sf*
Ped. *p sf sf sf*

IMPERIAL MARCH.

Arranged by
George C. Martin.

Edward Elgar. Op. 32.

Pomposo. ♩ = 84.

MANUAL. *Sw. p p cresc.*

PEDAL.

f sf largamente sf sf

Animato.

ff Full Sw. L. H. Gl.

First system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). It contains dense chordal textures and melodic lines. The middle staff is in bass clef and contains a melodic line with some rests. The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains a continuous melodic line. Dynamics include *sf* (sforzando) and *cl* (crescendo). The text "L.H. Sw." is written below the middle staff, and "Sw." is written below the bottom staff.

Second system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat. It features a melodic line with some grace notes. The middle staff is in bass clef and contains a melodic line with some rests. The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains a continuous melodic line. Dynamics include *ff* (fortissimo), *sf* (sforzando), and *pesante* (heavy).

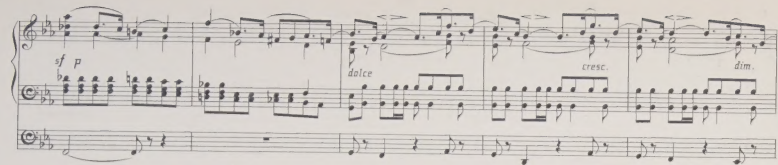
Third system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat. It features a melodic line with some grace notes. The middle staff is in bass clef and contains a melodic line with some rests. The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains a continuous melodic line. Dynamics include *ff* (fortissimo), *sf* (sforzando), and *poco rit.* (a little slower). The text "allargando" is written above the middle staff.

*Poco meno mosso.*Sw. Soft sf sf Ob.
both hands*dolce**p molto espress.*

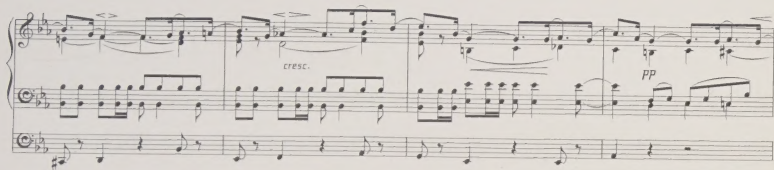
The first system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff is for the piano, featuring a melody with grace notes and slurs. The middle staff is for the strings, playing a rhythmic accompaniment of eighth notes. The bottom staff is for the woodwinds, with a melodic line. The key signature is two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and the time signature is 4/4.

The second system of musical notation continues the piece. The piano part shows a crescendo leading to a fortissimo (ff) section, followed by a piano (pp) section. The string part continues with a rhythmic pattern. The woodwind part has a melodic line. The key signature remains two flats, and the time signature is 4/4.

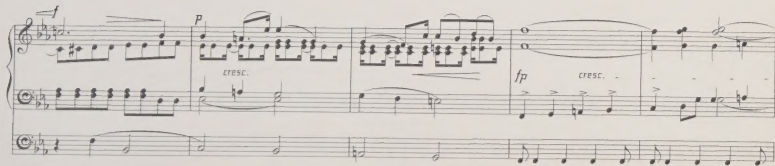
The third system of musical notation shows the piano part with a fortissimo (sf) section, followed by a piano (p) section. The string part continues with a rhythmic pattern. The woodwind part has a melodic line. The key signature remains two flats, and the time signature is 4/4.



First system of musical notation. The system consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef, the middle in bass clef, and the bottom in bass clef. The key signature is two flats (B-flat and E-flat). The first staff has a dynamic marking of *sf p* at the beginning. The second staff has a dynamic marking of *dolce* and a *cresc.* marking. The third staff has a *dim.* marking. The music features complex rhythmic patterns and melodic lines.



Second system of musical notation. The system consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef, the middle in bass clef, and the bottom in bass clef. The key signature is two flats (B-flat and E-flat). The first staff has a *cresc.* marking. The second staff has a *pp* marking. The third staff has a *cresc.* marking. The music continues with complex rhythmic patterns and melodic lines.



Third system of musical notation. The system consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef, the middle in bass clef, and the bottom in bass clef. The key signature is two flats (B-flat and E-flat). The first staff has a *f* marking. The second staff has a *p* marking and a *cresc.* marking. The third staff has a *fp* marking and a *cresc.* marking. The music concludes with complex rhythmic patterns and melodic lines.

sempre

f

ff

sf

First system of a musical score. It features a grand staff with three staves. The top staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two flats. The middle and bottom staves have bass clefs. The music includes various dynamics: *sempre*, *f*, *ff*, and *sf*. There are also some markings like *sf* and *sf* in the bottom right.

marcato Reduce Organ.

Sw.

p

Second system of the musical score. It continues the grand staff notation. The top staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two flats. The middle and bottom staves have bass clefs. The music includes various dynamics: *marcato*, *Reduce Organ.*, *Sw.*, and *p*. There are also some markings like *p* and *p* in the bottom right.

f

fz

largamente.

sf

sf

Third system of the musical score. It continues the grand staff notation. The top staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two flats. The middle and bottom staves have bass clefs. The music includes various dynamics: *f*, *fz*, *largamente.*, *sf*, and *sf*. There are also some markings like *sf* and *sf* in the bottom right.

Animato.

ff Full Sw.

L.H. G $\sharp$

sf

A

The first system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). It contains a series of chords and some melodic lines, with several accents (^) and a dynamic marking of *ff*. The middle staff is in bass clef and contains chords and a melodic line, with a dynamic marking of *sf* and a note marked with an accent (^). The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains a melodic line with a dynamic marking of *ff*. The system is divided into four measures by bar lines.

L.H. Sw.

G $\sharp$ *sf*

Sw.

The second system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). It contains a series of chords and some melodic lines, with several accents (^) and a dynamic marking of *sf*. The middle staff is in bass clef and contains chords and a melodic line, with a dynamic marking of *sf* and a note marked with an accent (^). The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains a melodic line with a dynamic marking of *ff*. The system is divided into four measures by bar lines.

ff G $\sharp$ pesante

ff

The third system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). It contains a series of chords and some melodic lines, with several accents (^) and a dynamic marking of *ff*. The middle staff is in bass clef and contains chords and a melodic line, with a dynamic marking of *ff* and a note marked with an accent (^). The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains a melodic line with a dynamic marking of *ff*. The system is divided into four measures by bar lines.

First system of musical notation. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The bottom staff is in bass clef. The music begins with a forte (*sf*) dynamic. A tempo change to *allargando* is indicated by a hairpin and the word. The system concludes with a half note chord in the bass staff.

Second system of musical notation. The top staff continues with a *rit.* (ritardando) marking, followed by a return to *a tempo*. Dynamics include *ffz* (fortissimo zingando) and *mf* (mezzo-forte). A *cresc.* (crescendo) marking is present in the right hand. The bottom staff features a half note chord.

Third system of musical notation. The top staff begins with a *ff* (fortissimo) dynamic. The system concludes with a half note chord in the bass staff.

Molto maestoso.

rit. *a tempo* *stringendo.* *sf* *sf* *sf*

INTRODUCTION TO "THE PASSION MUSIC."

Arranged by
W. J. Phillips.

J. Haydn.

Adagio maestoso.

Musical score for Introduction to "The Passion Music" by J. Haydn, arranged by W. J. Phillips. The score is for a three-part system: MANUAL, PEDAL, and a third part (likely Organ or Choir).

MANUAL. *ff Full Org.* *Full Sw.* *Choir.*

PEDAL. *ff Full Ped.*

Sw. *ff gl* *Full Sw.* *f* *gl to Ped. off. 16 & 8 fl to Sw.*

Gl Clarabel coupé to Sw.

Sw. to Oboe

Sw. to Ped. & 16 fl

Gl to Ped.

Sw. *p*

f Gl Diap. *p* Sw.

Ch.

Sw.

Full Sw.

Choir.

Ch.

Full Sw. *sf*

sf

sf

Sw. *p* with Oboe.

G $\sharp$ Clarinet coup $\grave{a}$ Sw. Soft Flutes Choir. G $\sharp$ Ch. G $\sharp$

P Sw. with Oboe *f* Sw. with Ob.

Musical score for "The Rose Tree" in 3/4 time. The score is written for three staves: Treble, Bass, and Cello/Double Bass. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The melody in the Treble staff features a sequence of eighth notes and quarter notes, with dynamic markings *sf* (sforzando), *p* (piano), and *f* (forte). The Bass staff provides a steady accompaniment of eighth notes. The Cello/Double Bass staff is mostly empty, with a few notes in the final measure. The score is divided into three measures by bar lines.

Musical score for "The Swan" by Camille Saint-Saëns. The score is in 3/4 time, key of B-flat major, and consists of 16 measures. The piano part features a prominent bass line with octaves and chords, while the vocal part has a melodic line with various ornaments and dynamics. The score includes a "G! to Ped." instruction at the bottom.

Full Gl

ff

Sw. to Ob.

P Ch. Soft *s f*

Full Sw.

ff

s s 16 fl coupd Sw.

sf

sf

sf

sf

Sw. closed

Clarabel coupd to Sw.

f

Choir Dulciana

P Sw. to Ob.

Gl

Sw.

Gl Clarabel

Sw.

Gl coupd to Full Sw.

f

sf

sf

sf

sf

Sw.

P Sw. *s f* Diap.

pp

Gl to Ped.

Sw. to Ped.

pp

Prelude and Fugue on the Name of BACH.

Arranged by
G. M. Garrett.

4) J. S. Bach.(?)

Lento e maestoso.

MANUAL.

f ⁶¹

PEDAL.

f

tr

Sw. p

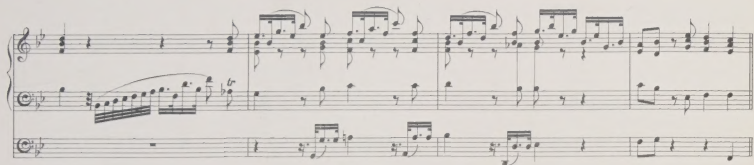
f ⁶¹

Sw. p

4) The authenticity of this piece is not established, some authorities holding the opinion that it was *not* composed by Bach.



The first system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat). It begins with a treble clef, a key signature of two flats, and a common time signature. The music features a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, with a prominent melodic line in the right hand. The middle staff is in bass clef and contains a complex, fast-moving line of sixteenth and thirty-second notes, likely representing a harpsichord or lute accompaniment. The bottom staff is a single-line bass staff, currently empty.

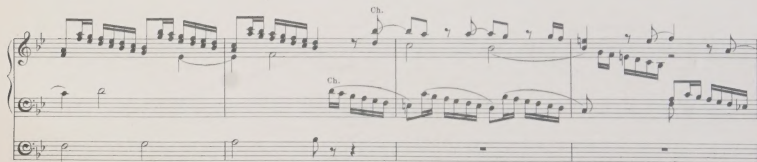
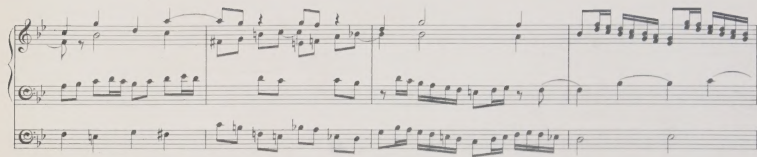
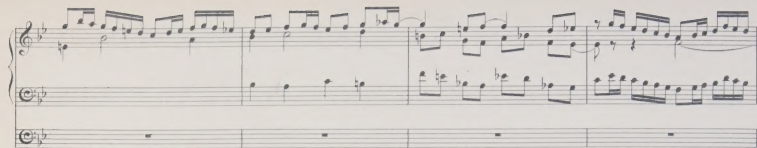


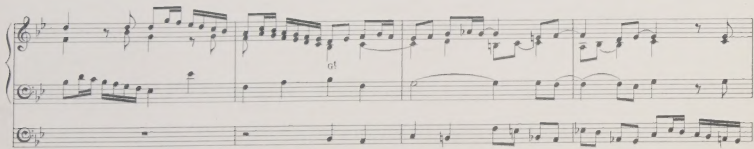
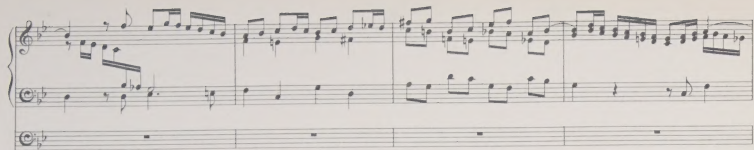
The second system of musical notation continues the piece. The top staff (treble clef) shows a continuation of the melodic line with various rests and note values. The middle staff (bass clef) continues the fast-moving accompaniment. The bottom staff (single-line bass) remains empty.

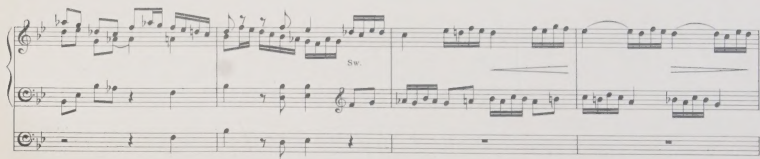
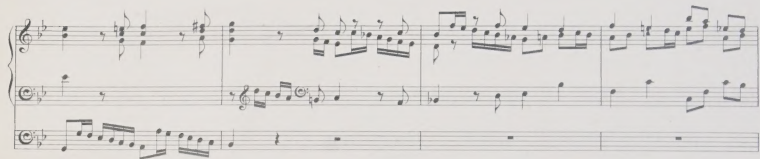
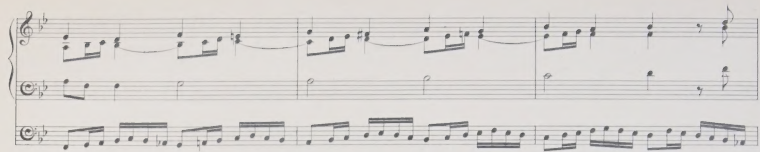
FUGUE.
Allegro moderato.

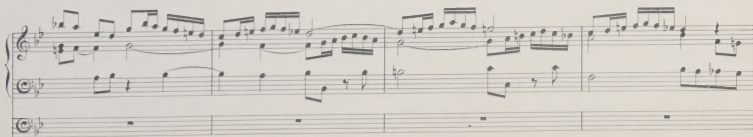
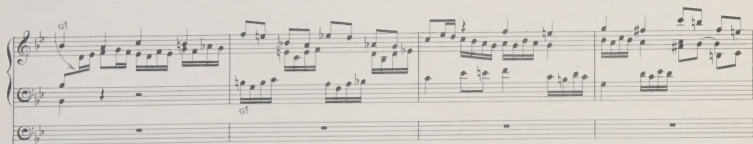
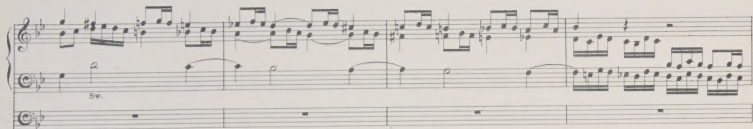
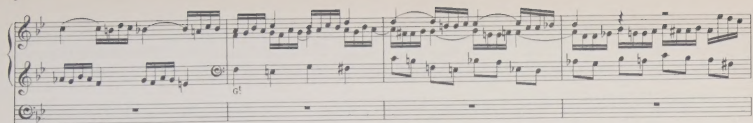


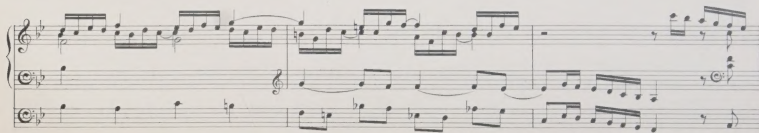
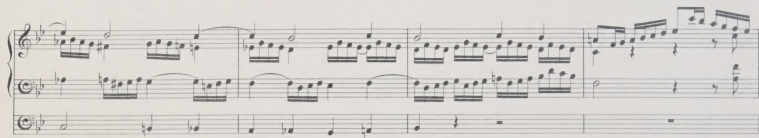
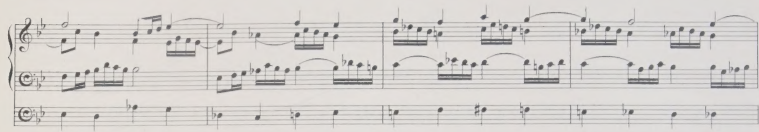
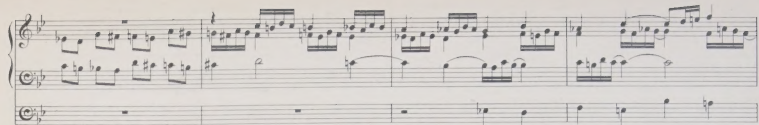
The third system of musical notation begins the 'FUGUE' section. The top staff (treble clef) features a new melodic entry with a series of eighth notes. The middle staff (bass clef) is empty. The bottom staff (single-line bass) contains a simple bass line with eighth notes.











This page of musical notation consists of four systems, each with three staves (treble, bass, and a lower bass staff). The key signature is two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and the time signature is 3/4. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, triplets, and trills. The first system shows a complex texture with multiple voices. The second system features a prominent triplet in the right hand. The third system includes a trill in the right hand. The fourth system concludes with a trill and a final note.

G! Dlaps. & Prin.
 Sw. to Oboe coup. to G!
 Ch. Gedact & Clarinet.
 Ped. Open 16 f! & soft & f! uncoupled.

MARCH from "ABRAHAM."

Arranged by
 Arthur C. Edwards.

B. Molique.

MANUAL.

PEDAL.

Sw

pp

Ch. (add Principal & Horn to Swell, Sw. closed.)

P

mf

G!

G! to Ped.

The musical score is arranged for three parts: Manual, Pedal, and a third part (likely Organ or Piano). The key signature is one flat (B-flat major or D minor). The time signature is common time (C). The score is divided into three systems. The first system shows the Manual and Pedal parts. The second system introduces the third part, which is marked 'Ch.' and 'P'. The third system continues the third part, marked 'mf' and 'G!'. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

add Full Sw. *f*

G¹ add Trumpet. Prepare Ch. *s fl*, without Clarinet.
uncouple Sw. *ff*

Ch. *s fl*
G¹ 16 & 4 fl only.
sempre staccato
Sw. Full *f* Sw.

G¹ to Ped. in 16 fl only (Violone)

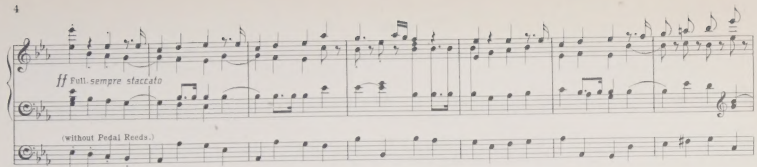
1. Ch. *p* *trump*

2. *P* *add Flute 4 fl to Ch.* *Reduce Sw. to Oboe* *staccato*

Sw. to Ped. ad lib.

[illegible]

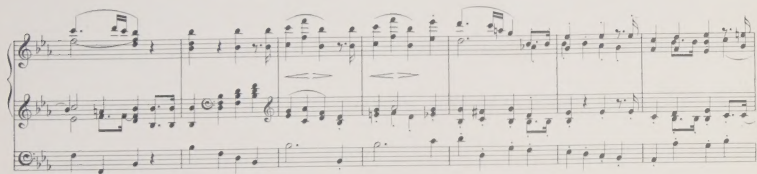
Musical score for "The Swan" by Camille Saint-Saëns, featuring piano and celeste parts. The score includes detailed performance instructions such as "tr", "G!", "cresc.", "Sw. Full closed, & gradually opened", and "G! to Ped. & increase Pedal." The music is in 3/4 time and G major.



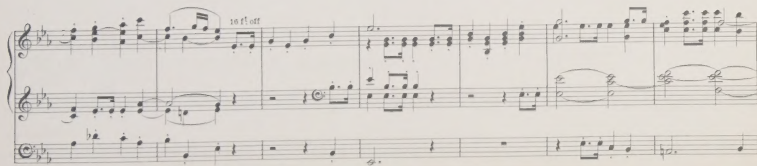
ff *Full, sempre staccato*

(without Pedal Reeds.)

The first system consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of two flats (Bb, Eb) and contains a melody of eighth and sixteenth notes with many slurs. The middle staff is in bass clef and contains a bass line with eighth and sixteenth notes. The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains a single line of eighth notes. The dynamic marking 'ff' and the instruction 'Full, sempre staccato' are placed above the top staff. The instruction '(without Pedal Reeds.)' is placed above the bottom staff.



The second system consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of two flats (Bb, Eb) and contains a melody of eighth and sixteenth notes with many slurs. The middle staff is in bass clef and contains a bass line with eighth and sixteenth notes. The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains a single line of eighth notes. The dynamic marking 'ff' and the instruction 'Full, sempre staccato' are placed above the top staff. The instruction '(without Pedal Reeds.)' is placed above the bottom staff.



10 fl off

The third system consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of two flats (Bb, Eb) and contains a melody of eighth and sixteenth notes with many slurs. The middle staff is in bass clef and contains a bass line with eighth and sixteenth notes. The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains a single line of eighth notes. The dynamic marking 'ff' and the instruction 'Full, sempre staccato' are placed above the top staff. The instruction '(without Pedal Reeds.)' is placed above the bottom staff.

The first system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat). It begins with a series of chords and then features a rapid, ascending sixteenth-note scale. The middle staff is in bass clef and contains a series of chords and some single notes. The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains a series of single notes, mostly quarter and eighth notes.

The second system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff continues the rapid ascending scale from the first system. The middle staff contains chords and some single notes. The bottom staff contains single notes. A text instruction "add Reeds to Ped." is written above the bottom staff. Above the middle staff, the text "S^{tes} ad lib." is written.

The third system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff contains chords and some single notes. The middle staff contains chords and some single notes. The bottom staff contains single notes. The system concludes with a double bar line and repeat signs.

Original Compositions for the Organ.

110.	THREE OFFERTOIRES	HAMILTON CLARKE	2 1/2
111.	PASTORALE	B. LUARD SELBY	1 1/2
112.	SIX EASY VOLUNTARIES	KATE LODER	2 1/2
113.	TWELVE CHARACTERISTIC PIECES		
TO	Books 1, 2, 3	RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
117.	FESTAL MARCH	GEORGE CALKIN	1 1/2
118.	ROMANCE	BATTISON HAYNES	1 1/2
119.	LARGHETTO	F. E. GLADSTONE	1 1/2
120.	SOLEMN MARCH	B. LUARD SELBY	1 1/2
121.	ELEGY	B. LUARD SELBY	1 1/2
122.	FESTIVAL PRELUDIUM	OTTO DIENEL	1 1/2
123.	CONCERT-FANTASIE (No. 1)	OTTO DIENEL	2 1/2
124.	CONCERT-FANTASIE (No. 2)	OTTO DIENEL	1 1/2
125.	ADAGIO	OTTO DIENEL	1 1/2
126.	ANDANTE PASTORALE	ALGERNON ASHBY	1 1/2
127.	CONCERT-OVERTURE IN C MINOR	W. G. WOOD	1 1/2
128.	MINUETTO	GEORGE CALKIN	1 1/2
129.	POSTLUDE	GEORGE CALKIN	1 1/2
130.	NUPITAL MARCH	B. LUARD SELBY	1 1/2
131.	SIX SHORT PIECES (Nos. 1, 2, 3)	W. G. WOOD	1 1/2
132.	SIX SHORT PIECES (Nos. 4, 5, 6)	W. G. WOOD	1 1/2
133.	MONOLOGUES (Nos. 1 to 3)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
134.	MONOLOGUES (Nos. 4 to 6)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
135.	MONOLOGUES (Nos. 7 to 9)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
136.	MONOLOGUES (Nos. 10 to 12)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
137.	ANDANTE GRAZIOSO	PERCY W. PILCHER	1 1/2
138.	ANDANTE CON MOTO	A. H. ALLEN	60.
139.	INTRODUCTION AND AIR WITH VARIATIONS		
TO	W. G. WOOD		2 1/2
140.	SIX EASY VOLUNTARIES (2nd Set)	KATE LODER	2 1/2
141.	FANTASIA SONATA ON THE ANCIENT MELODY "FOR" DIES IRÆ	B. LUARD SELBY	2 1/2
142.	SONATA ON A GERMAN CHORALE OLIVER KING		2 1/2
143.	FANTASIA	E. SILAS	2 1/2
144.	ALLEGRETTO PASTORALE	H. W. WAREING	1 1/2
145.	SONATA IN D MINOR	ALFRED ALEXANDER	3 1/2
146.	MARCH IN C	H. ELLIOT BUTTON	1 1/2
147.	FESTIVAL MARCH	H. W. WAREING	1 1/2
148.	SHORT OFFERTORY IN F	HAMILTON CLARKE	1 1/2
149.	ANDANTE	ARTHUR HENRY BROWN	1 1/2
150.	MEDITATION	HAMILTON CLARKE	1 1/2
151.	ANDANTE IN D MINOR	HAMILTON CLARKE	1 1/2
152.	IDYL	HAMILTON CLARKE	1 1/2
153.	MEDITATION	E. TOWNSHEND DRIFFIELD	1 1/2
154.	PASTORALE	E. TOWNSHEND DRIFFIELD	1 1/2
155.	OFFERTORY	E. TOWNSHEND DRIFFIELD	1 1/2
156.	MARCH (For a Church Festival)	E. TOWNSHEND DRIFFIELD	1 1/2
157.	TEMPO DI MINUETTO	E. TOWNSHEND DRIFFIELD	1 1/2
158.	ANDANTE (Ave Maria)	E. TOWNSHEND DRIFFIELD	1 1/2
159.	FUGUE	E. TOWNSHEND DRIFFIELD	1 1/2
160.	TEMPO DI MINUETTO	W. A. C. CRUICKSHANK	1 1/2
161.	ADAGIO IN A	OTTO DIENEL	1 1/2
162.	SCHERZANDO IN A MINOR	OTTO DIENEL	1 1/2
163.	ADAGIO IN D	OTTO DIENEL	1 1/2
164.	CONCERT-FUGUE IN E MINOR	OTTO DIENEL	1 1/2
165.	TWO PRELUDES	PERCY W. PILCHER	1 1/2
166.	OFFERTORY IN F	G. F. BLATCH	1 1/2
167.	CHURCH PRELUDES (Nos. 1, 2)	R. E. BRYSON	1 1/2
168.	CHURCH PRELUDES (Nos. 3, 4)	R. E. BRYSON	1 1/2
169.	CHURCH PRELUDES (Nos. 5, 6)	R. E. BRYSON	1 1/2
170.	POSTLUDE IN G	H. ELLIOT BUTTON	1 1/2
171.	FIVE SKETCHES, No. 1, PRELUDE	H. W. PARKER	1 1/2
172.	FIVE SKETCHES, No. 2, VISION	H. W. PARKER	1 1/2
173.	FIVE SKETCHES, No. 3, SCHERZO	H. W. PARKER	1 1/2

173.	FIVE SKETCHES, No. 4, PASTORAL INTERLUDE	H. W. PARKER	1 1/2
174.	FIVE SKETCHES, No. 5, NOCTURNE	H. W. PARKER	1 1/2
175.	FOURTH GRAND SONATA (CHRISTMAS SONATA)	OTTO DIENEL	3 1/2
176.	FANTASIA IN F MINOR (Op. 118)	E. SILAS	2 1/2
177.	TWO SKETCHES	G. F. WESLEY MARTIN	1 1/2
178.	TEMPO DI MINUETTO	H. A. WHEELER	1 1/2
179.	MEDITATION	B. LUARD SELBY	1 1/2
180.	PRELUDE AND POSTLUDE	B. LUARD SELBY	1 1/2
181.	MELODIA	WILLIAM CRESER	1 1/2
182.	ANDANTE FUGHETTA	WILLIAM CRESER	1 1/2
183.	POSTLUDE	EDWARD CUTLER	1 1/2
184.	MINUET	HAMILTON CLARKE	1 1/2
185.	OLD EASTERN MELODY (O FILII ET FILIAE)	JOHN E. WEST	1 1/2
WITH VARIATIONS			
186.	WEDDING MARCH	WILLIAM CRESER	1 1/2
187.	SIX PIECES (Nos. 1, 2)	ALFRED REDHEAD	1 1/2
188.	SIX PIECES (Nos. 3, 4)	ALFRED REDHEAD	1 1/2
189.	SIX PIECES (Nos. 5, 6)	ALFRED REDHEAD	1 1/2
190.	ANTIPHON AND INTERLUDE	E. SILAS	1 1/2
191.	SAVOYARD CHANT	HERBERT W. WAREING	1 1/2
192.	THREE INTERMEZZI	ALAN GRAY	1 1/2
193.	SOLEMN PROCESSIONAL MARCH	C. J. B. MEACHAM	1 1/2
194.	THIRD CONCERT-FANTASIA	OTTO DIENEL	1 1/2
195.	ALLEGRETTO CANTABILE	OTTO DIENEL	1 1/2
196.	ANDANTE WITH VARIATIONS	OTTO DIENEL	2 1/2
197.	ALLEGRO SCHERZANDO	OTTO DIENEL	1 1/2
198.	OFFERTORY IN B♭	EDWARD CUTLER	1 1/2
199.	A MEDITATION	E. DUNCAN	1 1/2
200.	POSTLUDE	E. DUNCAN	1 1/2
201.	COMMUNION AND PRIERE	ALBERT RENAULT	1 1/2
202.	FANTASIE PASTORALE	ALBERT RENAULT	1 1/2
203.	PRELUDE AND FUGUE	E. SILAS	1 1/2
204.	REVERIE AND INTERMEZZO	B. LUARD SELBY	1 1/2
205.	ROMANCE (Op. 174, No. 1)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
206.	SCHERZOSO (Op. 174, No. 2)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
207.	ASPIRATION (Op. 174, No. 3)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
208.	CONTEMPLATION (Op. 174, No. 4)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
209.	AGITATO (Op. 174, No. 5)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
210.	IMPROVISATION (Op. 174, No. 6)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
211.	DUET (Op. 174, No. 8)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
212.	RICERCARE (Op. 174, No. 9)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
213.	EVENING REST (Op. 174, No. 10)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
214.	MELODIA OSTINATA (Op. 174, No. 11)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
215.	FINALE (Op. 174, No. 12)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
216.	PRELUDE (GRAND SUITE, Op. 341)	HAMILTON CLARKE	1 1/2
217.	ALLEGRO	HAMILTON CLARKE	1 1/2
218.	ELEGY	HAMILTON CLARKE	1 1/2
219.	GAVOTTE	HAMILTON CLARKE	1 1/2
220.	INTERMEZZO	HAMILTON CLARKE	1 1/2
221.	MINUET	HAMILTON CLARKE	1 1/2
222.	INTRODUCTION AND FUGHETTA (GRAND SUITE, Op. 341)	HAMILTON CLARKE	1 1/2
223.	CAPRICCIO	E. SILAS	1 1/2
224.	LULLABY (Op. 348, No. 1)	HAMILTON CLARKE	1 1/2
225.	BRIDAL MARCH (Op. 348, No. 2)	HAMILTON CLARKE	1 1/2
226.	PASTORAL FANTASIA (Op. 348, No. 3)	HAMILTON CLARKE	1 1/2

219.	ALLEGRETTO GRAZIOSO	JOHN E. WEST	1 1/2
220.	MELODY	KING HALL	1 1/2
221.	OFFERTORY	KING HALL	1 1/2
222.	CANZONE	KING HALL	1 1/2
223.	INTERMEZZO	C. CHARLTON PALMER	1 1/2
224.	GRAND MARCH (Op. 158)	HAMILTON CLARKE	1 1/2
225.	ANDANTE CON MOTO (Op. 97, No. 1)	M. E. BOSSI	1 1/2
226.	ASPIRATION (Op. 97, No. 2)	M. E. BOSSI	1 1/2
227.	GRAND CHEUR (Op. 97, No. 3)	M. E. BOSSI	1 1/2
228.	FOUR SONATINAS, No. 1 in D MINOR	A. B. PLANT	1 1/2
229.	FOUR SONATINAS, No. 2 in G MAJOR	A. B. PLANT	1 1/2
230.	FOUR SONATINAS, No. 3 in A MINOR	A. B. PLANT	1 1/2
231.	FOUR SONATINAS, No. 4 in C MAJOR	A. B. PLANT	1 1/2
232.	SECOND REVERIE	B. LUARD SELBY	1 1/2
233.	THIRD POSTLUDE	B. LUARD SELBY	1 1/2
234.	FANTASIA IN D MINOR	ALAN GRAY	1 1/2
235.	PRELUDIUM AND FUGA in A (No. 2) FROM SIX PRELUDES AND FUGUES	F. A. GORE OUSELEY	1 1/2
236.	TRIUMPHAL MARCH (Op. 28)	DUDLEY BUCK	1 1/2
237.	RONDO CAPRICE (Op. 35)	DUDLEY BUCK	1 1/2
238.	AT EVENING (Op. 52)	DUDLEY BUCK	1 1/2
239.	ALLEGRO MAESTOSO, 1st MOVEMENT OF SONATA IN D MINOR	JOHN E. WEST	1 1/2
240.	ANDANTE RELIGIOSO, 2nd MOVEMENT OF SONATA IN D MINOR	JOHN E. WEST	1 1/2
241.	ALLEGRO POMPOSO, 3rd MOVEMENT OF SONATA IN D MINOR	JOHN E. WEST	1 1/2
242.	REVERIE IN C	H. S. IRONS	1 1/2
243.	ROMANCE IN G	H. S. IRONS	1 1/2
244.	ELEGY ON THEMES BY HENRY PURCELL	E. SILAS	1 1/2
245.	ANDANTE, LARGHETTO AND ALLEGRO	JOSEPH ROBERTS	1 1/2
246.	POSTLUDE IN G	CHARLES STEGGALL	1 1/2
247.	SIX FUGUES ON THE NAME "BACH", Book I.	SCHUMANN	2 1/2
248.	SIX FUGUES ON THE NAME "BACH", Book II.	SCHUMANN	2 1/2
249.	FESTAL MARCH	SIR GEORGE ELEY	1 1/2
250.	SIX FUGUES (Nos. 1-3)	HANDEL	1 1/2
251.	SIX FUGUES (Nos. 4-6)	HANDEL	1 1/2
252.	CAPRICE	W. WOLSTENHOLME	1 1/2
253.	FANTASIA IN C♯ MINOR	A. M. GOODHART	2 1/2
254.	ANDANTE IN G	G. F. WESLEY MARTIN	60.
255.	COMMEMORATION MARCH (VIOLIN-OUR QUEEN)	JOHN E. WEST	2 1/2
256.	ROMANCE (VIOLIN & ORGAN)	HAMILTON CLARKE	2 1/2
257.	PASTORALE	PHILIP ARMES	1 1/2
258.	INTRODUCTION AND FUGUE	PHILIP ARMES	1 1/2
259.	PASTORAL OR OFFERTORY	HAMILTON CLARKE	1 1/2
260.	FANTASIA	CHARLES EDWARD STEPHENS	1 1/2

G! sfl
Sw. s fl Reeds
Ch. Clarinet
Ped. 16 g s fl to G! only

OVERTURE TO "CALVARY."

Arranged by
W. A. C. Cruickshank.

L. Spohr.

Andante grave. ♩ = 76.

MANUAL.

PEDAL.

fz *mf* *dim.* *ol* *fz*

Sw. s s 4 fl

G¹ add 4 fl *p*

add Sw. to Ped.

Sw. Full *ff*

dim.

reduce G¹ to s fl

G¹ *fz*

fz

Sw. s s 4 fl

P

Choir.

Full Sw.

First system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat). The middle staff is in bass clef with a key signature of two flats. The bottom staff is in bass clef with a key signature of two flats. The music features various notes, rests, and dynamic markings. A *glp* marking is present above the first measure of the top staff. A *Ch.* marking is above the first measure of the middle staff. A *fz* marking is below the first measure of the middle staff.

Second system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of two flats. The middle staff is in bass clef with a key signature of two flats. The bottom staff is in bass clef with a key signature of two flats. The music features various notes, rests, and dynamic markings. A *Sw. 8 fl Reeds* marking is above the first measure of the middle staff. A *fz* marking is below the first measure of the middle staff. A *gl* marking is below the last measure of the middle staff.

Third system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of two flats. The middle staff is in bass clef with a key signature of two flats. The bottom staff is in bass clef with a key signature of two flats. The music features various notes, rests, and dynamic markings. A *fz* marking is above the first measure of the top staff. A *gl Diaps.* marking is above the first measure of the middle staff.

Sw. 8 & 4 fl

Gl add 4 fl

fz

Full Sw. *ff*

Gl coupled to Sw. Reeds

cresc.

fz

cresc.

Full Sw. to Gl

Choir or Gl Soft 8 fl

Sw. with Oboe

In Gl to Ped. 16 fl only.

First system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is for Ch. Clar. (Chamber Clarinet) and contains a melodic line with many beamed sixteenth notes. The middle staff is for piano accompaniment, featuring chords and moving lines. The bottom staff is a single-line bass line with a steady eighth-note pattern.

Second system of musical notation. The top staff continues the Ch. Clar. melody, marked with *fz* (forzando). The middle staff has piano accompaniment, marked with *fz* and *Sw. Diaps.* (Swiss Diapason). The bottom staff continues the eighth-note bass line.

Third system of musical notation. The top staff features a melodic line with a *dim. molto* (diminuendo molto) marking. The middle staff has piano accompaniment, marked with *Full Organ.* The bottom staff continues the eighth-note bass line.

Original Compositions for the Organ.

110.	THREE OFFERTOIRES	HAMILTON CLARKE	2 1/2
111.	PASTORALE	B. LUARD SELBY	1 1/2
112.	SIX EASY VOLUNTARIES	KATE LODER	2 1/2
113.	TWELVE CHARACTERISTIC PIECES	RHEINBERGER	2 1/2
114.	Book 1, 2, 3	RHEINBERGER	2 1/2
115.	Book 4	RHEINBERGER	2 1/2
116.	FESTAL MARCH	GEORGE CALKIN	1 1/2
117.	ROMANCE	BATTISON HAYNES	1 1/2
118.	LARGHETTO	F. E. GLADSTONE	1 1/2
119.	SOLEMN MARCH	B. LUARD SELBY	1 1/2
120.	ELEGY	B. LUARD SELBY	1 1/2
121.	FESTIVAL PRÆLUDIUM	OTTO DIENEL	1 1/2
122.	CONCERT-FANTASIE (No. 1)	OTTO DIENEL	2 1/2
123.	CONCERT-FANTASIE (No. 2)	OTTO DIENEL	1 1/2
124.	ADAGIO	OTTO DIENEL	1 1/2
125.	ANDANTE PASTORALE	ALGERNON ASHTON	1 1/2
126.	CONCERT-OVERTURE	W. G. WOOD	1 1/2
127.	MUNNETTO	GEORGE CALKIN	1 1/2
128.	POSTLUDE	GEORGE CALKIN	1 1/2
129.	NUPTIAL MARCH	B. LUARD SELBY	1 1/2
130.	SIX SHORT PIECES (Nos. 1, 2, 3)	W. G. WOOD	1 1/2
131.	SIX SHORT PIECES (Nos. 4, 5, 6)	W. G. WOOD	1 1/2
132.	MONOLOGUES (Nos. 1 to 3)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
133.	MONOLOGUES (Nos. 4 to 6)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
134.	MONOLOGUES (Nos. 7 to 9)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
135.	MONOLOGUES (Nos. 10 to 12)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
136.	ANDANTE GRAZIOSO	PERCY W. PILCHER	1 1/2
137.	ANDANTE CON MOTO	J. H. ALLEN	66.
138.	INTRODUCTION AND AIR WITH VARIATIONS	W. G. WOOD	2 1/2
140.	SIX EASY VOLUNTARIES (2nd Set)	KATE LODER	2 1/2
141.	FANTASIA SONATA ON THE ANCIENT MELODY	B. LUARD SELBY	2 1/2
142.	SONATA ON A GERMAN CHORALE OLIVER KING	E. SILAS	2 1/2
143.	FANTASIA	E. SILAS	2 1/2
144.	ALLEGRETTO PASTORALE	H. W. WAREING	1 1/2
145.	SONATA IN D MINOR	ALFRED REDHEAD	3 1/2
146.	MARCH IN C	F. ELLIOT BUTTON	1 1/2
147.	FESTIVAL MARCH	H. W. WAREING	1 1/2
148.	SHORT OFFERTORY	HAMILTON CLARKE	1 1/2
149.	ANDANTE	ARTHUR HENRY BROWN	1 1/2
150.	MEDITATION	HAMILTON CLARKE	1 1/2
151.	ANDANTE IN D MINOR	HAMILTON CLARKE	1 1/2
152.	IDYL	HAMILTON CLARKE	1 1/2
153.	MEDITATION	E. TOWNSEND DRIFFIELD	1 1/2
154.	PASTORALE	E. TOWNSEND DRIFFIELD	1 1/2
155.	OFFERTORY	E. TOWNSEND DRIFFIELD	1 1/2
156.	MARCH (For a Church Festival)	E. T. DRIFFIELD	1 1/2
157.	TEMPO DI MINUETTO	E. T. DRIFFIELD	1 1/2
158.	ANDANTE (Ave Maria)	E. TOWNSEND DRIFFIELD	1 1/2
159.	TEMPO DI MINUETTO	W. A. C. CRUICKSHANK	1 1/2
160.	ADAGIO IN A	OTTO DIENEL	1 1/2
161.	SCHERZANDO IN A MINOR	OTTO DIENEL	1 1/2
162.	ADAGIO IN D	OTTO DIENEL	1 1/2
163.	CONCERT-FUGUE IN E MINOR	OTTO DIENEL	1 1/2
164.	TWO PRELUDES	PERCY W. PILCHER	1 1/2
165.	OFFERTORY IN F	G. F. BLATCH	1 1/2
166.	CHURCH PRELUDES (Nos. 1, 2)	R. E. BRYSON	1 1/2
167.	CHURCH PRELUDES (Nos. 3, 4)	R. E. BRYSON	1 1/2
168.	CHURCH PRELUDES (Nos. 5, 6)	R. E. BRYSON	1 1/2
169.	POSTLUDE IN G	H. ELLIOT BUTTON	1 1/2
170.	FIVE SKETCHES, No. 1, PRELUDE	H. W. PARKER	1 1/2
171.	FIVE SKETCHES, No. 2, SINGER	H. W. PARKER	1 1/2
172.	FIVE SKETCHES, No. 3, VOICER	H. W. PARKER	1 1/2

173.	FIVE SKETCHES, No. 4, PASTORAL INTERLUDE	H. W. PARKER	1 1/2
174.	FIVE SKETCHES, No. 5, NOCTURNE	H. W. PARKER	1 1/2
175.	FOURTH GRAND SONATA (CHRISTMAS SONATA)	OTTO DIENEL	3 1/2
176.	FANTASIA IN F MINOR (Op. 118)	E. SILAS	2 1/2
177.	TWO SKETCHES	G. F. WESLEY MARTIN	1 1/2
178.	TEMPO DI MINUETTO	H. A. WHEELDON	1 1/2
179.	MEDITATION	B. LUARD SELBY	1 1/2
180.	PRELUDE AND POSTLUDE	B. LUARD SELBY	1 1/2
181.	PRELUDE	WILLIAM CRISER	1 1/2
182.	ANDANTE FUGHETTA	WILLIAM CRISER	1 1/2
183.	POSTLUDE	EDWARD CUTLER	1 1/2
184.	MINUET	HAMILTON CLARKE	1 1/2
185.	OLD EASTER MELODY (IO FILII ET FILIE)	JOHN E. WEST	1 1/2
186.	WEDDING MARCH	WILLIAM CRISER	1 1/2
187.	SIX PIECES (Nos. 1, 2)	ALFRED REDHEAD	1 1/2
188.	SIX PIECES (Nos. 3, 4)	ALFRED REDHEAD	1 1/2
189.	SIX PIECES (Nos. 5, 6)	ALFRED REDHEAD	1 1/2
190.	ANTIPHON AND INTERLUDE	E. SILAS	1 1/2
191.	SAVOYARD CHANT	HERBERT W. WAREING	1 1/2
192.	THREE INTERMEZZI	ALAN GRAY	1 1/2
193.	SOLEMN PROCESSIONAL MARCH	G. J. B. MEACHAM	1 1/2
194.	THIRD CONCERT-FANTASIA	OTTO DIENEL	1 1/2
195.	ALLEGRETTO CANTABILE	OTTO DIENEL	1 1/2
196.	ANDANTE WITH VARIATIONS	OTTO DIENEL	2 1/2
197.	ALLEGRO SCHERZANDO	OTTO DIENEL	1 1/2
198.	OFFERTORY IN B♭	EDWARD CUTLER	1 1/2
199.	A MEDITATION	E. DUNCAN	1 1/2
200.	POSTLUDE	E. DUNCAN	1 1/2
201.	COMMUNION AND PRIERE	ALBERT RENAUD	1 1/2
202.	FANTASIE PASTORALE	ALBERT RENAUD	1 1/2
203.	PRELUDE AND FUGUE	E. SILAS	1 1/2
204.	REVERIE AND INTERMEZZO	B. LUARD SELBY	1 1/2
205.	ROMANCE (Op. 174, No. 1)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
206.	SCHERZOSO (Op. 174, No. 2)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
207.	ASPIRATION (Op. 174, No. 3)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
208.	CONTEMPLATION (Op. 174, No. 4)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
209.	AUTUMN (Op. 174, No. 5)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
210.	IMPROVISATION (Op. 174, No. 6)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
211.	SOLEMN FESTIVAL (Op. 174, No. 7)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
212.	DUET (Op. 174, No. 8)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
213.	RICERCARE (Op. 174, No. 9)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
214.	EVENING REST (Op. 174, No. 10)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
215.	MELODIA OSTINATA (Op. 174, No. 11)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
216.	FINALE (Op. 174, No. 12)	J. RHEINBERGER	1 1/2
217.	PRELUDE (Grand Suite, Op. 341)	HAMILTON CLARKE	1 1/2
218.	ALLEMANDE	Do.	1 1/2
219.	ELEGY	Do.	1 1/2
220.	QUAVETTE	Do.	1 1/2
221.	INTERMEZZO	Do.	1 1/2
222.	MINUET	Do.	1 1/2
223.	INTRODUCTION AND FUGHETTA (Grand Suite, Op. 341)	HAMILTON CLARKE	1 1/2
224.	CAPRICCIO	E. SILAS	1 1/2
225.	LULLABY (Op. 348, No. 1)	HAMILTON CLARKE	1 1/2
226.	BRIDAL MARCH (Op. 348, No. 2)	HAMILTON CLARKE	1 1/2
227.	PASTORAL FANTASIA (Op. 348, No. 3)	HAMILTON CLARKE	1 1/2

219.	ALLEGRETTO GRAZIOSO	JOHN E. WEST	1 1/2
220.	MELODY	KING HALL	1 1/2
221.	OFFERTORY	KING HALL	1 1/2
222.	CANZONE	KING HALL	1 1/2
223.	INTERMEZZO	C. CHARLTON PALMER	1 1/2
224.	GRAND MARCH (Op. 158)	HAMILTON CLARKE	1 1/2
225.	ANDANTE CON MOTO (Op. 97, No. 1)	M. E. BOSSI	1 1/2
226.	ASPIRATION (Op. 97, No. 2)	M. E. BOSSI	1 1/2
227.	GRAND CHCEUR (Op. 97, No. 3)	M. E. BOSSI	1 1/2
228.	FOUR SONATINAS, No. 1 in D MINOR	A. B. PLANT	1 1/2
229.	FOUR SONATINAS, No. 2 in G MAJOR	A. B. PLANT	1 1/2
230.	FOUR SONATINAS, No. 3 in A MINOR	A. B. PLANT	1 1/2
231.	FOUR SONATINAS, No. 4 in C MAJOR	A. B. PLANT	1 1/2
232.	SECOND REVERIE	B. LUARD SELBY	1 1/2
233.	THIRD POSTLUDE	B. LUARD SELBY	1 1/2
234.	FANTASIA IN D MINOR	ALAN GRAY	1 1/2
235.	PRELUDE AND FUGA IN A, No. 2 from Six Preludes and Fugues	J. A. GORE OUSELEY	1 1/2
236.	TRIUMPHAL MARCH (Op. 26)	DUDLEY BUCK	1 1/2
237.	RONDO CAPRICE (Op. 35)	DUDLEY BUCK	1 1/2
238.	AT EVENING (Op. 52)	DUDLEY BUCK	1 1/2
239.	ALLEGRO MAESTOSO, 1st Movement of Sonata in D MINOR	JOHN E. WEST	1 1/2
240.	ANDANTE RELIGIOSO, 2nd Movement of Sonata in D MINOR	JOHN E. WEST	1 1/2
241.	ALLEGRO COMPOSO, 3rd Movement of Sonata in D MINOR	JOHN E. WEST	1 1/2
242.	REVERIE IN C	H. S. IRONS	1 1/2
243.	ROMANCE IN G	H. S. IRONS	1 1/2
244.	ELEGY ON THEMES BY HENRY PURCELL	E. SILAS	1 1/2
245.	ANDANTE, LARGHETTO AND ALLEGRO	J. VARLEY ROBERTS	1 1/2
246.	POSTLUDE IN G	CHARLES STEGALL	1 1/2
247.	SIX FUGUES ON THE NAME "BACH," Book I.	SCHUMANN	2 1/2
248.	SIX FUGUES ON THE NAME "BACH," Book II.	SCHUMANN	2 1/2
249.	FESTAL MARCH	SIR GEORGE ELEY	1 1/2
250.	SIX FUGUES (Nos. 1-3)	HANDEL	1 1/2
251.	SIX FUGUES (Nos. 4-6)	HANDEL	1 1/2
252.	CAPRICE	W. WOLSTENHOLME	1 1/2
253.	FANTASIA IN C♯ MINOR	A. M. GOODHART	2 1/2
254.	ANDANTE IN G	G. F. WESLEY MARTIN	66.
255.	COMMEMORATION MARCH (Victoria—our Queen)	JOHN E. WEST	2 1/2
256.	ROMANCE (Violin & Organ)	HAMILTON CLARKE	2 1/2
257.	PASTORALE	PHILIP ARMES	1 1/2
258.	INTRODUCTION AND FUGUE	PHILIP ARMES	1 1/2
259.	PASTORAL OFFERTORY	HAMILTON CLARKE	1 1/2
260.	FANTASIA	CHARLES EDWARD STEPHENS	1 1/2

MEDITATION

FROM "THE LIGHT OF LIFE"
"LUX CHRISTI"

Arranged by
John E. West.

Edward Elgar.

Moderato. $\text{♩} = 72$.

MANUAL. *Sw.*
pp legato

PEDAL. *p espress.*
10 8 8 fl

Solo Clarinet (for Ch. St. Diap.)
[*fl soft 8 fl*]
cres. *f* *sf molto dim.* *p* Ch. (Sw. coupé) *pp*
cen -

do *f* *cres.* *ff* *sf molto dim.* *p* Ch. (Sw. coupé) *pp*

10721

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Sw. *pp* *fp* *R.H.* *L.H. Gt small Op. Diap.*

This system contains the first system of music. It features a grand staff with three staves. The top staff has a whole rest followed by a measure with a 'Sw.' marking. The middle staff begins with a 'pp' marking, followed by a 'fp' marking, and then a 'R.H.' marking. The bottom staff has a 'L.H. Gt small Op. Diap.' marking. The music is in a key with one flat and a 3/4 time signature.

Più lento. Sw. Diaps. *rit.* *p* Sw.

This system contains the second system of music. It features a grand staff with three staves. The top staff has a 'Sw. Diaps.' marking, followed by a 'rit.' marking, and then a 'p' marking. The middle staff has a 'Sw.' marking. The bottom staff has a 'p' marking. The music is in a key with one flat and a 3/4 time signature.

add to Sw. *cres* *ten* *do* *Gt Full Sw. coupé* *f allargando molto* *martello*

This system contains the third system of music. It features a grand staff with three staves. The top staff has an 'add to Sw.' marking, followed by 'cres', 'ten', 'do', 'Gt Full Sw. coupé', and 'f allargando molto'. The middle staff has a 'f allargando molto' marking. The bottom staff has a 'martello' marking. The music is in a key with one flat and a 3/4 time signature.

sf *sf* *ff* *dim. molto*

Sw. Full. (Open)

3/4

Solo, Orch. Oboe (or Ch.)

rit. *a tempo*

Sw. (with trem.) (trem. in) G¹ Clarabella (Sw. coup^d)

pp *pp*

Allegretto. Sw. 8 8 4 (f)

pp Sw.

3/4

Solo Clar. (or Ch.)

br *cresc.* *dim.*

Sw.

3/4

First system of the musical score. The piano part (left) begins with a *pp* (pianissimo) dynamic. The guitar part (right) includes a *G!* (Guitar!) marking and a *mf* (mezzo-forte) dynamic. The system concludes with a *G!* marking and a *mf* dynamic.

Second system of the musical score. The piano part (left) includes a *P_{Sw.}* (Piano Switch) marking and a *pp* dynamic. The vocal part (right) is marked *Ch. (Clar.)* and *Solo, Orch. Oboe.*. The piano part includes the instruction *piu tranquillo.* and a *pp* dynamic. The guitar part (right) includes an *add to Sw* (add to Switch) marking and a *tr* (trill) marking.

Third system of the musical score. The piano part (left) includes a *Sw.* (Switch) marking and a *dim* (diminuendo) marking. The vocal part (right) includes the lyrics *in - u - en - do*. The piano part includes a *G! Clarabella* marking. The system concludes with a *8 ft only* marking.

Sw. Voix. Celeste (with Sub Octave coupler)
dolcissimo

ppp Ch. 8 *ff*

add 16 *ff*

(Sub 8^{ve} in) 16. 8 & 4 *ff*

Increase Sw. gradually.

pp *cres* *cen* *do*

Full Sw. *ff*

sf *sf* *p* with s *ff* Sw. Reeds coup *molto rit.* *p* Sw. Reeds off Ch. Viol. di Gamba Sw.

THE ORGAN WORKS OF J. S. BACH.

EDITED BY J. F. BRIDGE, MUS. DOC., OXON., AND JAMES HIGGS, MUS. BAC., OXON.

In this, the first complete English Edition of John Sebastian Bach's Organ Works (the Choral Preludes excepted), the distribution of the parts between the hands is, in all doubtful cases, clearly indicated by the notes that are to be performed by the right hand being printed on the upper of the two manual staves, while the notes that are to be played by the left hand will be on the lower of the two manual staves. As far as possible care has been taken not needlessly to divide a middle part between the two hands when it can be conveniently performed by one hand continuously. The text has been carefully collated with former Editions, but generally where it differs from Griepenkerl's reading (Peters) it will be found to agree with the more recent Edition of the German Bach Society. Much thought has been given to secure convenient points for turning over, a matter of considerable importance to the performer. (See the "Great" G minor and the "St. Ann's" Fugues.) Suggestions as to the rate of performance and general treatment are given without encumbering the page with too detailed directions, and it is hoped the work in its complete form will be found a boon to the earnest Organ student.

	s.	d.		s.	d.
Book I.—EIGHT SHORT PRELUDES AND FUGUES	2	6	Book VII.—PRELUDES AND FUGUES	3	0
The eight short Preludes and Fugues in the first book are of inestimable value as an introduction to Bach's greater Organ works. Occasional marks of phrasing are added. The changes of keyboard or registers are very simple, and are only made in places where the structure of the composition allows and justifies the treatment. The work is laid out for a three-manual Organ, but the several compositions may generally be performed on an instrument of two manuals.			The seventh book contains several of Bach's most masterly works. The great A minor Prelude and Fugue, the lovely B minor Prelude and Fugue, and the majestic C minor Prelude and Fugue are included together with two that are less well-known—a Prelude and Fugue in C major, a brilliant work, and the Prelude and Fugue in G major (Prelude in 3-2 time). This work has perhaps suffered in popularity from the fact of its having hitherto been set out in a somewhat crowded manner, a defect that has been remedied in the present edition.		
Book II.—PRELUDES, FUGUES, AND TRIO	3	0	Book VIII.—PRELUDES AND FUGUES	3	0
The second book is more advanced in point of difficulty than the first, and will be found of conspicuous interest. It includes the well-known "Giant" in D minor, the shorter Prelude and Fugue in E minor (a great favourite with Mendelssohn), and an exceedingly effective Prelude and Fugue in C minor, in addition to other less-known but important works. It is a specialty of this edition that a convenient and effective mode of performance is everywhere indicated.			The eighth book contains five of Bach's masterpieces—viz., Prelude and Fugue, C major (four movements); Prelude and Fugue in A minor, sometimes known as the "Wedge" Fugue, from the form of the subject. The G major Prelude and Fugue, a brilliant work; Prelude and Fugue, G minor, perhaps the least known of the five works, but a worthy companion of the others, and the great Fantasia and Fugue in G minor, a work of world-wide reputation.		
Book III.—PRELUDES, FUGUES, AND FANTASIA	3	0	Book IX.—TOCCATAS, PRELUDES, AND FUGUES	3	0
The third book contains compositions of greater difficulty, it is therefore more fully fingered and marked for the pedals. It is believed Organ Students will derive the greatest possible assistance by having their attention directed from the outset to a convenient method of dealing with each difficulty as it arises. The present book includes the Fugue in B minor, on a subject from Corelli, a beautiful Prelude and Fugue in A major (most useful for obtaining command of the higher part of the Pedal-board), a Prelude and Fugue in C major, a Fantasia and Fugue in C minor, and the well-known short G minor Fugue.			The ninth book includes the great Toccata in C major, with the unique intermediate Adagio. The Prelude and Fugue in D minor (the Fugue adapted and arranged for the Organ by Bach from the solo Violin Sonata in G minor). Prelude and Fugue in C major (Prelude in 9-8 time), one of the original "Six Grand Preludes and Fugues," and truly a grand work. The three-section Fantasia in G major; and the gigantic Toccata and Fugue in F major.		
Book IV.—SONATAS FOR TWO MANUALS AND PEDAL	3	0	Book X.—TOCCATA, PRELUDES, AND FUGUES	3	0
The fourth book contains the first three of the six celebrated Sonatas or Trios for two manuals and pedal. Spitta says: "These Sonatas were intended by J. S. Bach to complete the education of his eldest son, Wilhelm Friedemann, as an organist." They are invaluable as studies and very beautiful as music. In the present edition they are for the first time fingered and marked for the Pedals.			The tenth book contains (1) The great Toccata and Fugue in D minor (<i>Dorian</i>); (2) A little known Prelude and Fugue in A minor, which, although not taking rank among Bach's greatest works, is yet of much interest (<i>sub</i> Preface); (3) Passacaglia and Fugue in C minor, universally regarded as one of the Master's best works, and eminently fitted to display the resources and grandeur of the Organ; (4) The Fugue in C minor on a theme by Legrenzi, with its brilliant and Fantasia-like Coda; (5) A detached Prelude in A minor, which only requires to be better known to command wider appreciation than it has hitherto obtained.		
Book V.—SONATAS FOR TWO MANUALS AND PEDAL	3	0	Book XI.—FOUR CONCERTOS	3	0
The fifth book contains the last three of the six Sonatas. Those in E minor, C major, and G major. They are of exceeding value to the Student of Organ Playing. The mastery of them assuring him of that thorough independence of hands and feet so indispensable to the fully accomplished organist. As in the former book, proper fingering and pedalling is everywhere indicated. The Preface contains a detailed analysis of each movement.			The eleventh book contains Four Concertos, which are arrangements of works originally written as Violin Concertos by Vivaldi. No. 1 is in G major. No. 2 in A minor; No. 3 in C major; No. 4 in C major. The Preface contains a biographical note of Vivaldi, and a short analysis of the Concertos contained in the Number.		
Book VI.—PRELUDES AND FUGUES	3	0	Book XII.—PRELUDES, FANTASIAS, FUGUES, TRIO, &c.	3	0
The sixth book includes several of Bach's greatest and most popular Organ Works. (1) The Toccata in D minor, with its contrasting effects of recitative-like passages and massive harmonies. (2) The well-known Prelude and Fugue in D major, which Spitta describes as "one of the most dazzlingly beautiful of all the Master's Organ Works." Skillful pedal-players will find it easily suited to them, for the theme is quite exceptionally fitted for pedal <i>lockstep</i> . (3) The Prelude and Fugue in F minor, less known perhaps than the other contents of the book, but scarcely less beautiful, or less worthy of the student's attention. (4) The great Prelude in E-flat major, together with the Fugue in three sections, known as the St. Ann's. The whole are laid out with especial regard to the convenience of the player.			This concluding book contains some of the less known of Bach's Organ Works, but in general attractiveness may compare not unfavourably with either of the previous books, its interest being of a very diversified character. It includes more than a dozen pieces—a brilliant Fugue in G major; 12-8, of great interest and effect; Fantasia and Fugue in A minor, a very attractive work; Fantasia with imitation, B minor, sometimes included among the clavier works, but essentially organ music; Fantasia in G major, an interesting and important work. There are also several smaller compositions (some for manual alone), as Fugues in D, G, C, and C minor, two Preludes and a Fantasia in C, a Trio, Aria, and the Pastorale in F, with other pieces associated with it after the manner of a Suite.		

LONDON: NOVELLO AND COMPANY, LIMITED; AND NOVELLO, EWER AND CO., NEW YORK.

MARCHE FUNÈBRE.

Arranged by
W. Alcock.

P. Tschaïkowsky.
Op. 40. N° 3.

Tempo di Marcia funebre.

Ch. sf! Sw. coup.

MANUAL.

Sw. legato

Sw. poco più f

PEDAL.

doloroso e con molta sentimento

pesante

16 ff! Sw. coup.

1. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

2. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

3. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

4. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

5. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

6. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

7. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

8. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

9. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

10. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

11. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

12. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

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ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

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ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

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ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

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ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

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ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

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ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

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ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

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ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

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ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

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ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

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ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

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ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

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ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

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ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

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ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

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ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

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ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

73. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

74. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

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ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

76. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

77. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

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ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

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ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

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ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

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ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

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ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

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ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

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ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

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ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

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ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

87. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

88. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

89. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

90. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

91. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

92. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

93. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

94. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

95. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

96. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

97. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

98. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

99. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

100. *risoluto*
ff Tromba. L.H. Full Sw.

Sw. *6mf cresc.* *f*

This system contains the first three measures of the piece. The right hand features a series of chords and eighth-note patterns. The left hand has a steady eighth-note accompaniment. Dynamic markings include *6mf cresc.* and *f*.

Full. *Sw. coup.* *Sw.* *Sw. to Ped.*

This system contains measures 4 through 8. It includes a section marked *Ch. Dulciana.* with a *Sw. coup.* (switch coup) instruction. The left hand has a *Sw.* (switch) instruction and a *Sw. to Ped.* (switch to pedal) instruction. Dynamics include *p* (piano) and *Sw.* (switch).

Sw. *poco più fe cresc.* *ff* *p*

This system contains measures 9 through 13. It features a *Sw.* (switch) instruction and a *poco più fe cresc.* (poco più forte crescendo) instruction. The right hand has a *ff* (fortissimo) section followed by a *p* (piano) section. The left hand continues with eighth-note accompaniment.

Orch. Oboe, or Gamba Ch.

cantabile

Sw.

p

mf

p

Ch.

G! s f!

G!

Sw.

Clarinet.

First system of musical notation. The system consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat). It contains a melodic line with eighth and quarter notes. The middle staff is in bass clef with a key signature of two flats. It features a dense texture of chords, primarily triads and dyads, with many beamed eighth notes. The bottom staff is in bass clef with a key signature of two flats and contains a simple bass line with quarter and half notes.

Second system of musical notation. The system consists of three staves. The top staff continues the melodic line from the first system. The middle staff continues the dense chordal texture, with the word "cresc." (crescendo) written above it in the second measure. The bottom staff continues the bass line, featuring a long, low note in the second measure.

Third system of musical notation. The system consists of three staves. The top staff features a melodic line with a "Sw." (swell) marking above the first measure. The middle staff features a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes with a "ff" (fortissimo) dynamic marking and "Gl Diaps." (glissando diaphragm) written above it. The bottom staff features a bass line with a "Sw." (swell) marking above the first measure and a "Gl" (glissando) marking above the third measure.

First system of the musical score. It features three staves: a grand staff (treble and bass clef) and a separate bass staff. The key signature has two flats. The first staff begins with a *mf* dynamic and includes a *gl* (glissando) marking. The second staff has a *Sw.* (swell) marking and a *dim.* (diminuendo) marking. The third staff has a *reduce* marking. The system concludes with a double bar line.

Second system of the musical score. The first staff is marked *mf* and includes a *Sw.* (swell) marking. Above the first staff, the instruction *Ch. s! Sw. coup.* is written. The second staff has a *Ch.* (chord) marking and a *poco più f* (a little louder) marking. The third staff continues the rhythmic pattern. The system concludes with a double bar line.

Third system of the musical score. The first staff has a *risoluta* (resolute) marking. The second staff has a *Tromba.* (Trombone) marking and a *L.H.* (Left Hand) marking. The third staff has a *Full Sw.* (Full Swell) marking. The system concludes with a double bar line.

First system of musical notation. The top staff features a Tromba part with sixteenth-note runs and a piano part with chords and a single note. The bottom staff contains a single eighth-note line. Labels include "Tromba," "L.H.," and "Sw." appearing twice.

Second system of musical notation. The top staff continues the Tromba part with eighth-note patterns. The piano part features a melodic line in the right hand and a bass line in the left hand. Labels include "Sw.," "G!", "cresc.," and "f" (forte).

Third system of musical notation. The top staff includes a Ch. Dulciana part with a swell ("Sw. coup.") and continues the piano part. The bottom staff features a bass line with a swell ("Sw. to Ped.") and a piano dynamic marking ("P"). Labels include "Full.," "Sw.," "P," and "Sw. to Ped."

Sw.
poco più *f* e cresc. *ff*

This system contains the first system of a musical score. It features three staves: a treble staff with a melody of eighth and sixteenth notes, and two bass staves with accompaniment. The key signature has two flats (B-flat and E-flat). The tempo/mood is marked 'Sw.' (Sostenuto). The dynamics are marked 'poco più *f* e cresc.' and 'ff' (fortissimo).

f *dim.* *p* *pp*

This system contains the second system of the musical score. It continues the three-staff arrangement. The dynamics are marked *f* (forte), *dim.* (diminuendo), *p* (piano), and *pp* (pianissimo). The accompaniment in the bass staves consists of steady eighth-note patterns.

Salcional only *ppp*

This system contains the third system of the musical score. It includes the same three-staff arrangement. The dynamics are marked *ppp* (pianissimo). The final measure of the system is marked 'Salcional only'.

MARCH.

AGNES ZIMMERMANN.

Gt to Prin: coupd to
Full Sw:Gt Org: Diap:
a tempo

MANUALE.

PEDALE.

MANUALE.

PEDALE.

f Gt

Sw:

Rit molto.

Sw: *mf*

Gt Org: Diap:

a tempo

Full Sw:

Gt

Org:

+175

This page of musical notation consists of three systems, each with three staves. The top staff of each system is in treble clef, and the bottom two are in bass clef. The music is written in a key with one flat (B-flat) and a 2/4 time signature. The notation is highly complex, featuring many chords, some with multiple accidentals, and various melodic lines. Dynamics include *ff* (fortissimo), *Cres.* (crescendo), *sf* (sforzando), and *acc.* (accents). There are also markings for *swz* (sustained weight) and *sfz* (sforzando). The page number 4175 is at the bottom center.

4175

Flute & Dul: Choir,
coupled to Sw:

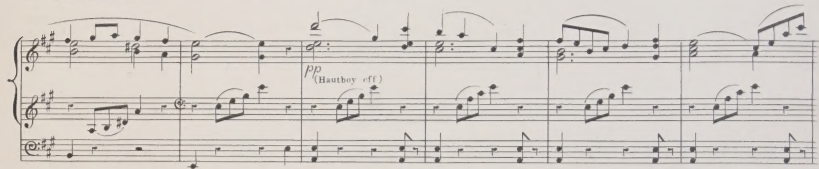
8



Swell Hautboy

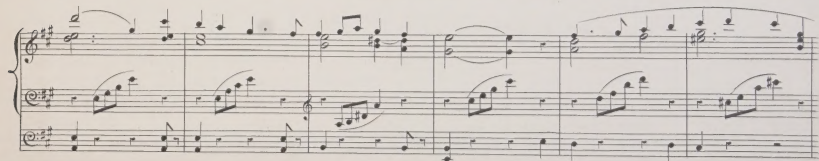
Ped soft 16 & 8

This system contains the first six measures of the piece. The music is in 3/4 time with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The upper staff features a melody with long notes and slurs. The middle staff has a continuous eighth-note triplet accompaniment. The lower staff provides a harmonic foundation with sustained notes and some triplet patterns.



pp
(Hautboy off)

This system contains measures 7 through 12. The melody in the upper staff continues with slurs and ties. The middle staff's triplet accompaniment remains consistent. The lower staff continues its harmonic support. The dynamic marking *pp* (pianissimo) is indicated at the start of measure 10, with the instruction "(Hautboy off)" in parentheses.



This system contains the final six measures (13-18) of the piece. The musical notation follows the same patterns as the previous systems, with the upper staff carrying the melody, the middle staff providing a triplet accompaniment, and the lower staff providing harmonic support. The piece concludes with a final chord in the upper staff.

Musical score for piano, showing three systems of music. The first system has 6 measures. The second system has 6 measures. The third system has 6 measures and includes performance instructions: *f Cres: Rit:*, *ff Full Sw:*, *Sempre ff 6!*, and *Sw: to Ped:*.

First system of a musical score. It features three staves: a grand staff (treble and bass clef) and a separate bass staff. The music is in 2/4 time. The first two measures show chords in the grand staff and a single note in the bass staff. The third measure has a fermata over the grand staff. The fourth measure begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic and features a melodic line in the grand staff and a single note in the bass staff. The fifth measure continues this pattern.

Second system of the musical score. It consists of three staves. The first measure is marked with a crescendo (*Cres:*). The second measure has a forte (*f*) dynamic. The third measure has a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic. The fourth measure has a *Rit:* (ritardando) marking. The system concludes with a double bar line. The music is in 2/4 time and features a mix of chords and melodic lines across the three staves.

Third system of the musical score. It consists of three staves. The first measure is marked with "G⁴ Org: Diap,". The second measure has a "Sw:" (swell) marking. The system continues with various chords and melodic lines across the three staves. The music is in 2/4 time.

This page of musical notation consists of three systems, each with three staves (treble, middle, and bass clef). The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

System 1: The first system shows a melodic line in the treble clef and a more rhythmic accompaniment in the middle and bass clefs. A *Sw.* (Swell) marking is present in the middle staff.

System 2: The second system continues the piece, featuring a *Gt & Full Sw.* (Great and Full Swell) marking in the middle staff, indicating a significant change in volume or texture.

System 3: The third system includes a *Cres.* (Crescendo) marking in the middle staff, followed by a *ff* (fortissimo) dynamic marking, suggesting a powerful and intense section of the music.

The page is numbered 4175 at the bottom center.

ff *Presto.*

Accel *Cres:*

4175

Original Compositions

for the Organ.

1. TWO INTRODUCTORY VOLUNTARIES	GEORGE J. BENNETT 1/2
2. THREE ANDANTES	HAMILTON CLARKE 2-
3. POSTLUDE (CHRISTMAS)	Dr. GARRETT 1/2
4. ANDANTE CON MOTO	Dr. GARRETT 1/2
5. INTERLUDE FOR ADVENT	OLIVER KING 1/2
6. PRELUDE FOR LENT. Op. 10. No. 2 OLIVER KING	
7. FANTASIA ON A THEME BY HER-	MANN GOETZ. Op. 20. OLIVER KING 1/2
8. THREE PIECES. A. BAPTISM. B. WEDDING. C. BURIAL	A. C. MACKENZIE each 1/2
9. VOLUNTARY FOR CHRISTMAS	OSELEY 1/2
10. VOLUNTARY	OSELEY 1/2
11. SHORT VOLUNTARY FOR A TIME OF SORROW	RIDLEY PRENTICE 60.
12. SHORT VOLUNTARY FOR LENT	B. LUARD SELBY 1/2
13. POSTLUDE IN C MINOR	Dr. STEGGALL 1/2
14. CONCLUDING VOLUNTARY OR FANTASIA (LENT)	C. E. STEPHENS 1/2
15. THREE CANONS	W. G. WOOD 2/2
16. ALLEGRETTO	CHARLES H. LLOYD 1/2
17. ALLEGRETTO IN D	B. LUARD SELBY 1/2
18. THREE PIECES. No. 1. ALLEGRETTO MODERATO. No. 2. ANDANTE CON MOTO. No. 3. PROCESSIONAL MARCH.	H. M. HIGGS 2/2
19. ANDANTE IN G	H. W. WAREING 1/2
20. ANDANTE IN A AND MINUET IN A	CH. H. LLOYD 1/2
21. ALLEGRO MA NON TROPPO	OSCAR WAGNER 1/2
22. PROCESSIONAL WEDDING MARCH	H. R. BIRD 1/2
23. REVERIE	B. LUARD SELBY 1/2
24. THREE PIECES IN F, D, and G	B. LUARD SELBY 1/2
25. MARCHE SERIEUSE	B. LUARD SELBY 1/2
26. SIX MINUETTES	OSCAR WAGNER 2/2
27. THREE PRELUDES	JOHN E. WEST 1/2
28. COMMUNION IN D	B. LUARD SELBY 1/2
29. PRELUDIUM E FUGHETTA	B. LUARD SELBY 1/2
30. INTRODUCTION AND FUGUE	Dr. GLADSTONE 1/2
31. ANDANTE AND FUGUE	Dr. GLADSTONE 1/2
32. PASTORALE AND MELODY IN A	B. LUARD SELBY 1/2
33. ORCHESTRAL MARCH	B. LUARD SELBY 1/2
34. SONATE	OSCAR WAGNER 1/2
35. SKETCH IN C MINOR	JOHN E. WEST 1/2
36. FUGUE IN E MINOR	JOHN E. WEST 1/2
37. MINUET AND TRIO	B. LUARD SELBY 1/2
38. ANDANTE IN B	B. LUARD SELBY 1/2
39. SARABANDE	B. LUARD SELBY 1/2
40. POSTLUDE IN D	B. LUARD SELBY 1/2
41. ANDANTE GRAZIOSO	Dr. C. S. HEAP 1/2
42. FANTASIA IN C	BERTHOLD TOURS 1/2

43. ALLEGRETTO GRAZIOSO	BERTHOLD TOURS 1/2
44. MENUETTO	BERTHOLD TOURS 1/2
45. POSTLUDE	BERTHOLD TOURS 1/2
46. FANTASIA IN C MINOR	W. S. HOYTE 1/2
47. FOUR SHORT VOLUNTARIES	KATE WESTROP 1/2
48. CONCERT FANTASIA AND FUGUE	W. G. WOOD 2/2
49. SONATA IN D MINOR	CHARLES H. LLOYD 2/2
50. ANDANTE IN E. MINUET AND TRIO. No. 2. IN A MINOR	B. LUARD SELBY 1/2
51. POSTLUDE IN D	W. G. WOOD 1/2
52. ALLEGRO IN C	W. G. WOOD 1/2
53. MELODY IN B	ARTHUR CARNALL 1/2
54. THREE ANDANTES	HAMILTON CLARKE 1/2
55. POSTLUDE IN B	JOHN E. WEST 1/2
56. ALLEGRO, IN FORM OF A MINUET	W. G. WOOD 1/2
57. ALLEGRO MA NON TROPPO	H. M. HIGGS 1/2
58. PRELUDE AND FUGUE	H. M. HIGGS 1/2
59. MELODIE. PRIERE, PASTORALE	H. M. HIGGS 1/2
60. OFFERTORY IN D MINOR	H. M. HIGGS 1/2
61. ANDANTINO IN D	J. BARNBY 60.
62. COMMUNION AND LARGHETTO	BATISTE 1/2
63. PRELUDE AND POSTLUDE	BATISTE 1/2
64. GRAND OFFERTORY IN A	HAMILTON CLARKE 1/2
65. MINUET IN B	HAMILTON CLARKE 1/2
66. LARGHETTO IN C	C. J. FROST 1/2
67. FANTASIA IN B	C. J. FROST 1/2
68. SONATINA IN G	C. J. FROST 1/2
69. ANDANTE MODERATO IN A	Dr. GARRETT 1/2
70. PRELUDE IN C MINOR	F. E. GLADSTONE 1/2
71. ALLEGRO MARZIALE	F. E. GLADSTONE 1/2
72. PRELUDE AND FUGUE IN A MINOR	CH. GREEDNER 1/2
73. ANDANTE IN F	J. W. GRIFFIN 60.
74. MARCHE TRIUMPHALE IN E	POSTLUDE IN F ALEX. GUILMANT 1/2
75. FANTASIE SUR DEUX MELODIES ANGLAISES	ALEX. GUILMANT 1/2
76. FESTAL MARCH IN E	Dr. C. S. HEAP 1/2
77. FANTASIA ON MENDELSSOHN'S VOLKSLEID	Dr. C. S. HEAP 1/2
78. PRELUDE IN G	GEO. HEPPWORTH 1/2
79. RELIGIOUS MARCH IN E	W. MACFARREN 60.
80. ANDANTE IN G AND MARCH	G. A. MACFARREN 1/2
81. VARIATIONS ON THE PSALM-TUNE "WINDSOR"	G. A. MACFARREN 1/2
82. ANDANTE IN D	H. S. OAKLEY 1/2
83. PRELUDE AND FUGUE	OSELEY 1/2
84. PRELUDE IN C MINOR	W. PARRATT 60.
85. POSTLUDE IN C MINOR	E. PROUT 1/2
86. ANDANTE IN E	POSTLUDE IN C F. J. READ 1/2

87. ANDANTE SERIOSO IN D MINOR	C. REINECKE 60.
88. ALLEGRO VIVACE IN D	C. T. SPEER 1/2
89. PRELUDE AND FUGUE IN E MINOR	C. V. STANFORD 1/2
90. POSTLUDE IN C	H. J. STARK 1/2
91. ALLEGRETTO PASTORALE IN A AND FUGUE IN D MINOR	C. STEGGALL 1/2
92. OFFERTORY IN F	C. E. STEPHENS 1/2
93. CONCERT-FANTASIA IN D MINOR	SIR R. P. STEWART 1/2
94. FUGATO IN C	PH. TIETZ 1/2
95. PASTORALE IN E	CONCLUDING VOLUNTARY, FUGATO IN G MINOR PH. TIETZ 1/2
96. MARCH IN F	J. H. WALLIS 1/2
97. VOLUNTARY (GRAVE AND ANDANTE) IN S. WESLEY 1/2	
98. CONCERT-FANTASIA, D MINOR	JOHANN WOPPING 1/2
99. THEME IN A	F. W. HIRD 1/2
100. MAESTRO ALLA MARCIA	F. W. HIRD 1/2
101. POSTLUDE IN F	ALGERNON ASHTON 1/2
102. POSTLUDE IN C MINOR	Dr. G. S. HEAP 2/2
103. OFFERTORY	JOHN FRANCOIS WOPPING 1/2
104. SCHERZO SYMPHONIQUE	ALBERT RENAUD 1/2
105. MARCHE SOLENNELLE (FROM LEAVY)	A. RENAUD 1/2
106. MEDITATION (FROM NICOU. CHORON)	A. RENAUD 1/2
107. ANDANTE RELIGIOSO (NICOU. CHORON)	A. RENAUD 1/2
108. TOCCATA IN D MINOR	W. G. WOOD 1/2
109. INTRODUCTION AND VARIATIONS	HAYNES 2/2
110. THREE OFFERTORIES	HAMILTON CLARKE 2/2
111. PASTORALE	B. LUARD SELBY 1/2
112. SIX EASY VOLUNTARIES	KATE LODER 2/2
113. TWELVE CHARACTERISTIC PIECES	Books 1, 2, 3 RHEINBERGER each 1/2
114. Book 4	RHEINBERGER 2/2
115. FESTAL MARCH	GEORGE KALKIN 1/2
116. ROMANCE	BATTISTON HAYNES 1/2
117. LARGHETTO	F. E. GLADSTONE 1/2
118. SOLEMN MARCH	B. LUARD SELBY 1/2
119. ELEGY	B. LUARD SELBY 1/2
120. FESTIVAL PRELUDE	OTTO DIENEL 1/2
121. CONCERT-FANTASIE (No. 1)	OTTO DIENEL 2/2
122. CONCERT-FANTASIE (No. 2)	OTTO DIENEL 1/2
123. ADAGIO	OTTO DIENEL 1/2
124. ANDANTE PASTORALE	ALGERNON ASHTON 1/2
125. CONCERT-OVERTURE IN C MINOR	W. G. WOOD 1/2
126. MINUETTO	GEORGE KALKIN 1/2
127. POSTLUDE	GEORGE KALKIN 1/2
128. NUPTIAL MARCH	B. LUARD SELBY 1/2
129. SIX SHORT PIECES (Nos. 1, 2, 3)	W. G. WOOD 1/2
130. SIX SHORT PIECES (Nos. 4, 5, 6)	W. G. WOOD 1/2
131. MONOLOGUES (Nos. 1 to 3)	J. RHEINBERGER 1/2
132. MONOLOGUES (Nos. 4 to 6)	J. RHEINBERGER 1/2
133. MONOLOGUES (Nos. 7 to 9)	J. RHEINBERGER 1/2
134. MONOLOGUES (Nos. 10 to 12)	J. RHEINBERGER 1/2

(For continuation, see other list.)

Nos. 41 to 43, 60 to 100, and 245 from "The Organist's Quarterly Journal."

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Organ Arrangements

EDITED BY

GEORGE C. MARTIN

Organist of St. Paul's Cathedral.

ARRANGED BY		ARRANGED BY	
1. SLOW MOVEMENT (PIANOFORTE QUINTET).....SCHUMANN	 G. C. MARTIN 1/6	✓ 28. ADAGIO SOSTENUTO (QUARTET, Op. 76, No. 1)..... HAYDN	.. A. W. MARCHANT 1/-
MINUET (TWELVE MINUETS FOR ORCHESTRA).....BEETHOVEN	 G. C. MARTIN 1/6	✓ 29. INTRODUCTION AND FUGUE IN E FLAT..... HESSE	.. A. W. MARCHANT 1/-
2. ANDANTE (PIANOFORTE SONATA, Op. 147).....SCHUBERT	 G. C. MARTIN 1/6	30. ANDANTE IN C MINOR (QUARTET)..... SPOHR	.. A. W. MARCHANT 1/-
3. LARGO.....HANDEL	 G. C. MARTIN 1/6	✓ 31. ANDANTE IN A QUARTET IN D..... MOZART	.. A. W. MARCHANT 1/-
AS PANTS THE HART ("CALVARY").....SPOHR	 G. C. MARTIN 1/-	✓ 32. FUGUE IN C MAJOR.....ALBRECHTSBERGER	.. A. W. MARCHANT 1/-
AGNUS DEI (MASS IN G).....SCHUBERT	 G. C. MARTIN 1/-	✓ 33. MINUET (FIRST VIOLONCELLO SUITE).....BACH	.. A. W. MARCHANT 1/-
3. OVERTURE ("ACIS AND GALATEA").....HANDEL	 G. C. MARTIN 1/-	GAVOTTE IN E MINOR.....VERACINI	.. A. W. MARCHANT 1/-
ALBUMBLÄTTER (No. 1, Op. 99).....SCHUMANN	 G. C. MARTIN 1/6	✓ 34. ADAGIO IN D..... MOZART	.. A. W. MARCHANT 1/-
ADAGIO (SONATA, Op. 2, No. 1).....BEETHOVEN	 G. C. MARTIN 1/6	✓ 35. LA CARITA.....ROSSINI	.. A. W. MARCHANT 1/-
4. THE CAT'S FUGUE.....SCARLATTI	 G. C. MARTIN 1/6	✓ 36. TOCCATA IN A MAJOR.....PURCELL	.. H. DAVAN WETTON 1/6
ALBUMBLÄTTER (No. 5, Op. 99).....SCHUMANN	 G. C. MARTIN 1/6	✓ 37. VOLUNTARY IN D MINOR.....PURCELL	.. W. ALCOCK 1/6
ROMANZE AND SCHERZO (FOURTH SYMPHONY).....SCHUMANN	 G. C. MARTIN 1/6	✓ 38. FINALE FROM "SYMPHONIE PATHÉTIQUE".....TSCHAIKOWSKY	CHAR. MACPHERSON 2/-
5. AIR (OVERTURE FOR SUITE) IN D.....BACH	 G. C. MARTIN 1/6	✓ 39. GRAND FUNERAL MARCH IN C MINOR.....SCHUBERT	 E. SILAS 1/-
6. ALLEGRO (QUARTET, Op. 18, No. 2).....BEETHOVEN	 G. C. MARTIN 1/6	✓ 40. AIR, "LORD, TO THEE MY HEART I PROFFER" ("ST. MATTHEW" PASSION).....BACH	D. JOHN D. COOPER 1/-
MENUETTO (PIANOFORTE SONATA, Op. 122).....SCHUBERT	 G. C. MARTIN 1/6	41. ANDANTE CON MOTO (SYMPHONY IN B FLAT).....SCHUBERT	W. A. C. CRUICKSHANK 1/6
7. EIA MATER ("STABYR MATER").....DVOŘÁK	 G. C. MARTIN 1/6	42. 1ST MOVEMENT ("HYMN OF PRAISE").....MENDELSSOHN	W. A. C. CRUICKSHANK 2/6
ROMANCE.....MOZART	 G. C. MARTIN 1/6	43. PRELUDE IN G (No. 13).....CHOPIN	BUENHAM W. HORNÉ 1/-
✓ 8. MINUET AND ALLEGRO.....HANDEL	... B. LUARD SELBY 1/6	44. BASSO OSTINATO (Op. 5, No. 5).....A. ARENSKY	BUENHAM W. HORNÉ 1/-
✓ 9. FUNERAL MARCH ("DREAM OF JUBAL").....A. C. MACKENZIE	 G. C. MARTIN 1/6	45. IMPERIAL MARCH.....E. ELGAR	 G. C. MARTIN 2/-
✓ 10. CHACONNE IN F MAJOR.....PURCELL	.. A. W. MARCHANT 1/-	✓ 46. ALLEGRETTO ("HYMN OF PRAISE" SYMPHONY).....MENDELSSOHN	W. A. C. CRUICKSHANK 1/6
✓ 11. ADAGIO IN B MINOR.....MOZART	.. A. W. MARCHANT 1/-	✓ 47. INTRODUCTION TO THE "PASSION MUSIC".....HAYDN	 W. J. PHILLIPS 1/-
✓ 12. ADAGIO (SEXTET, Op. 81).....BEETHOVEN	 A. B. PLANT 1/6	✓ 48. PRELUDE AND FUGUE ON THE NAME OF BACH.....J. S. BACH	... G. M. GARRETT 1/6
13. IN ELYSIUM ("ORPHÉE").....GLUCK	... E. J. BELLERY 1/-	✓ 49. MARCH ("ABRAHAM").....MOLIQUE	ARTHUR C. EDWARDS 1/-
14. JUDEX ("MORS ET VITA").....GOUNOD	... JOHN E. WEST 1/-	✓ 50. OVERTURE TO "CALVARY".....SPOHR	W. A. C. CRUICKSHANK 1/6
✓ 15. GRAND MARCH (INTRODUCTION, ACT II, "LOHENGRIN").....WAGNER	... W. CRESER 1/-	✓ 51. ADAGIO RELIGIOSO ("HYMN OF PRAISE" SYMPHONY).....MENDELSSOHN	W. A. C. CRUICKSHANK 1/6
✓ 16. BRIDAL CHORUS ("LOHENGRIN").....WAGNER	... W. CRESER 1/-	✓ 52. MEDITATION ("THE LIGHT OF LIFE").....E. ELGAR	 JOHN E. WEST 1/-
17. CONCERTO GROSSO (No. X).....CORELLI	 A. B. PLANT 1/6	✓ 53. MARCHE FUNÈBRE (Op. 40, No. 8).....TSCHAIKOWSKY	 W. ALCOCK 1/6
18. PASSECAILLE.....COUPERIN	... JAMES SHAW 1/-	✓ 54. MARCH IN D MINOR (Op. 18).....AGNES ZIMMERMANN	 J. STAINER 1/6
19. REPRESENTATION OF CHAOS ("THE CREATION").....HAYDN	... WILLIAM H. STOKES 1/-	✓ 55. PRELUDE IN C MINOR.....S. RACHMANINOW	 G. R. SINCLAIR 1/-
✓ 20. MODERATO (1st MOVEMENT, SONATA, Op. 42).....SCHUBERT	... ARTHUR B. PLANT 2/-	✓ 56. ALLEGRO CON GRAZIA (3) FROM "SYMPHONIE PATHÉTIQUE".....TSCHAIKOWSKY	CHAR. MACPHERSON 2/-
✓ 21. ANDANTE CON MOTO (UNFINISHED SYMPHONY).....SCHUBERT	W. A. C. CRUICKSHANK 2/-		
✓ 22. SLOW MOVEMENT IN A FLAT (3rd SYMPHONY).....SCHUMANN	W. A. C. CRUICKSHANK 1/-		
✓ 23. SOLEMN MARCH ("THE BLACK KNIGHT").....E. ELGAR	 E. ELGAR 1/-		
✓ 24. ANDANTE CON MOTO (SYMPHONY IN C).....SCHUBERT	... ARTHUR B. PLANT 2/-		
✓ 25. OVERTURE TO THE "ODE ON ST. CECILIA'S DAY".....HANDEL	CHAR. MACPHERSON 1/6		
✓ 26. LARGHETTO (SYMPHONY IN B FLAT).....SCHUMANN	.. A. W. MARCHANT 1/-		
✓ 27. "WARUM?".....SCHUMANN	.. A. W. MARCHANT 1/-		
LIEBESLIED.....HENSELT	.. A. W. MARCHANT 1/-		

G! Diap. with Sw. coup.
Sw. s! with soft Reed.
Ch. soft s!f

PRELUDE.

Arranged by G. R. Sinclair.

S. Rachmaninoff Op. 3, No. 2.

Lento. ♩ = 80.

MANUAL.

PEDAL.

16 ft coup. to G! & Sw. G! to Ped. in

Sw. Ch. mp Ch. pp Sw. Ch. Sw.

Ch. ppp mf

Agitato. ♩ = 138.
Full Sw.

3 3 3 3

G!

First system of musical notation. The score is in 3/4 time with a key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The upper staff (treble clef) features a melodic line with triplets and slurs, marked with *cresc.* and *dim.*. The lower staff (bass clef) provides a harmonic accompaniment, marked with *mf*. A third staff at the bottom is empty.

Second system of musical notation. The upper staff continues the melodic line with slurs and a *cresc.* marking. The lower staff continues the accompaniment, marked with *Sw.* (Sustained Weight). The third staff remains empty.

Third system of musical notation. The upper staff continues the melodic line, marked with *dim.* and *cresc.*. The lower staff continues the accompaniment, marked with *ff* (fortissimo) and includes the instruction "Solo Tuba (or G^t)". The third staff remains empty.

First system of musical notation. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#). It contains four measures of music, each with a triplet of eighth notes. The bottom staff is in bass clef with a key signature of three sharps. It contains four measures of music, with the first measure marked 'o!' and the second measure marked 'dim.'. The third measure of the bottom staff is marked 'Solo.'. The system concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Second system of musical notation. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of three sharps. It contains four measures of music, with the first measure marked 'o!'. The bottom staff is in bass clef with a key signature of three sharps. It contains four measures of music, with the first measure marked 'o!'. The second measure of the bottom staff is marked 'cresc.'. The third measure of the bottom staff is marked 'cresc. e accel.'. The system concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Third system of musical notation. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of three sharps. It contains four measures of music. The bottom staff is in bass clef with a key signature of three sharps. It contains four measures of music, with the first measure marked 'o!'. The second measure of the bottom staff is marked 'sempre cresc.'. The system concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Tempo I^o*molto ritenuto*

The musical score is written for piano and consists of three systems. The first system begins with a treble and bass staff. The treble staff has a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#) and a 2/4 time signature. The bass staff has a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature. The first system includes a *molto ritenuto* marking and dynamic markings *ff* and *fff*. The second system continues the piece. The third system includes a *ritard.* marking and a series of dynamic markings: *f*, *mf dim.*, *mp*, *p dim.*, *Sw. p*, *dim.*, and *ppp*. The score is written for piano with treble and bass staves.

Organ Arrangements

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Organist of St. Paul's Cathedral.

ARRANGED BY			ARRANGED BY		
✓ 1. SLOW MOVEMENT (PIANOFORTE QUINTET).....	SCHUMANN	1/5	✓ 28. ADAGIO SOSTENUTO (QUARTET, Op. 76, No. 1).....	HAYDN	A. W. MARCHANT 1/-
✓ 2. MINUET (TWELVE MENUEUX FOR ORCHESTRA).....	BEETHOVEN	G. C. MARTIN 1/5	✓ 29. INTRODUCTION AND FUGUE IN E FLAT.....	HESSE	A. W. MARCHANT 1/-
✓ 3. ANDANTE (PIANOFORTE SONATA, Op. 147).....	SCHUBERT		✓ 30. ANDANTE IN C MINOR (QUARTET).....	SPOHR	A. W. MARCHANT 1/-
✓ 4. LARGO.....	HANDEL	G. C. MARTIN 1/5	✓ 31. ANDANTE IN A (QUARTET IN D).....	MOZART	A. W. MARCHANT 1/-
✓ 5. AS PANTS THE HART ("CALVARY").....	SPOHR		✓ 32. FUGUE IN C MAJOR.....	ALBRECHTSBERGER	A. W. MARCHANT 1/-
✓ 6. AGNUS DEI (MASS IN G).....	SCHUBERT		✓ 33. MINUET (FIRST VIOLONCELLO SUITE).....	BACH	A. W. MARCHANT 1/-
✓ 7. OVERTURE ("ACIS AND GALATEA").....	HANDEL	G. C. MARTIN 1/-	✓ 34. GAVOTTE IN E MINOR.....	VERACINI	A. W. MARCHANT 1/-
✓ 8. ALBUMBLÄTTER (No. 1, Op. 99).....	SCHUMANN		✓ 35. ADAGIO IN D.....	MOZART	A. W. MARCHANT 1/-
✓ 9. ADAGIO (SONATA, Op. 2, No. 1).....	BEETHOVEN		✓ 36. LA CARITA.....	ROSSINI	A. W. MARCHANT 1/-
✓ 10. THE CAT'S FUGUE.....	SCARLATTI	G. C. MARTIN 1/5	✓ 37. TOCCATA IN A MAJOR.....	PURCELL	H. DAVAN WETTON 1/5
✓ 11. ALBUMBLÄTTER (No. 5, Op. 99).....	SCHUMANN		✓ 38. VOLUNTARY IN D MINOR.....	PURCELL	W. ALCOCK 1/5
✓ 12. ROMANZE AND SCHERZO (FOURTH SYMPHONY).....	SCHUMANN	G. C. MARTIN 1/5	✓ 39. FINALE FROM "SYMPHONIE PATHÉTIQUE".....	TSCHAIKOWSKY	CHAR. MACPHERSON 2/-
✓ 13. AIR (OVERTURE FOR SUITE) IN D.....	BACH	G. C. MARTIN 1/5	✓ 40. GRAND FUNERAL MARCH IN C MINOR.....	SCHUBERT	E. SILAS 1/-
✓ 14. ALLEGRO (QUARTET, Op. 18, No. 2).....	BEETHOVEN		✓ 41. AIR, "LORD, TO THEE MY HEART I PROFFER".....	BACH	D. JOHN D. COOKER 1/-
✓ 15. MENUETTO (PIANOFORTE SONATA, Op. 122).....	SCHUBERT	G. C. MARTIN 1/5	✓ 42. "ST. MATTHEW" PASSION.....		
✓ 16. EJIA MATER ("STABAT MATER").....	DVOŘÁK	G. C. MARTIN 1/5	✓ 43. ANDANTE CON MOTO (SYMPHONY IN B FLAT).....	SCHUBERT	W. A. C. CRUCESHANK 1/5
✓ 17. ROMANCE.....	MOZART		✓ 44. 1st MOVEMENT ("HYMN OF PRAISE").....	MENDELSSOHN	W. A. C. CRUCESHANK 2/-
✓ 18. MINUET AND ALLEGRO.....	HANDEL	B. LUDWIG SELBY 1/5	✓ 45. PRELUDE IN G (No. 13).....	CHOPIN	BURNHAM W. HORNBY 1/-
✓ 19. FUNERAL MARCH ("DREAM OF JUDAS").....	A. C. MACKENZIE	G. C. MARTIN 1/-	✓ 46. BASSO OSTINATO (Op. 5, No. 5).....	A. ARENSKY	BURNHAM W. HORNBY 1/-
✓ 20. CHACONNE IN F MAJOR.....	PURCELL	A. W. MARCHANT 1/-	✓ 47. IMPERIAL MARCH.....	E. ELGAR	G. C. MARTIN 2/-
✓ 21. ADAGIO IN B MINOR.....	MOZART	A. W. MARCHANT 1/-	✓ 48. ALLEGRETTO ("HYMN OF PRAISE" SYMPHONY).....	MENDELSSOHN	W. A. C. CRUCESHANK 1/5
✓ 22. ADAGIO (Sixtet, Op. 81).....	BEETHOVEN	A. B. PLANT 1/-	✓ 49. INTRODUCTION TO THE "PASSION MUSIC".....	HAYDN	W. J. PHILLIPS 1/-
✓ 23. IN ELYSIUM ("ORPHEE").....	GLUCK	E. J. BELLEFAY 1/-	✓ 50. PRELUDE AND FUGUE ON THE NAME OF BACH.....	J. S. BACH	G. M. GARRETT 1/-
✓ 24. JUDEX ("MORS ET VITA").....	GOUDON	JOHN E. WEST 1/-	✓ 51. MARCH ("ABRAHAM").....	MOLIQUE	ARTHUR C. EDWARDS 1/5
✓ 25. GRAND MARCH (INTRODUCTION, Act III, "LOHENGGRIN").....	WAGNER	W. CRESER 1/-	✓ 52. OVERTURE TO "CALVARY".....	SPOHR	W. A. C. CRUCESHANK 1/-
✓ 26. BRIDAL CHORUS ("LOHENGGRIN").....	WAGNER	W. CRESER 1/-	✓ 53. ADAGIO RELIGIOSO ("HYMN OF PRAISE").....	MENDELSSOHN	W. A. C. CRUCESHANK 1/5
✓ 27. CONCERTO GROSSO (No. 3).....	CORELLI	A. B. PLANT 1/5	✓ 54. SYMPHONY.....		
✓ 28. PASSECAILLE.....	COUPERIN	JAMES SHAW 1/-	✓ 55. MEDITATION ("THE LIGHT OF LIFE").....	E. ELGAR	JOHN E. WEST 1/-
✓ 29. REPRESENTATION OF CHAOS ("THE CREATION").....	HAYDN	WILLIAM H. STOCKS 1/-	✓ 56. MARCHE FUNÉBRE (Op. 40, No. 3).....	TSCHAIKOWSKY	W. ALCOCK 1/5
✓ 30. MODERATO 1st MOVEMENT, SONATA, Op. 421.....	SCHUBERT	ARTHUR B. PLANT 2/-	✓ 57. MARCH IN D MINOR (Op. 13).....	AGNES ZIMMERMANN	J. STAINER 1/5
✓ 31. ANDANTE CON MOTO (UNFINISHED SYMPHONY).....	SCHUBERT	W. A. C. CRUCESHANK 2/-	✓ 58. PRELUDE IN C MINOR.....	S. RACHMANINOW	G. R. SINCLAIR 1/-
✓ 32. SLOW MOVEMENT IN A FLAT (3rd SYMPHONY).....	SCHUMANN	W. A. C. CRUCESHANK 1/-	✓ 59. ALLEGRO CON GRAZIA (B).....		
✓ 33. SOLEMN MARCH ("THE BLACK KNIGHT").....	E. ELGAR		✓ 60. FROM "SYMPHONIE PATHÉTIQUE".....	TSCHAIKOWSKY	CHAR. MACPHERSON 2/-
✓ 34. ANDANTE CON MOTO (SYMPHONY IN C).....	SCHUBERT	E. ELGAR 1/-			
✓ 35. OVERTURE TO THE "ODE ON ST. CECILIA'S DAY".....	HANDEL	CHAR. MACPHERSON 1/5			
✓ 36. LARGHETTO (SYMPHONY IN B FLAT).....	SCHUMANN	A. W. MARCHANT 1/-			
✓ 37. WARUM?.....	SCHUMANN				
✓ 38. LIEBESLIED.....	HENSELT	A. W. MARCHANT 1/-			

Prepare Organ:—
Swell: soft s fl and reed.
Great: soft s fl Sw. coupled.
Choir: soft s fl
Pedal: 16 fl Ch. to Ped.

ALLEGRO CON GRAZIA

(FROM SYMPHONIE N° 6. PATHETIQUE)

P. Tschaikowsky. (Op. 74.)

Arranged by
Charles Macpherson.

Allegro con grazia. ♩ = 144.

R. H. (Choir) *mf*

L. H. (Swell) *mf* *f*

PEDAL. *16 fl*

In this arrangement certain indications are made regarding the stops. These are merely intended for general guidance for performance on an organ of moderate size. To players who have larger instruments at their command, many improvements may suggest themselves as rendering the quality of tone more in accordance with the full orchestral score. C. M.

mf G! both hands

più f

Coupler

f

Sw.

mf

mf

Ch. (ad lib.)

L.H.

più f

L.H.

Ch.

L.H.

f

L.H.

Quasi pizzicato

Ch. 8.16 & 4 f!

Gt with 4 f!

Sw. to Ped.

First system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The middle staff is in bass clef with a key signature of two sharps. The bottom staff is in bass clef with a key signature of two sharps. The music features various rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. There are dynamic markings such as *f* (forte) and *mf* (mezzo-forte). A triplet of eighth notes is marked with a '3' over it.

Second system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of two sharps. The middle staff is in bass clef with a key signature of two sharps. The bottom staff is in bass clef with a key signature of two sharps. The music continues with various rhythmic patterns. Dynamic markings include *ff* (fortissimo), *mf* (mezzo-forte), and *f* (forte). A section is marked *Sw.* (Swell). A section is marked *4 fl off.* (4 flutes off). A triplet of eighth notes is marked with a '3' over it.

Third system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of two sharps. The middle staff is in bass clef with a key signature of two sharps. The bottom staff is in bass clef with a key signature of two sharps. The music continues with various rhythmic patterns. Dynamic markings include *f* (forte) and *mf* (mezzo-forte). A section is marked *8va ad lib.* (8va ad libitum). A section is marked *add 16 fl* (add 16 flutes). A section is marked *fl reed* (flute reed). A section is marked *etc. (ad lib)* (etc. ad libitum).

8. *reed off* *Sw. both hands* *R. H.* *Ch. for G's 1st flute*

etc.

This system contains three staves. The top staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). It begins with a measure marked '8.' and contains several measures of music, including a triplet of eighth notes. The middle staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. It contains a measure marked 'reed off' and another marked 'Sw. both hands'. The bottom staff has a bass clef and a key signature of two sharps. It contains a measure marked 'etc.' and another marked 'R. H.'. The system concludes with a measure marked 'Ch. for G's 1st flute'.

Con dolcezza e flebile

Sw. *p* *Gt. Clarabella* *Gt.* *Sw.*

Sw. to Ped.

This system contains three staves. The top staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. It begins with a measure marked 'Con dolcezza e flebile'. The middle staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. It contains a measure marked 'Sw.', a measure marked 'p', a measure marked 'Gt. Clarabella', a measure marked 'Gt.', and a measure marked 'Sw.'. The bottom staff has a bass clef and a key signature of two sharps. It contains a measure marked 'Sw. to Ped.' and several measures of music.

Sw. *p* *add soft 4 fl. to Gt.* *pp* *Sw. both hands*

This system contains three staves. The top staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. It begins with a measure marked 'Sw.'. The middle staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. It contains a measure marked 'p', a measure marked 'add soft 4 fl. to Gt.', and a measure marked 'pp'. The bottom staff has a bass clef and a key signature of two sharps. It contains a measure marked 'Sw. both hands' and several measures of music.

First system of musical notation. The top staff features a Chorus (Ch.) and a Swallow (Sw.) part. The middle staff includes a Gt. Clarinet (Gt. Clar.) part. The bottom staff is a continuous bass line. Dynamics include *f* and *p*. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#).

Second system of musical notation. The top staff continues the Chorus (Ch.) and Swallow (Sw.) parts. The middle staff includes the Gt. Clarinet (Gt. Clar.) part. The bottom staff is a continuous bass line. Dynamics include *f* and *mf*. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#).

Third system of musical notation. The top staff continues the Chorus (Ch.) and Swallow (Sw.) parts. The middle staff includes the Chorus (Ch.) and Swallow (Sw.) parts. The bottom staff is a continuous bass line. Dynamics include *f* and *mf*. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#).

L. H. Ch. *R. H.* *R. H. Ch.* *L. H. Ch.* *R. H.*

fix open *close Sw.* *Sw.* *Sw.* *8 & 4 fl reeds Sw.*

p *p* *gl* *p*

Sw. to Ped off.
Coup. Ch. to Ped.

R. H. Choir.
still stops.

L. H. Swell.
mf
PEDAL.

mf *mf* *più f*

ff

First system of musical notation. It consists of three staves: a grand staff (treble and bass clef) and a separate bass staff. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#). The first staff has a treble clef and contains several measures with triplets and slurs. The second staff has a treble clef and contains measures with slurs and a triplet. The third staff has a bass clef and contains measures with slurs. Dynamics include *mf* and *G!*. A marking *Coupler.* appears at the end of the system.

Second system of musical notation. It consists of three staves: a grand staff and a separate bass staff. The key signature is two sharps. The first staff has a treble clef and contains measures with triplets and slurs. The second staff has a treble clef and contains measures with triplets and slurs. The third staff has a bass clef and contains measures with slurs. Dynamics include *più f*.

Third system of musical notation. It consists of three staves: a grand staff and a separate bass staff. The key signature is two sharps. The first staff has a treble clef and contains measures with triplets and slurs. The second staff has a treble clef and contains measures with triplets and slurs. The third staff has a bass clef and contains measures with slurs. Dynamics include *f*, *mf*, and *più f*. Markings include *Sw. both hands.*, *Sw.*, *L.H.*, and *Ch. (ad lib.)*.

Ch. *L.H.* *f* *L.H.* *Quasi pizzicato* *Ch. 8. 16 & 4 ff* *G¹ with 4 ff*

Sw. to Ped.

f

ff *mf* *4 ff off.* *mf*

Sw. *3* *3*

8^{va} ad lib.

add 16 fl

f s fl reed

etc. (ad lib.)

Sw. both hands.

R.H.

Ch. or G! s fl flute

etc. (ad lib.)

Ch. 8 & 16 fl

G! soft s fl

mf

Ch. 16 fl off

p

Sw.

p

s fl only to Sw.

Detailed description: The image shows a musical score for three systems. The first system features a piano accompaniment with a treble and bass staff, and a woodwind staff with a soprano saxophone part. The second system continues the piano accompaniment and adds a woodwind part for a reed instrument. The third system features a piano accompaniment with a treble and bass staff, and a woodwind staff with a flute part. The score includes various musical notations such as dynamics, articulation, and performance instructions.

Gt. Ch. Gt. Ch. Flute Oboe
 f Sw. p p paca cresc.
 16 fl

Clarinet Flute & Bassoon Ch. Oboe R. H. Gt. R. H. Sw.
 mf R. H. Sw. Clarinet Ch. R. H. pp 3

L. H. Clarinet Ch. Ch. soft s fl Ch. s fl only Sw.
 pp pp pp

Compositions for the Organ

BY

E. SILAS.

	S.	D.								S.	D.
ALLEGRO MODERATO IN F										1	0
ANDANTE IN D										1	0
PRELUDE IN F MINOR										1	0
ANDANTE IN A FLAT										1	0
FANTASIA IN E MINOR										1	6
PASTORALE IN G										1	0
CANZONETTA IN E										1	0
ANDANTE IN C	}									1	0
MELODY IN C											
INTRODUCTION AND FUGUE IN D										1	0
PRELUDE IN D	}									1	0
FUGUE IN C MINOR											
MARCH IN B FLAT										1	0
SONATA IN F										2	6
MINUETTO IN F										1	0
FANTASIA ON "ST. ANN'S" TUNE										1	6
MELODY IN E MINOR										1	0
FANTASIA IN D MINOR. OP. 117										2	0
FANTASIA IN F MINOR. OP. 118										2	6
ANTIPHON AND INTERLUDE. OP. 119										1	6
PRELUDE AND FUGUE IN D MINOR. OP. 120										1	6
CAPRICCIO. OP. 121										1	6
ELEGY ON THEMES BY HENRY PURCELL										1	0
GRAND FUNERAL MARCH (SCHUBERT). Arranged										1	0

LONDON: NOVELLO AND COMPANY, LIMITED
AND
NOVELLO, EWER AND CO., NEW YORK.

GAVOTTE.

Edited and Arranged by
Arthur W. Marchant.

Old French.

Moderato.

MANUAL.

PEDAL.

Ch. 8 & 4 *f!*

mp

G! s f! coup. to Sw. to 15th

tr

mf

Ch.

mp

16 & 8 *f!*

G!

mf

G!

Ch.

mp

Sw. 8 f!

tr

G! to 15th

f

tr

coup. to G!

MUSETTE.

Sw. Oboe & Fl. Flute.

The musical score is arranged in three systems, each with a grand staff (treble and bass clef) and a separate line for the flute. The tempo is marked 'Sw.' (Sostenuto). The key signature has one flat (B-flat).

System 1: The piano part begins with a *mp* (mezzo-piano) dynamic. The flute part is marked *Ch. sfl* (Chiaro, sforzando). The flute line consists of six measures, each containing a single note with a fermata. The piano accompaniment features a steady eighth-note pattern in the left hand and chords in the right hand.

System 2: The piano part continues with the same eighth-note accompaniment. The flute part consists of six measures, with the final measure marked *mf* (mezzo-forte) and *(Open Sw.)* (Open Sostenuto). The piano part has a *mf* dynamic in the final measure of the system.

System 3: The piano part continues with the eighth-note accompaniment. The flute part consists of six measures, with the final measure marked *dim. e rall.* (diminuendo e rallentando). The piano part concludes with a final chord in the right hand and a single note in the left hand.

Ch.
mp *a tempo*
mf *tr.*
Ch.
mp

16 8 8 1!

G! *mf*
add Prin.
f
add 13th
G! to Ped.

(Open Sw.)
Full G! coup. to Full Sw.
ff
molto rall.

Original Compositions for the Organ

BY

HENRY SMART

No.		S.	D.	No.		S.	D.
1.	CHORAL WITH VARIATIONS	1	6	13.	TWELVE SHORT & EASY PIECES IN VARIOUS STYLES. Nos. 9 TO 12	2	6
2	TWO TRIOS	1	6	14.	PRELUDE IN A AND POSTLUDE IN C	1	0
3.	GRAND SOLEMN MARCH IN E FLAT	2	0	15.	PRELUDE IN E FLAT INTRODUCTORY VOLUNTARY IN B FLAT } ANDANTE GRAZIOSO	1	6
4.	ANDANTE. No. 1, IN G MAJOR	1	6	16.	POSTLUDE IN D....	1	6
5.	ANDANTE. No. 2, IN A MAJOR	1	6	17.	TWELVE SHORT INTERLUDES	1	6
6.	ANDANTE. No. 3, IN E MINOR	1	6	18.	MARCH IN G	1	0
7.	SIX SHORT AND EASY PIECES. Nos. 1 AND 2	1	6	19.	EASY PRELUDES. No. 1, IN F; No. 2, IN G	1	0
8.	Do. Do. " 3 AND 4	1	6	20.	MINUET IN C	1	6
9.	Do. Do. " 5 AND 6	1	6	21.	FESTIVE MARCH IN D	1	6
10.	AIR WITH VARIATIONS & FINALE FUGATO....	3	0	22.	POSTLUDE IN E FLAT	1	6
11.	TWELVE SHORT & EASY PIECES IN VARIOUS STYLES. Nos. 1 TO 4	2	6				
12.	TWELVE SHORT & EASY PIECES IN VARIOUS STYLES. Nos. 5 TO 8	2	0				

LONDON: NOVELLO AND COMPANY, LIMITED
AND
NOVELLO, EWER AND CO., NEW YORK.

ADAGIO SOSTENUTO

FROM THE PIANOFORTE SONATA in A, Op. 50, N° 1,

Dedicated to Cherubini.

Edited and Arranged by

Arthur W. Marchant.

Patefico.

Gl soft 8 fl coup. to Sw 8 8 4 fl

Muzio Clementi.

(♩ = 72.)

MANUAL. *mp* *sempre legato* *fz* *sf* *p*

PEDAL. *mp* *Soft 16 fl coup. to Gl* *sf* *p* *dolce* *cresc.*

Musical score for piano, measures 1-10. The score is in 3/4 time with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). It features a complex texture with multiple voices in both hands. Dynamics include *p* (piano) and *mf* (mezzo-forte). A *poco rall.* (poco rallentando) marking appears at the end of the section.

CANONE.
Andante con moto. (♩ = 104.)

Musical score for piano, measures 11-20. This section is a canon. The first staff has a *Sw s ff* (Soprano solo, fortissimo) marking. The second staff has an *mp* (mezzo-piano) marking. The third staff has a *Ch. or soft G s ff* (Chorus or soft G soprano, fortissimo) marking. The tempo is *Andante con moto* with a quarter note equal to 104 beats per minute.

Three systems of musical notation for piano. The first two systems consist of six measures each, featuring complex, flowing arpeggiated figures in both the right and left hands. The third system also consists of six measures, with the final two measures marked *rall.* and *ten.* (tenuendo).

Tempo primo.

G1 coup. to Sw.

Musical notation for piano and soft 16 ft. coup. to G1. The piano part consists of six measures, starting with *mp* (mezzo-piano) and *fz* (forzando) markings, and ending with *p* (piano) and *dolce* markings. The soft 16 ft. coup. to G1 part consists of six measures, starting with a *Soft 16 ft coup. to G1* marking.

First system of musical notation. The treble staff contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together. The bass staff contains a supporting line with eighth notes. A *cresc.* (crescendo) marking is placed above the bass staff. The system concludes with a double bar line.

Second system of musical notation. The treble staff continues the melodic line. The bass staff features a more active line with eighth notes. Dynamic markings include *p* (piano) at the beginning, *mf* (mezzo-forte) in the middle, and *fz* (forzando) followed by *molto cresc.* (molto crescendo) towards the end. The system concludes with a double bar line.

Third system of musical notation. The treble staff continues the melodic line. The bass staff features a more active line with eighth notes. Dynamic markings include *f* (forte) at the beginning, *mp* (mezzo-piano) in the middle, *fz* (forzando) followed by *p* (piano) towards the end, and *pp* (pianissimo) at the very end. A *molto rall. e dim.* (molto rallentando e diminuendo) marking is placed above the final measure. The system concludes with a double bar line.

AIR with VARIATIONS.

Arranged by A. B. Plant.

Haydn.

MANUAL.

Andante.

p Sw.

PEDAL.

p *sf*

pp Sw. *sf*

Ped. to G!

p *CRESC.* *p* *sf*

First system of musical notation. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). It begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic and a crescendo (*cresc.*) marking. The middle staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp, featuring chords and a *Sw.* (Swell) marking. The bottom staff is in bass clef with a key signature of one sharp. A rehearsal mark (double bar line with dots) is present. The system concludes with the instruction "soft 16 & 8!".

Second system of musical notation. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp, featuring a *Ch.* (Chorus) marking. The middle staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp, featuring a *p Sw.* (piano Swell) marking. The bottom staff is in bass clef with a key signature of one sharp. A rehearsal mark (double bar line with dots) is present.

Third system of musical notation. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp, featuring a *Ch.* (Chorus) marking. The middle staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp, featuring a *mf* (mezzo-forte) marking and a *p* (piano) marking. The bottom staff is in bass clef with a key signature of one sharp. A rehearsal mark (double bar line with dots) is present.

staccato

f G!

p Sw.

Ch.

Sw.

Ped. to G!

Ped. coup. off

f G!

Ped. to G!

Ch. staccato

Sw.

Sw.

Ped. coup. off

1st time, Ob. Sw. 2nd Stop¹ Diap. Ch.*p legato*1st time, Stop² Diap. Ch. 2nd Sw. Diap.

G! small open Diap.

Sw. Ob. 2nd time Stop! Diap. Ch.

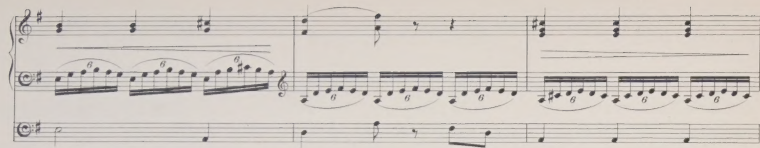
CRESC.

Stop! Diap. Ch. 2nd time Sw. Diap.

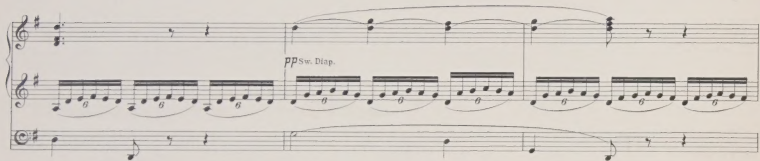
p

Sw. Ob.

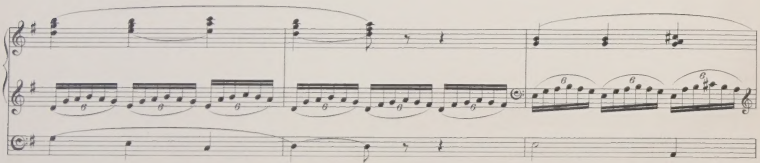
Ch.



The first system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and contains block chords. The middle staff is in bass clef and features a continuous eighth-note accompaniment, with the first measure containing a triplet of eighth notes. The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains a simple melodic line with quarter and eighth notes.



The second system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and contains block chords. The middle staff is in bass clef and features a continuous eighth-note accompaniment, with the first measure containing a triplet of eighth notes. The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains a simple melodic line with quarter and eighth notes. The dynamic marking *pp* Sw. Diap. is written above the middle staff.



The third system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and contains block chords. The middle staff is in bass clef and features a continuous eighth-note accompaniment, with the first measure containing a triplet of eighth notes. The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains a simple melodic line with quarter and eighth notes.

First system of musical notation. The treble clef staff contains a series of chords and rests. The middle staff features a continuous sixteenth-note arpeggiated pattern, with each group of six notes marked with a '6' and a slur. The bass clef staff contains a simple melodic line.

Second system of musical notation. The treble clef staff includes the instruction "G! small open Diap." above the first measure. The middle staff continues the sixteenth-note arpeggiated pattern, with a change in articulation or phrasing indicated by a 'C' symbol. The bass clef staff has the instruction "Ped. to G!" below the first measure.

Third system of musical notation. The treble clef staff features a melodic line with a slur. The middle staff begins with a sixteenth-note arpeggiated pattern, followed by a section marked "p Sw." (piano swell). The bass clef staff includes the instruction "coup. off" (coupé off) below the first measure.

First system of musical notation. The upper staff (treble clef) contains a melodic line with a long note followed by a rest. The lower staff (bass clef) features a continuous eighth-note pattern with a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking. The system concludes with a final chord in the upper staff.

Second system of musical notation. The upper staff continues with a melodic line. The lower staff maintains the eighth-note pattern, with a *cresc.* marking appearing in the middle of the system. The system ends with a final chord in the upper staff.

Third system of musical notation. The upper staff features a series of chords. The lower staff continues the eighth-note pattern, with a *morendo* (diminuendo) marking appearing in the middle of the system. The system concludes with a final chord in the upper staff.

Organ Arrangements

EDITED BY

GEORGE C. MARTIN

Organist of St. Paul's Cathedral.

ARRANGED BY		ARRANGED BY	
1. SLOW MOVEMENT (PIANO/PIANO Quintet).....SCHUMANN	1-6	28. ADAGIO SOSTENUTO (Quartet, Op. 76, No. 1).....HAYDN	1-6
MINUET (TWELVE MINUETS FOR ORCHESTRA).....BEETHOVEN	1-6	29. INTRODUCTION AND FUGUE IN E FLAT.....HESSE	1-6
LARGO (PIANO/PIANO Sonata, Op. 147).....SCHUBERT	1-6	30. ANDANTE IN C MINOR (Quartet).....SPOHR	1-6
2. ANDANTE.....HANDEL	1-6	31. ANDANTE IN A (Quartet in D).....MOZART	1-6
AS PANTS THE HART ("CALVARY").....SPOHR	1-6	32. FUGUE IN C MAJOR.....ALBRECHTSBERGER	1-6
AGNUS DEI (MASS IN G).....SCHUBERT	1-6	33. MINUET (FIRST VIOLONCELLO SUITE).....BACH	1-6
3. OVERTURE ("ACIS AND GALATEA").....HANDEL	1-6	GAVOTTE IN E MINOR.....VERACINI	1-6
ALBUMBLÄTTER (No. 1, Op. 99).....SCHUMANN	1-6	34. ADAGIO IN D.....MOZART	1-6
ADAGIO (Sonata, Op. 2, No. 1).....BEETHOVEN	1-6	35. LA CARITA.....ROSSINI	1-6
4. THE CAT'S FUGUE.....SCARLATTI	1-6	36. TOCCATA IN A MAJOR.....PURCELL	1-6
ALBUMBLÄTTER (No. 5, Op. 99).....SCHUMANN	1-6	37. VOLUNTARY IN D MINOR.....PURCELL	1-6
ROMANZE AND SCHERZO (Fourth Symphony).....SCHUMANN	1-6	38. FINALE FROM "SYMPHONIE PATHÉTIQUE".....TSCHAIKOWSKY	2-6
5. AIR (Overture for Suite) in D.....BACH	1-6	39. GRAND FUNERAL MARCH IN C MINOR.....SCHUBERT	1-6
ALLEGRO (Quartet, Op. 18, No. 2).....BEETHOVEN	1-6	40. AIR, "LORD, TO THEE MY HEART I PROFFER" ("ST. MATTHEW'S PASSION").....BACH	1-6
6. MENUETTO (PIANO/PIANO Sonata, Op. 122).....SCHUBERT	1-6	41. ANDANTE CON MOTO (Symphony in B Flat).....SCHUBERT	1-6
7. EIA MATER ("STABAT MATER").....DVOŘÁK	1-6	42. 1st MOVEMENT ("HYMN OF PRAISE").....MENDELSSOHN	2-6
ROMANCE.....MOZART	1-6	43. PRELUDE IN G (No. 13).....CHOPIN	1-6
8. MINUET AND ALLEGRO.....HANDEL	1-6	44. BASSO OSTINATO (Op. 5, No. 5).....A. ARENSKY	1-6
9. FUNERAL MARCH ("DREAM OF JUBAL").....A. C. MACKENZIE	1-6	45. IMPERIAL MARCH.....E. ELGAR	2-6
CHACONNE IN F MAJOR.....PURCELL	1-6	46. ALLEGRETTO ("HYMN OF PRAISE" (Symphony) MENDELSSOHN	1-6
11. ADAGIO IN B MINOR.....MOZART	1-6	47. INTRODUCTION TO THE "PASSION MUSIC".....HAYDN	1-6
12. ADAGIO (Sextet, Op. 81).....BEETHOVEN	1-6	48. PRELUDE AND FUGUE ON THE NAME OF BACH.....J. S. BACH	1-6
13. IN ELYSIUM ("OPHÉLIE").....GLUCK	1-6	49. MARCH ("ABRAHAM").....MOLIQUE	1-6
14. JUDEX ("MORS ET VITA").....GOUNOD	1-6	50. OVERTURE TO "CALVARY".....SPOHR	1-6
15. GRAND MARCH (Introduction, Act III, "LOHENGGRIN" WAGNER	1-6	51. ADAGIO RELIGIOSO ("HYMN OF PRAISE" Symphony).....MENDELSSOHN	1-6
BRIDAL CHORUS ("LOHENGGRIN").....WAGNER	1-6	52. MEDITATION ("THE LIGHT OF LIFE").....E. ELGAR	1-6
17. CONCERTO GROSSO (No. 3).....CORELLI	1-6	53. MARCHE FUNÉBRE (Op. 40, No. 3).....TSCHAIKOWSKY	1-6
18. PASSECAILLE.....COUPERIN	1-6	54. MARCH IN D MINOR (Op. 13).....AGNES ZIMMERMANN	1-6
19. REPRESENTATION OF CHAOS ("THE CREATION").....HAYDN	1-6	55. PRELUDE IN C MINOR.....S. RACHMANINOW	1-6
20. MODERATO (1st Movement, Sonata, Op. 42).....SCHUBERT	2-6	56. ALLEGRO CON GRAZIA (Op. 13) FROM "SYMPHONIE PATHÉTIQUE".....TSCHAIKOWSKY	2-6
21. ANDANTE CON MOTO (Unfinished Symphony).....SCHUBERT	2-6	57. GAVOTTE.....OLD FRENCH	1-6
22. SLOW MOVEMENT IN A FLAT (3rd Symphony).....SCHUMANN	1-6	58. ADAGIO SOSTENUTO.....CLEMENTI	1-6
23. SOLEMN MARCH ("THE BLACK KNIGHT").....E. ELGAR	1-6	59. AIR WITH VARIATIONS.....HAYDN	1-6
24. ANDANTE CON MOTO (Symphony in C).....SCHUBERT	1-6	60. ANDANTE (Pilgrims' March) FROM THE ITALIAN SYMPHONY (No. 4).....MENDELSSOHN	1-6
25. OVERTURE TO THE "ODE ON ST. CECILIA'S DAY".....HANDEL	1-6		
26. LARGHETTO (Symphony in B Flat).....SCHUMANN	1-6		
27. WÄRUM?.....SCHUMANN	1-6		
LIEBESLIED.....HENSELT	1-6		

Manual 1. Choir.
Manual 2. Great.
Manual 3. Swell.
Pedal.

ANDANTE

FROM SYMPHONY N^o 4.

Arranged by Edmund T. Chipp.

F. Mendelssohn Bartholdy.

Andante con moto.
Diap² & Oboe s f!

MANUAL 3.

MANUAL 1.

PEDAL.

Soft 16 s s f! uncoup^d

Cor. Anglais or Clar. s f!

flute

cello & bass

sempre stacc.

7

15

// without Oboe

Man. 1. Stop^d Diap. s f!

flute & 2nd fl.

* This passage (9 bars) may be played on a 4 f! Flute stop an octave lower.

Obi. Bassoon + Viola

with Oboe

20

sempre stacc.

25

without Oboe

3 strings

flutes

Man. 1.
Stop^g Diap. s f!

sempre stacc.

30

Bassoon

35

strings

MAN 2.
soft s f! uncoup^d

P

* See note on page 2.

Handwritten number 60 above the staff.

First system of a musical score, featuring a grand staff with treble and bass clefs. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some chords and rests.

Handwritten number 65 above the staff, with the text "Plaiuist Horns - Trump" written above it.

Second system of the musical score. It includes a grand staff and a separate staff for the Oboe, marked "MAN. 3." and "Oboe". The Oboe part has a dynamic marking "P". There are trills marked "tr" in the grand staff. A bracket indicates a "couple Sw. to G¹". The system ends with the instruction "without 10 f¹".

Handwritten number 50 above the staff.

Third system of the musical score. It includes a grand staff and a separate staff for the Oboe, marked "MAN. 2." and "Oboe". The Oboe part has a dynamic marking "P". There is a bracket indicating a "Sw. coup⁹". The system ends with the instruction "10. 8. 8 f¹ G¹ to Ped."

55

cresc.
add Horn

Flute, 2nd Bass Trompe

Man. 3, Oboe

f

dim.

p

Horn in

Man. 1.
Stop^d Diap. *

Gt to Ped. in

sempre stacc.

Chorus & Bass

65

(Sw. to Gt In)

add s fl Diap. or Keranophon

without Oboe

* See note on page 2.

70

MAN 2.

Soft 8 fl, uncoupd

Man. 3.

Oboe

75

Oboe

(couple Sw. to G!)

MAN 3.

p

MAN 2.

sempre stacc.

G! to Ped.

80

MAN 3.

p

MAN. 2. *uncoupl^d* *p* *tr* *without Oboe* *Man. 3.* *90*

G! to Ped. in *p*

MAN. 3. *p* *with Oboe* *Man. 1. Cor Anglais.* *95*

sempre stacc. *without Oboe* *with Oboe* *100*

without 5 fl! *100*

THE ORGAN WORKS OF J. S. BACH.

EDITED BY J. F. BRIDGE, MUS. DOC., OXON. AND JAMES HIGGS, MUS. BAC., OXON.

In this, the first complete English Edition of John Sebastian Bach's Organ Works (the Chorale Preludes excepted), the distribution of the parts between the hands is, in all doubtful cases, clearly indicated by the notes that are to be performed by the right hand being printed on the upper of the two manual staves, while the notes that are to be played by the left hand will be found on the lower of the two manual staves. As far as possible care has been taken not needlessly to divide a middle part between the two hands when it can be conveniently performed by one hand continuously. The text has been carefully collated with former Editions, but generally where it differs from Griepenkerl's reading (Peters) it will be found to agree with the more recent Edition of the German Bach Society. Much thought has been given to secure convenient points for turning over, a matter of considerable importance to the performer. (See the "Great" G minor and the "St. Ann's" Fugues.) Suggestions as to the rate of performance and general treatment are given without encumbering the page with too detailed directions, and it is hoped the work in its complete form will be found a boon to the earnest Organ student.

	s.	d.		s.	d.
Book I.—EIGHT SHORT PRELUDES AND FUGUES	2	6	Book VII.—PRELUDES AND FUGUES	3	0
The eight short Preludes and Fugues in the first book are of inestimable value as an introduction to Bach's greater organ works. Occasional marks of phrasing are added. The changes of key and register are simple, and are only made in places where the structure of the composition allows and justifies the treatment. The work is laid out for a three-manual Organ, but the several compositions may generally be performed on an instrument of two manuals.			The seventh book contains several of Bach's most masterly works. The great A minor Prelude and Fugue, the lovely B minor Prelude and Fugue, and the majestic C minor Prelude and Fugue are included together with two that are well known—the "Wedgwood" Fugue in C major and the Prelude and Fugue in G major (Prelude in 3-4 time). This work has perhaps suffered in popularity from the fact of its having hitherto been set out in a somewhat crowded manner, a defect that has been remedied in the present edition.		
Book II.—PRELUDES, FUGUES, AND TRIO	3	0	Book VIII.—PRELUDES AND FUGUES	3	0
The second book is more advanced in point of difficulty than the first, and will be found of conspicuous interest. It includes the well-known "Giant" in D minor, the shorter Prelude and Fugue in E minor (a great favourite with Mendelssohn), and an exceedingly effective Prelude and Fugue in C minor, in addition to other less-known but important works. It is a specially of this edition that a convenient and effective mode of performance is everywhere indicated.			The eighth book contains five of Bach's masterpieces—viz., Prelude and Fugue, C major (four movements); Prelude and Fugue, E minor, sometimes known as the "Wedgwood" Fugue, from the form of the subject. The G major Prelude and Fugue, a brilliant work; Prelude and Fugue, G minor, perhaps the least known of the five works, but a worthy companion of the others, and the great Fantasia and Fugue in G minor, a work of world-wide reputation.		
Book III.—PRELUDES, FUGUES, AND FANTASIA	3	0	Book IX.—TOCCATAS, PRELUDES, AND FUGUES	3	0
The third book contains compositions of greater difficulty, it is therefore more fully fingered and marked for the student. It is believed Organ Students will derive the greatest possible assistance by having their attention directed from the outset to a convenient method of dealing with each difficulty as it arises. The present book includes the Fugue in B minor, on a subject from Corelli, a beautiful Prelude and Fugue in A major (most useful for obtaining command of the higher part of the Pedal-board), a Prelude and Fugue in C major, a Fantasia and Fugue in C minor, and the well-known short G minor Fugue.			The ninth book includes the great Toccata in C major, with the unique intermediate Adagio. The Prelude and Fugue in D minor (the Fugue adapted and arranged for the Organ by Bach from the solo Violon Sonata in G minor). Prelude and Fugue in C major (Prelude in 9-8 time), one of the original "Six Grand Preludes and Fugues," and truly a grand work. The three-section Fantasia in G major; and the gigantic Toccata and Fugue in F major.		
Book IV.—SONATAS FOR TWO MANUALS AND PEDAL	3	0	Book X.—TOCCATA, PRELUDES, AND FUGUES	3	0
The fourth book contains the first three of the six celebrated Sonatas or Trios for two manuals and pedal. Spitta says: "These Sonatas were intended by J. S. Bach to complete the education of his eldest son, Wilhelm Friedemann, as an organist." They are invaluable as studies and very beautiful as music. In the present edition they are for the first time fingered and marked for the Pedals.			The tenth book contains (1) The great Toccata and Fugue in D minor (<i>Devil's</i>); (2) A little known Prelude and Fugue in A minor, which, although not taking rank among Bach's greatest works, is yet of much interest (<i>see Preface</i>); (3) Passacaglia and Fugue in C minor, universally regarded as one of the Master's best works, and eminently fitted to display the resources and grandeur of the Organ; (4) The Fugue in C minor on a theme by Legreny, with its brilliant and Fantasia-like Coda; (5) A detached Prelude in A minor, which only requires to be better known to command wider appreciation than it has hitherto obtained.		
Book V.—SONATAS FOR TWO MANUALS AND PEDAL	3	0	Book XI.—FOUR CONCERTOS	3	0
The fifth book contains the last three of the six Sonatas. These in E minor, C major, and G major. The first of these is of such value to the Student of Organ Playing. The mastery of them assuring him of that thorough independence of hands and feet so indispensable to the fully accomplished organist. As in the former book, proper fingering and pedalling is everywhere indicated. The Preface contains a detailed analysis of each movement.			The eleventh book contains Four Concertos, which are arrangements of works originally written as Violin Concertos by Vivaldi. No. 1 is in G major; No. 2 in A minor; No. 3 in C major; No. 4 in C major. The Preface contains a biographical note of Vivaldi, and a short analysis of the Concertos contained in the Number.		
Book VI.—PRELUDES AND FUGUES	3	0	Book XII.—PRELUDES, FANTASIAS, FUGUES, TRIO, &c.	3	0
The sixth book includes several of Bach's greatest and most popular Organ Works. (1) The Toccata in D minor, with its contrasting effects of recitative-like passages and massive harmonies. (2) The well-known Prelude and Fugue in D major, which Spitta describes as "one of the most dazzlingly beautiful of all the master's Organ Works." Skilful pedal-players will find it exactly suited to them, for the theme is quite exceptionally fitted for pedal technique. (3) The Prelude and Fugue in F minor, less known perhaps than the other contents of the book, but scarcely less beautiful, or less worthy of the student's attention. (4) The great Prelude in E flat major, together with the Fugue in three sections, known as the St. Ann's. The whole are laid out with special regard to the convenience of the player.			This concluding book contains some of the less known of Bach's Organ Works, but in general attractiveness may compare not unfavourably with either of the previous books, its interest being of a very different character. It includes more than a dozen pieces—viz., a brilliant Fugue in G major, 12-8, of great interest and effect; Fantasia and Fugue in A minor, a very attractive work; Fantasia with imitation, B minor, sometimes included among the clavier works, but essentially organ music; Fantasia in G major, an interesting and important work. There are also several smaller compositions (some for manual alone), as Fugues in D, G, C, and C minor, two Preludes and a Fantasia in C, a Trio, Aria, and the Pastorale in F, with other pieces associated with it after the manner of a Suite.		

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